THE WEATHER.

Showers Sunday or Monday; no decided change in temperature; light to moderate south winds.

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NO NOMINATION IN SIXTH DISTRICT

All County Conventions Held and Godwin Lacks Few of Majority.

RECAPITULATION OF THE VOTE

All Returns In and Harnett Man is Shy Seven and Fraction With Several Contests to be Threshed Out.

With semi-official returns from the seven counties composing the Sixth Congressional district, all of which have now held their conventions and tested the relative strength of the several candidates for the nomination at Wrightsville Beach July 21st, it appears that Congressman Hannibal L. Godwin lacks seven and a fraction votes of having a sufficient number to ensure his re-nomination on the first ballot, with several contests to be threshed out on the floor of the convention, that may or may not reduce his present lead in the fight.

All the counties save Brunswick held their conventions yesterday, that of Brunswick having been held last Wednesday. From information secured last night by telegraph from all the counties and from as many sources as possible, it would appear that Congressman Godwin will go into the convention at Wrightsville Beach with a strength as follows:

	Godwin	Out of
Robeson	45.85	60
Harnett	28.60	31
Columbus	25.80	41
Bladen	6.40	24
Brunswick	12	13
New Hanover	——	42
Cumberland	——	40
Total	118.65	251

Necessary to choice, 126.

From the above tabulation, it will be seen that Mr. Godwin lacks only seven and a fraction of the required number to nominate, though the other candidates in the field do not concede their opponent even the strength given above. A greater portion of Harnett's vote is claimed by the anti-Godwin forces who will bring their fight to the convention at Wrightsville Beach, while so large a vote in Columbus and Bladen is not conceded to Mr. Godwin. The gathering at Wrightsville Beach promises to be quite as stormy as the several conventions held in the various counties composing the district yesterday. In the event Mr. Godwin does not capture the nomination, all eyes are now turning to Herbert McClammy, Esq., of New Hanover, as the logical candidate. It is well known that Mr. McClammy has not been near so aggressive in his campaign against the leader as the other candidates and it is stated quite confidently that much of the Godwin strength would be for McClammy as second choice. This is said to be especially true of Robeson, in the event Maj. McKinnon does not develop strength from the Godwin forces. Mr. McClammy goes into convention with his county solidly behind him and possesses all of the qualifications that the most enthusiastic admirers of the other candidates may claim for their "favorite sons."

New Hanover Convention.

The New Hanover County Convention was held yesterday noon in the Court House and will go down on record as one of the most harmonious ever held here. A large majority of the 80-odd delegates were present and these were solid for the home candidate. Little interest was taken in the other State and judicial officers. The meeting was called to order by Chairman John J. Furlong and upon motion of Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., seconded by Mr. J. R. Kennedy, Marsden Bellamy, Esq., was unanimously elected permanent chairman while representatives of the press were requested to act as secretaries. The chairman briefly explained the object of the meeting as that of appointing delegates to the State, Congressional, Senatorial and Judicial conventions. It was a high compliment to the chairman and a reflection of the practical unanimity of the convention when without a dissenting vote, the chairman was directed to appoint the delegates to the several conventions as in his sense of fairness and justice he might deem proper.

There was no effort to test the strength of any of the candidates, as the Congressional race had been unanimously decided at the primaries a week ago, and the delegates to the other conventions will be announced by the chairman in due time. Estimates of the strength of the various candidates range all the way from 12 to two to nine to five in favor of Allen for Associate Justice. Williams, it is stated, will likely be given about half the strength of the county with a division of the remainder to Messrs. Grady and Shaw, the other candidates for Solicitor. For State Senator, Geo. H. Bellamy, Esq., has already been endorsed in the New Hanover primary. There is no expression as to Corporation Commission, the only other office for which there was a contest. Returns from other counties are as follows:

Protests in Harnett.

Dunn, N. C., July 2.—The convention at Lillington today gave Godwin

(Continued on Page Eight.)

RAILROAD STRIKE FINALLY AVERTED

Employes Granted Increased Wages and Better Hours in Southwest.

MEDITATORS SETTLE DISPUTE

Settlement Came After Strike Vote Had Been Taken—Controversy Between Conductors, Trainmen and Roads.

Washington, July 2.—Official announcement was made by the mediators tonight that an amicable adjustment of the controversy between the railroads in the Southeastern territory and their conductors and trainmen had been reached. The agreement signed provides for a substantial increase in the wages of the employes and improved conditions and hours of labor. The adjustment also will avert a threatened strike of 10,000 men, which would have involved approximately 40,000 others. The settlement reached is regarded as a distinctive victory for the employes, although concessions were made by botn sides.

While no statement was made concerning the terms of settlement of the controversy, it is known that the men have been granted an increase of wages ranging from 10 per cent. to 40 per cent. It is impossible, in the present condition of the arrangement effected, definitely to state what increases are given by the agreement to the several classes of labor. This seeming confusion results from the fact that the several railway lines employ different methods of computing their wage scale. Some of the men receive a per diem wage, others receive pay in accordance with the number of miles they cover each day and yet others are paid according to the distance they travel and the speed made by their trains.

Regarding the question of the wages, the mediators felt that they could say no more than that the increases in all capacities of employment were, by the terms of the adjustment very considerable.

The conditions of railway labor throughout the Southeastern territory were among the mooted questions adjusted by the mediators. In every instance and on every line of the 13 roads involved the labor conditions of the men, by the terms of the agreement, will be materially improved.

When the controversy was submitted to the mediators, Chairman Martin A. Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and Dr. Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of Labor, 16 days ago, 13 separate demands were made upon the railways by their employes. Of these 13 demands the representatives of the employes have scored a victory on practically all. Until within a day or two, scarcely any likelihood existed of a satisfactory settlement of the controversy by the mediators. Twelve days were spent in almost fruitless endeavor to get the representatives of the two parties to the controversy together on a reasonable basis of settlement. Arbitration, under the Erdman Act, was proposed but that proposition finally was abandoned. During the pendency of the mediation proceedings, a strike vote was ordered by the men unless the railroads acceded to their demands.

Even when that fact became known the mediators did not abandon of eventually being able to adjust the differences.

Finally, the presidents of five of the great railway systems in the South were called into conference with the mediators in an effort to settle the trouble without a strike. The members of the General Managers' Committee, and the representatives of the labor organization committees, had wearied of the protracted struggle to reach an agreement and both sides were almost upon the point of abandoning any further effort amicably to adjust the differences which existed. The alternative was a strike involving directly 10,000 conductors and trainmen and indirectly approximately 40,000 other employes of the railways. Such a strike, it was realized, would be a calamity to the South and would affect seriously all parts of the United States. It was appreciated by the financial heads of several of the railway systems that a strike of that magnitude at this time might spell bankruptcy for several of the lines. They said frankly to the mediators and to the representatives of their employes that they were not in such financial conditions as would warrant a heavy increase in wages. Of all the railways in the United States, except those on the Pacific coast, they pointed out, the roads in the Southeastern territory were the only lines which recently had not increased their freight rates. In view of that fact, they felt that some consideration ought to be given them in regard to the matter of increasing wages.

The representatives of the employes insisted, however, that the wages of railway men in the Southeastern territory should be standardized and that in amount they should approximate the wages paid for similar employment in the Western territory. In its final analysis, the agreement reached today, after a series of conferences between the mediators and representatives of both sides of the controversy, continuing from 1 o'clock this morn-

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Asher Hinds is Groomed For Speaker of Congress

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Portland, Me., July 2.—Now that Asher C. Hinds, parliamentarian of Congress, has been nominated to Congress from the First Maine district the anti-Cannon members of Congress promise to make good their threat to put Hinds up for Speaker. The First Maine district is largely Republican, and the nomination of Hinds is considered equal to election. Col. Frederick Hale, son of United States Senator Hale, who opposed Hinds' nomination, is said to have threatened to continue the fight, which may make the election a close one.

BURMAN WON EXCITING RACE

Took Victory From Dawson in 100-Race at Indianapolis by Five Seconds—Thirteen Contestants—The Finishes.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 2.—Hood to hood, Burman with a Marquette-Buick car and Dawson with a Marmon, fought for the victory in the 100-mile race at the motor speedway today and Burman won by only five seconds. The event was for cars of 301 to 450 cubic inches piston displacement and Burman set a new record in the class 1:20:35.6, beating the old record by three minutes. Harroun, (Marmon), was third.

Louis Chevrolet with Buick and Marquette-Buick cars won three contests and set a new record in each. All the finishes were close.

Thirteen cars got away in the 100 mile race. Kincaide, (National), took the land and had it for 20 mues, and right after him in a bunch were Burman, Chevrolet, Dawson and Harroun in Marmons and Aiken in a National. The leaders stayed well together mile after mile, driving at the limit of their motors and always ahead of the records. When they approached the fifty miles and began to scatter, Burman jumped ahead. From then on he and Dawson see-sawed in first position, with the others struggling for second and third.

Louis Chevrolet had trouble with his engine and pulled out. Arthur Chevrolet had to stop to change tires. Aiken and Kincaide both paused for repairs and Harroun could not do better than to pound along a mile behind Burman and Dawson.

Wilcox (National) had a close call for his life on the North turn of the track. A front wheel snapped off at the axle and the car slid a hundred feet to the ditch, where it stopped without turning over and with Wilcox still in the seat. It was either Burman's or Dawson's race in the last 20 miles. Dawson took the lead but lost it when he stopped for a quick tire change. Then it was a hard grind to the finish with Burman a few car lengths ahead.

Louis Chevrolet's first triumph was in the ten mile race for cars of 161 to 230 inches displacement. In winning he cut the record down from 9:03.6 to 8:55.4. In the next heavier class 231 to 300 inches displacement at five miles, he again won, this time with a Marquette-Buick in 4:8.37 which was six seconds faster than the old mark.

Entering the following race, ten miles, for cars of 301 to 450 inches displacement, and driving a Marquette-Buick, he won his third victory and set a new record at 7:04.86, two seconds better than had been done before. Aiken (National), gave Chevrolet a fierce struggle in this event and finished not ten feet behind him.

Richmond, Ind., July 2.—At a meeting of directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, of Indiana, held in this city late today, the following officers were elected: Frank M. Whitaker, Richmond, Va., president; Henry C. Starr, Richmond, Ind., vice President; James Stewart MacKie, New York, secretary. The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad of Indiana, is the newly incorporated concern which takes over the Chicago, Cincinnati and Louisville road recently purchased by the Chesapeake and Ohio at receiver's sale.

INSURGENTS WITH ROOSEVELT

Three From Kansas Discussed the Last Session of Congress at Sagamore Hill—Colonel Talks Plain—Subjects.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 2.—Three Kansas—all Republican Insurgents of the deepest dye—talked with Theodore Roosevelt for three hours at Sagamore Hill today and went away satisfied. When they had gone Col. Roosevelt called them "fine fellows" and said they discussed the "work of the recent session of Congress." All agreed that the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy was not broached.

The visitors were Senator Joseph L. Bristow and Representatives Victor Murdock and E. H. Madison, all of whom fought hard for Roosevelt policies when he was in the White House. That he appreciated their services he made known with emphasis today; the Insurgents were more emphatic in their praise of Theodore Roosevelt.

When the 4 o'clock train had pulled out of Oyster Bay and the correspondents trailed up the hill, Colonel Roosevelt was pacing the veranda garbed in a crash riding suit and riding boots. He plunged into an explanation of the conference at once.

"Those three Kansans", he began, "are among my most loyal supporters and were during the seven years I was in the White House."

"Can you tell us what was discussed?" was ventured.

"These fine fellows and I have been discussing the recent session of Congress," said Col. Roosevelt, "But I wish to say right here," he said, with a snap of his jaws, "we have not been discussing the Ballinger-Pinchot trouble.

"My friend Madison is one of the judges in that case and I would not have it appear that I exerted any influence in the matter.

"I owe an especial debt of gratitude to Representatives Madison and Murdock for the stand they took at the time when Representative Tawney offered a resolution providing that none

(Continued on Page Six.)

OUTLINES.

Mediators have settled the controversy in the Southeastern territory, averting a strike of possibly 50,000 men on 13 railroads——Crowds are still flocking to the ring-side at Reno and awaiting the big battle between Jeffries and Johnson tomorrow. Both fighters are well supported——Three Congressmen from Kansas, among the leading insurgents in the House spent yesterday at Sagamore Hill in conference with Colonel Roosevelt——Burman won the 100-mile race in an exciting finish on the Indianapolis speedway yesterday——Resolutions calling upon Taft to remove from his cabinet those who have attempted to read the insurgents out of the party, were passed by Iowa Republicans yesterday——Mr. Offie G. Lowder, a well known cotton merchant at Charlotte, accidentally shot and kill himself yesterday afternoon——Advices received at New Orleans from Nicaragua state that General Mututy has been executed following a trial by court-martial——Members of the A. P. Hill Camp of Confederate Veterans, 80 strong marched through the streets of Springfield, Mass., yesterday.

WATTERSON SHOOTS A MAN

Eldest Son of Colonel Henry Watterson Wounded Saloon-Keeper—Declares to be Victim of Religious Mania.

Kingston, N. Y., July 2.—Ewing Watterson, the son of Colonel Henry Watterson, the well known Louisville, Ky., editor, was arraigned today at Saugerties on a charge of assault first degree. It is charged that Watterson, who is forty years old, shot and wounded Michael Martin, a saloon keeper at Saugerties yesterday. An application for bail was refused by Police Justice Rowe and the prisoner was committed to the Kingston jail for further examination next Thursday.

The assistant district attorney opposed the application for bail because he said it was too early to determine whether complications might render Martin's condition serious. He declared that Watterson had struggled desperately with the officer who captured him and that two loaded revolvers were found upon him after his arrest. Public safety, he said, demanded that such a man should be kept under restraint.

Watterson's counsel asked a release on bail, he said:

New York, July 2.—Conflicting reports as to the identity of the man who yesterday at Saugerties, N. Y., while apparently demented shot and slightly wounded Michael Martin, a saloon proprietor, was declared up today when it was learned Martin's assailant was Ewing Watterson, eldest son of Colonel Henry Watterson, of Louisville, Ky., Watterson is under arrest at Saugerties.

Colonel Watterson, who is in this city, was appraised of his son's outbreak and plans to go to Saugerties late today or tomorrow to look after the young man's interests. From him the circumstances of the case were learned.

Ewing Watterson, his father says, has for some years been the victim of a form of religious mania which has failed completely to yield to any treatment. In an effort to better his son's condition, Colonel Watterson placed him for some time on a ranch in the West and when this environment failed to result in improvement in his condition, bought him a farm in the Hudson river hills near Saugerties where it was hoped the air and quiet surroundings would benefit him.

This hope seemed to have been dissipated by yesterday's happenings, when Ewing Watterson, according to the reports from Saugerties entered Martin's place of business and created a disturbance. After some words with the proprietor, Watterson opened fire with his revolver, shooting Martin three times. None of the three bullets inflicted a serious injury. Watterson was locked up and word was sent to his father in this city.

From what could be learned of Colonel Watterson's plans it is expected that application will be made to have Ewing Watterson placed in a sanitarium or asylum. His mania had never before manifested itself in a violent form.

Another son of Colonel Watterson, Harvey W. Watterson, was killed in this city in November, 1908, by falling from the ninth floor of a Wall Street office building.

ANOTHER CHARLOTTE TRAGEDY.

O. G. Lowder, Cotton Merchant, Accidentally Shoots Himself.

Charlotte, N. C., July 2.—Mr. Offie G. Lowder, a well known cotton merchant, accidentally shot and killed himself at 1:50 o'clock this afternoon at his home, 804 North Tyron street. His body was found at 2:15 o'clock in an outhouse to the rear of his residence with a wound in the left chest, the entire contents of a double barrel breech loading Winchester having entered his heart. The only persons at the home when the distressing accident occurred were Mrs. Lowder and Miss Ora C. Williams, who boards there. She was standing on the back porch a few minutes before 2 o'clock when she heard the report of a shot gun and a heavy thud. She did not think anything of the sound, however, knowing that Mr. Lowder often killed pigeons in the little outhouse. Mrs. Lowder and Miss Williams ate their dinner, laughing and talking during the meal, and just as they finished the telephone rang and some one asked to speak to Mr. Lowder. Mrs. Lowder called her husband but there was no response. She went to find him and it was then that it was discovered that he had shot himself. He was cold in death. Mr. Lowder has been living in Charlotte several years, coming here from Wingate. Besides the widow, one child survives.

WADESBORO WINS AGAIN.

Defeated Laurinburg One to Nothing Game Was Fine.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Laurinburg, N. C., July 2.—Wadesboro defeated Laurinburg again today by a score of 1 to 0. The game was fine in every particular, good work in both field and batteries. Taylor for the visitors and Stafford for the locals were in fine shape. Score:

Wadesboro .. .. ..010 000 000—1 3 0
Laurinburg .. ....000 000 000—0 5 2

Batteries—Taylor and Moore; Stafford and Seifert; umpires, Drum and Brown.

If you must wear glasses why not wear good ones? Glasses that will preserve the sight and are comfortable—that's our kind. Eyes examined free. Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple. Glasses fitted to your eyes for $1.00 and up. **

RING-SIDE CROWDS MAKE RENO LIVELY

Thousands Assemble For "Fight of the Century" Tomorrow.

BOTH FIGHTERS SUPPORTED

Increasing Interest in the Outcome—Scenes at the Two Camps Yesterday—Betting Will be Spirited—Features.

Reno, Nev., July 2.—Reno is just waiting now. Tomorrow and Monday morning and then the moment when Announcer Billy Jordan will climb out of the ring with all the speed that his fat legs can carry him crying "Let'er go."

Another languid sunset in these brown hills and the great Jeffries-Johnson battle will be on.

In the meantime the desert city rapidly is taking on the appearance of a National convention. The delegates from the world's sporting centres are arriving on every train. The streets and hotels are filled with a shifting mob of gentlemen, thieves, gamblers and pugilists. The hum of conversation on the street is punctuated with the click of the roulette wheels and with the cry of souvenir hawkers. And all are awaiting the event that nothing but earthquake, fire or death can now prevent. The camps of the fighters are quiet, with the peace of suspense. The arena is waiting out in the white dust, an ugly skeleton that in a few hours will be palpitating with life and thrills that the red Gods send down men's spines in moment of physical strife. Probably not another stick will have to be touched. The purse is up—all of it—the sum of $101,000 which the fight lovers will pay Jim Jeffries and Jack Johnson to make sure their sinews, their brains, and their fighting hearts. The only movement from the rival camps today was in the way of pleasure and thought killing. Both Jeffries and Johnson made automobile trips into town, Johnson just for fun and to have the crowd stare at him and Jeffries because he had to, in order to get to the fishing grounds that he decided to visit late in the afternoon.

The critical time of waiting is being watched closely by fight experts. Jeffries has surprised them all by his apparent unconcern on the eve of the greatest moment in his life. Nothing else was expected from the black man.

Nothing has arisen to add or detract from the arguments pro and con that have been agitating the sports of the country for a year.

In the Jeffries camp, the hangers-on and trainers are willing to bet their last dollar that the man whom no man ever has brought to his knees by a blow will make Johnson look like the outside of a storm sellar after a hurricane. They can see nothing but the huge flaying arms of Jeffries mowing down his opponent. They predict less than seven rounds after the first blow is struck.

On the other hand, there is plain joy in the hearts of the men who follow Johnson. They see the negro astride the world. They depend on youth and science—especially that right uppercut. The dead level of opinion among the fight experts is that the fight will be a long one and a hard one—in other words, the greatest ring battle of these times.

Among the crowds that thronged the barrooms and gambling houses are the faces of men known around the world, the world of the pink sheet at least—and there are also faces of men known well to the police of all great cities. The State police are doing what they can to keep the grafters and the thieves away—even to the extent of searching trains at the border—but there is many a loop-hole and the light fingered gentry are here in force.

Though hampered by a lack of experienced detectives familiar with the faces and operating methods of the crooks and criminals always drawn to the scene of a big fight, the officials in charge of the policing of Reno say tonight that they have the situation well in hand.

To guard the Pullman sleeping cars in the railroad yards in which a large number of fight fans and tourists, who failed to find accommodations in the city are sleeping, the Southern Pacific Railway has brought a large force of special men. Each train entering the city, either from East or West, carries one or more railroad detectives whose business it is to guard passengers against pickpockets and keep the roofs and trucks of the cars clear of tramps and boys stealing rides to the big fight.

According to their announced after-the-fight plans, both fighters will shake the dust of Nevada off their feet on the day following the battle. It makes no difference, they declare, what the outcome of the battle is. Jeffries will hasten back to his home in Southern California and Johnson will go direct to New York.

Jeffries Very Contented.

Jeffries Training Camp, Moana Springs, Nev., July 2.—Fishing and card playing occupied Jim Jeffries' mind today. From early in the morning until midafternoon he sat under the trees beside his cottage playing hearts and rejoicing in the misfortune

(Continued on Page Eight.)

NORTH CAROLINA COUNTIES VOTE

Conventions Held Throughout the State Yesterday For Nominations.

ALLEN AND MANNING RACE

Both Sides Claiming Victory—Will Require Charlotte Convention to Decide—Results in Several of the Districts—For Judge.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 2.—Both managers of Associate Justice James S. Manning, of Durham, and Judge W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro, claim the elections of their candidates for Associate Justice, but both those and the nomination of corporation commissioner between Judge A. W. Graham, of Granville, and W. T. Lee, of Haywood, will have to be decided in the State convention.

For Congress, of the new men who are candidates, only J. M. Gudger, Jr., of the tenth district is in the lead. Godwin, in the sixth and Thomas in the third, are leading. In the sixth judicial district, Frank A. Daniels, of Wayne, defeats J. C. Clifford, of Harnett, for Judge.

Duplin Convention.

Warsaw, N. C., July 2.—The county convention today endorsed Allen for Associate Justice and instructed the vote solid for him. Dr. Faison gets the solid delegation for Congress, Williams solid for Solicitor. R. D. Johnson was nominated for Senator from the tenth district. There was no contest ent the convention was enthusiastic and harmonious throughout.

The Third District.

Goldsboro, N. C., July 2.—Telegraphic returns from the various counties in the Third Congressional District indicate the following vote for Hon. Geo. E. Hood, of this city, on the first ballot in the Congressional Convention that convenes in Goldsboro Tuesday, July 5th: Carteret 23, Pamlico 6, Jones 5, Craven 9, Sampson 15, Wayne 34. Pender is not instructed but he will likely get five from that county, making a total of 97 votes. If Mr. Hood gets Robinson's 11 votes from Wayne, which are not antagonistic, he will lack only five votes of being nominated on the first ballot, 113 being necessary to a choice.

W. D. CREECH.

The Wake Convention.

Raleigh, N. C., July 2.—The Wake Democratic convention this afternoon adopted a platform that includes a pledge to put the county officers on salaries and pledges them to only one re-election (two terms of office), the platform declaring "the principle of rotation in office as espoused by Thomas Jefferson is good for the party, the public service and the people."

Just how far this is to be pressed in State politics two years hence by factors in the insurgent faction of the party in Wake that made the primary campaign so memorably strenuous and bitter, is the question being generally discussed here. The platform declares as to State affairs, "Lofty standard of Democratic administration is being maintained, State in good hands, the government economically administered."

Ex-Judge R. W. Winston was chosen permanent president of the convention and in taking the chair addressed the convention as the "unterrified united Democracy of the Grand Old metropolitan county of Wake," and took consolation from Wake's two Democratic factions by declaring no bird can fly without two wings; declaring no Democrat ever bolts his party. He predicted 3,000 majority in November and that two years hence Judson Harmon, or Mayor Gaynor, will lead the Democratic hosts to National victory.

Delegates to State, Judicial and Congressional conventions were named with instructions to distribute the votes in conventions according to the support given the candidates in the primaries. George E. Hunter was elected chairman of the county executive committee.

Wayne Convention.

Goldsboro, N. C., July 2.—The Democratic County Convention convened in this city at noon today. The roll call showed all precincts duly represented. It instructed for Allen, Walker and Clark, and for Hon. F. A. Daniels for Judge. The county is divided between Hood and Robinson for Congress. No instructions as to Corporation Commissioner were given.

Beaufort and Washington.

Washington, N. C., July 2.—The Beaufort County Democratic convention met in the county court house at noon today for election of State officers and was well attended. Out of Beaufort county's 13 votes Manning will receive 7 3-4, and Allen 5 1-4 for Supreme Court Justice. For Corporation Commissioner, Graham 6 1-2, Lee 8 1-2, Pearson 0, Brown 11. For Solicitor first judicial district, Simmons 4,485, Daniels 3,115.

The Washington county convention held at Plymouth today gives Allen 3 2-3, Manning 1-3 for Superior Court Justice. For Solicitor, Daniel 7 3-8, Eringhaus 2, McMullan 1 3-8, Simmons 0, and for Corporation Commissioner the county went solid for Lee.

This week all ladies' suits at cost at A. D. Brown's. **

James J. Jeffries Now in His Fighting Trim

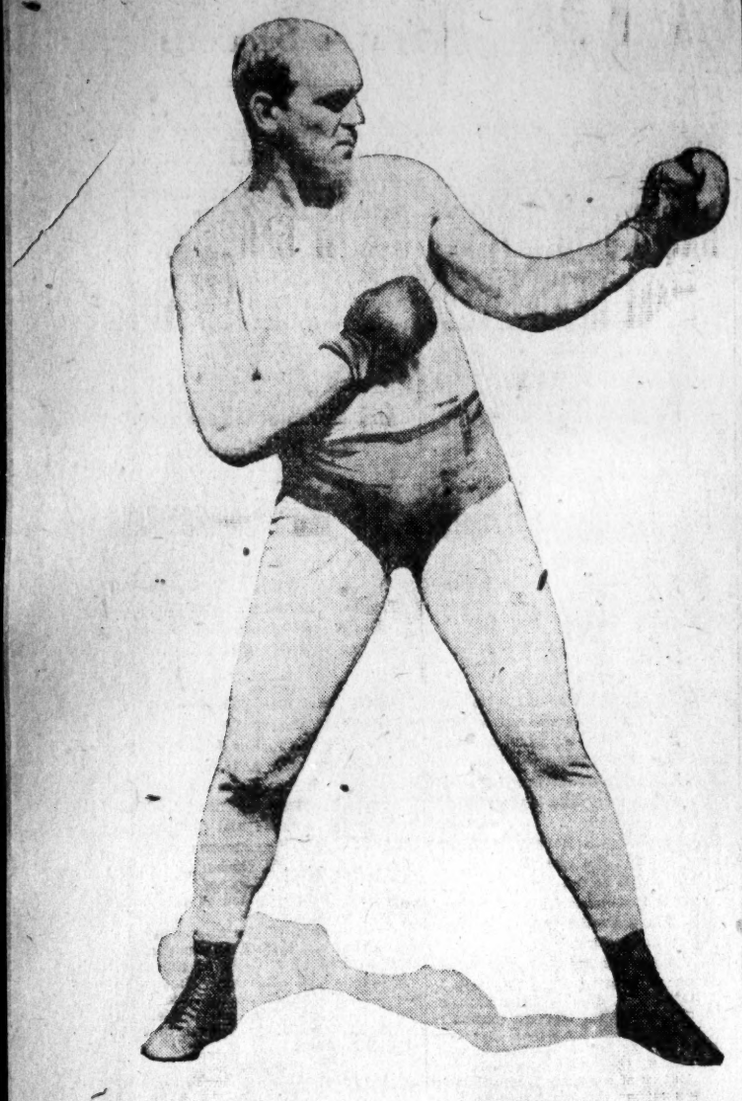


Photo by American Press Association.

"Week Ends"

One more.

Salted down!

Walsh hit the first visitor up.

"For this relief, much thanks!"

Dubbsy got every assist in the 8th inning.

Sailor hits sounded like hail stones on a tin roof.

The domestics put up an errorless article. My! That tickles!

The game was utterly unlike the roly-poly performance of Thursday.

The wild cat stands in the pines were crowded with dusky humanity.

Fayetteville lifted another game from Rocky Mount by a close score.

Walsh and Stoehr both pulled themselves out of bad holes in the primary frame.

Carroll looked after things around third in an excellent manner. He also got a hit.

Stoehr fanned five to Walsh's two; while the former walked two to the latter's two.

Mills Job-ed for a quad of balls in the 4th without a single strike being veneered in.

Handibold was the Bingler Boy for Goldsboro, ringing up a single and one for two moves.

Not a single Giant stole on Bertram, while Kluttz ran all around the bases on the Giants.

Tidy Ty yanked in Sharpe's near-Texas Leaguer in the 5th nush with his solar plexus.

Carroll made a neat spear and threw in to stifle a runner at the pan in the opening session.

Bertram Kite, in receiver's harness, played a game that lingered long on the organ of speech.

Doak, after two strikes had been called on fouls, patienced for four of a kind in the wide line.

Dumpy .Dubbs corralled another drive that located a right of way betwixt Walsh's nether members.

Dumpy Dubbs played the game of his life at and around shorefield. He was here, there and everywhere.

Clancy starred with a classic stab of Dubbs' bewhiskered offering, throwing home to choke Kluttz at the marble.

The Jeffries-Johnson fight, in detail by rounds, will be given on the steel pier at the Seashore Hotel, commencing at 4 o'clock, Monday.

Tidy Ty pulled off a tasty drawing in of McDonald's long soaring drive to leftfield fence after making time backwards, in the last try.

After Walsh's ranging appeared to be getting a little off in the 9th, Brooks went in after two were down, and the last visitor flied out.

Kluttz was the Terrible Tapster chalking up two singles and a double. Tydeman slouched along with two singles, and a neat sacrifice fly.

McDonald, for all of his excess baggage, is sure, beyond the peradventure of a doubt, some pioneer of the paths. He runs like a belated pilgrim to the shrine of Local Option at 8:59 P. M.

In just another way of delving for the propitious opportunity, or taking time by the forelock, Tidy Ty grabbed the psychological moment by the marcelle wave and nudged out that sacrifice fly when a run counted.

Gates should be credited with the prettiest catch on the local lot this season. After a magnificent backward cruise he succeeded in making a leaning nude hand pull in of Doak's high fly along the third base foul line.

On to Fayetteville! There will be a morning and afternoon game on the Fourth, and numbers of the fans will go up to take in the two. Those that stay in the city should be on hand at the Matinee promptly at 10 A. M.; admission 15c. The after-dinner Matinee will commence at 3 o'clock, and will include the Reno Fight by rounds after the conclusion of the ball game; admission only 25 cents.

EAST WILMINGTON VS. DELGADO.

Former Won In Interesting Game of Baseball Yesterday.

East Wilmington baseball team and the Delgado team contested for honors on the grounds of the former yesterday afternoon. Wilmington won by the score of 19 to 8. The features of the game were the playing of the three Pearsall boys and Buck of the East Wilmington team. Buck, out of five times at bat, got three singles, one double and one three-bagger. Batteries for East Wilmington, Pearsall, Pearsall and Buck.

PETERSBURG TO JOIN LEAGUE

Portsmouth Franchise Will be Transferred—Virginia League.

Norfolk, Va., July 2.—The meeting of the Virginia Baseball League which was scheduled to be held in Norfolk tonight to consider the future of the Portsmouth franchise, has been postponed until Sunday afternoon at Ocean View. It was stated today that the Portsmouth franchise would then in all probability be transferred to Petersburg. The old Richmond owners have refused to turn the Portsmouth park over to the league and this, it looks will result in the transfer to Petersburg.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS

RACING — BASEBALL — BOXING

SAILORS WIN BY CLOSE SCORE

Two To One Score in Nerve Racking Exhibition Yesterday—Walsh on Slab for Locals—Brooks Sent in at Last Moment.

Results Yesterday.

Wilmington 2; Goldsboro 1.
Raleigh 1; Wilson 1. (12 innings)
Rocky Mount 1; Fayetteville 2. (10 innings.)

Where They Play Tomorrow.

Rocky Mount at Raleigh.
Wilmington at Fayetteville.
Wilson at Goldsboro.

In a nerve racking exhibition, Wilmington won the third and last of the series on the home grounds with Goldsboro yesterday afternoon by the close score of two to one. Walsh was on the ridge for the locals and won the hearts of the fans, letting the visitors down with only five hits while seven were garnered at various stages of the game off Stoehr.

Walsh started bad by hitting Brown with a pitched ball, following which Handiboe hit down third base line for two bags, advancing Brown to third, but Sharry was out second to first and on McDonald's hit to third, Brown was out at the plate, although Handiboe got the tertiary cushion, Daily going out short to first. Kluttz started for Wilmington with a bingle through short and stole second but Dubbs fanned; Tydeman hit to left and went to second on throw to third where Kluttz was safe; Mills then fanned in his over anxiety and Gates on third robbed Doak of a hit by a pretty one-handed stab.

In the second Gates flew to short, Sharp out on fly to Mills, Clancy ethered. Carroll started Wilmington's with a single down third base line and was sacrificed by Burke but Kite whiffed and Walsh was out short to first.

Third—Stoehr led off for Goldsboro with a double to left field and was advanced to third on Brown's bunt; Handiboe then singled over second and Stoehr registered; Sharry was up and Handiboe was caught pilfering second; Sharry was out short to first. With the run against them, the Sailors went out on fly of Kluttz to left, Dubbs to first and Ty third to first.

In the fourth McDonald flew to right, Daily was out pitcher to first; Gates went out to first. Wilmington tied the score when Mills drew a constitutional and was sacrificed by Doak, stealing second while Carroll was flying to first; Burke then hit a screamer to left field fence for two sacks and Mills domiciled. Kite was out short to first.

In the fifth Wilmington added another after Sharp flew to Tidy Ty, Clancy to short and Brown was out pitcher to first, after Stoehr walked. The run came when after Walsh fanned, Kluttz hit a scorcher to left for two cushions and was safe on third on error of pitcher in handling Dubbs' bunt; Tydeman made a long sacrifice fly to left scoring Kluttz and advancing Dubbs to second but Mills ethered.

In the sixth Handiboe flew to centre, Sharry swung at three wide ones; McDonald and Daily bunched singles to right and through second, McDonald going to third on passed ball, but Gates retired the side pitcher to first. Doak ambled for Wilmington and was sacrificed by Carroll but Burke fanned and Kite was out short to first.

In the seventh Sharp skied to left, Clancy aviated to second and Stoehr to right. For Wilmington Walsh fouled to third, Kluttz singled by third, stole second and went to third when the second baseman lost the ball; Dubbs was safe at first but Kluttz was caught at the plate; Tydeman singled to left but Dubbs was forced at third.

It was one, two, three in the eighth when Brown, Sharry and Handiboe were out short to first. For Wilmington Mills flew to right, Doak to third and Carroll was out third to first.

In the ninth McDonald flew to Tydeman against left field fence, Daily was out short to first, Gates walked; Brooks was run in to pitch and Sharp flew to left.

The Tabulated Score.

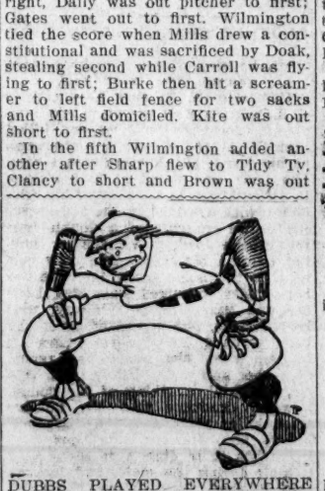
Goldsboro.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Brown, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Handiboe, lf	4	0	2	2	1	0
Sharry, 2b	4	0	0	1	6	0
McDonald, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Daily, c	4	0	1	7	2	1
Gates, 3b	3	0	0	4	3	0
Sharp, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0
Clancy, ss	3	0	0	0	4	0
Stoehr, p	2	1	1	0	1	1
Totals	30	1	5	24	11	2
Wilmington.	**AB**	**R**	**H**	**PO**	**A**	**E**
Kluttz, cf	4	1	3	1	0	0
Dubbs, ss	4	0	0	2	6	0
Tydeman, lf	3	0	2	4	0	0
Mills, 1b	2	1	0	13	2	0
Doak, rf	2	0	0	2	0	0
Carroll, 3b	3	0	1	0	1	0
Burke, 2b	2	0	1	2	1	0
Kite, c	3	0	0	3	1	0
Walsh, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Brooks, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	26	2	7	27	14	0

Score By Innings.

Goldsboro	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Wilmington	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	x	2

Summary—Two base hits, Handiboe, Stoehr, Burke and Kluttz; left on bases Goldsboro 6, Wilmington 7; bases on balls, Stoehr 2, Walsh 2; struck out by Stoehr 5, Walsh 2; wild pitch, Walsh; passed ball, Kite; hit by pitched ball, Brown; umpire, Barre; time 1:40; attendance 1,157.

TIDY TY. GATHERED THEM ALL IN IN LEFTFIELD.



DUBBS PLAYED EVERYWHERE .. NEAR THE SHORTFIELD.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, July 2.—Philadelphia again defeated New York in both games of a double-header today the scores being 8 to 3 and 8 to 1. Pitcher Hughes, of New York, was put out of the first game for coaching from the bench. The features were the hitting of Baker and Murphy.

New York .. .. ..100 100 010—3 6 3
Philadelphia .. ..300 040 10*—8 8 4

Quinn, Hughes, Fisher and Sweeney; Morgan and Thomas. Time 2:12. Umpire O'Loughlin.

New York .. .. ..000 001 000—1 8 2
Philadelphia .. ..402 000 02*—8 13 3

Frill and Mitchell; Bender and Donahue. Time 1:53. Umpire O'Loughlin.

Chicago, July 2.—Chicago defeated St. Louis 3 to 2 in a featureless game today.

Chicago .. ..002 000 10*—3 7 1
St. Louis .. ..000 020 000—2 6 6

White and Payne; Lake and Stephens. Time 1:40. Umpires Dineen and Connolly.

Washington, July 2.—Boston defeated Washington today in a hard fought game 3 to 2. Cicotte outpitched Groom in the pinches. The fielding of Elberfeld and batting of Speaker were features.

Washington .. .. ..000 100 001—2 8 1
Boston .. ..200 010 000—3 10 2

Groom and Street; Cicotte and Carrigan. Time 2:10. Umpires Perrine and Egan.

Cleveland, July 2.—Cleveland again defeated Detroit, easily today 11 to 4, being the score. Mullin was hit hard while Detroit could do little with Koester who relieved Linke. The batting of Easterly, Turner and Graney featured, Graney hitting a home run with two men on bases.

Cleveland .. .. ..301 403 00*—11 17 1
Detroit .. ..000 310 000— 4 8 3

Linke, Koestner and Easterly; Mullin and Stanage and Schmidt. Time 1:55. Umpire Evans.

OTHER GAMES.

South Atlantic League.

At Augusta 0; Jacksonville 1.
Second: Jacksonville 0; Augusta 4.
At Macon 2; Columbus 1.
Second: Macon 2; Columbus 2. (11 innings)
At Columbia 2; Savannah 1.
Second: Savannah 1; Columbia 0.

Virginia League.

At Norfolk 5; Portsmouth 2.
At Danville 8; Richmond 1.
At Lynchburg 5; Roanoke 4.

Southern League.

At Chattanooga 6; Memphis 3.
At Birmingham 1; New Orleans 3.
Second: Birmingham 2; New Orleans 1.
At Mobile 4; Montgomery 0.
At Nashville-Atlanta, rain.

Carolina League.

At Anderson 3; Spartanburg 1.
Afternoon game postponed, rain.
At Charlotte 2; Winston-Salem 1.
At Greensboro 5; Greenville 2.

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

TWELVE INNING STANDSTILL

Score One to One When Darkness Broke Up the Contest—Foreman Hit on Arm and Had to Retire—Great Game Yesterday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 2.—A twelve inning contest with the score one to one and the game called on account of darkness was the record here today between the Champions and the Red Birds. Foreman was hit on the arm in the tenth and was relieved in the box for the Champions by Hearne.

The Tabulated Score.

Wilson.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
D. McGeehan 2b	5	0	0	3	2	0
Jacobs, 3b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Westlake, c	5	0	2	11	0	0
Miller, rf	3	0	1	0	0	0
C. McGeehan, 1b	3	0	0	14	0	0
Sheridan, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Armstrong, lf	4	1	1	4	0	0
Clapp, ss	3	0	0	0	3	0
Foreman, p	3	0	2	0	0	0
Hearne, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	1	6	36	7	0
Raleigh.	**AB**	**R**	**H**	**PO**	**A**	**E**
Clemmons, lf	5	1	2	3	0	0
Bigbie, 2b	5	0	0	8	2	0
Hobbs, c	5	0	1	3	5	0
Richardson, 1b	4	0	0	12	0	1
Simmons, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	0
Kelly, cf	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grubb, cf	4	0	0	4	0	0
Keating, ss	5	0	0	1	1	1
Lathrop, rf	5	0	0	1	0	0
Bell, p	1	0	1	2	4	0
Totals	35	1	5	36	14	2

Score By Innings.

Wilson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6
Raleigh	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	5

Summary—Sacrifice hits, Jacobs, Armstrong, Bigbie, Hobbs; hit by pitched ball, Foreman, Sheridan; bases on balls, Foreman 2, Hearne 2, Bell 1; struck out, by Bell 3, Foreman 4, Hearne 5; two base hits, Clemmons 2, Bell; left on bases, Wilson 5, Raleigh 7; time 2:40; umpire, Upchurch; attendance 500.

ALMOST WON BY ROCKY MOUNT

Masterful Effort by Railroad Crew to Take Two Out of Three—Protest Registered in Sixth Inning—The Score.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 2.—The crew made a masterful effort to take the best of the series from the Highlanders and today's game went for an extra frame after having been tied in the opener. Mayer had the number of hits in his favor though Munson was effective. Both teams put up a good fielding exhibition.

Neither pitcher gave a walk to first. The Rocky Mount management gave notice of a protest on account of a play in the sixth. Stein was on second with one down, when the umpire called a balk on the pitcher Mayer, the runner, started for third but the umpire reversed his decision. The next hitter followed with a long fly and this would have given the crew victory.

The Tabulated Score.

Fayetteville.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mullin, cf	4	1	1	2	1	0
Dobson, 1b	4	0	0	10	1	0
Schumaker, lf	4	0	0	1	0	0
O'Hallonn, 2b	4	0	1	5	0	0
Donovan, rf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Bunting, 3b	4	0	0	0	3	0
McEnroe, ss	4	0	3	0	5	1
Galvin, c	3	0	0	11	1	0
Mayer, p	4	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	35	2	7	30	13	1
Rocky Mount.	**AB**	**R**	**H**	**PO**	**A**	**E**
Gillespie, 3b	4	1	0	0	4	0
Forgue, ss	3	0	0	5	4	0
Stein, lf	4	0	2	3	0	0
Schuman, rf	4	0	1	3	1	0
Craegan, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Phelan 1b	3	0	0	12	7	0
Gastmeyer, 2b	4	0	0	7	0	0
Dussault, c	3	0	1	4	1	1
Munson, p	3	0	0	2	0	0
Wolf x	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	1	5	30	17	1

x Batted for Dussault in tenth.

Fayetteville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	7
Rocky Mount	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5

Summary—Sacrifice hits, Galvin, Forgue, Craegan; stolen bases, Donovan; earned runs, Fayetteville 2; struck out Munson 3, Mayer 11; two base hits, Stein, McEnroe, Donovan; double plays Mullin to O'Hallonan; left on bases, Fayetteville 8, Rocky Mount 4; time 1:35; umpire, Henderson; attendance 481.

Herr Carl Hanff, better known as the "Human Trombone," will by special request be at Joyland one more day only, July 4th. Entire change of programme, also a comic song in German. One more day only, July 4th, at Joyland. **

The Big Black Pugilist Ready For Monday's Fray

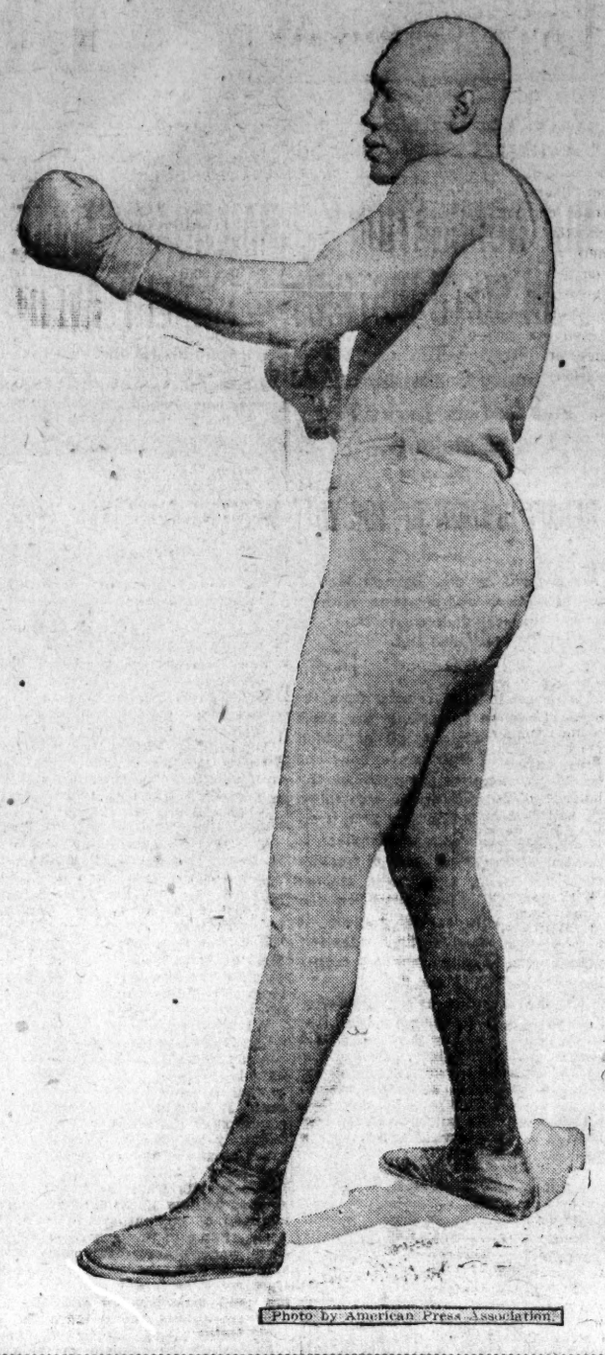


Photo by American Press Association.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, July 2.—After losing five straight games to New York, Brooklyn won today 6 to 3. Bell for Brooklyn was wild and was hit rather hard, but he tightened up with men on bases. Ames was taken out in the fifth inning after Daubert had hade a home run with two on bases.

Brooklyn .. ....100 230 000—6 9 1
New York .. .. ..000 001 020—3 10 2

Bell and Bergen; Ames, Marquard, Dickson and Myers. Time 2:00. Umpires Johnstone and Moran.

Boston, July 2.—Brown pitched winning ball and Boston shut out Philadelphia. When Beck knocked a home run in the fourth Stack was replaced by Shettler.

Philadelphia .. ..000 000 000—0 2 1
Boston .. ..022 100 00*—5 8 2

Stack, Shettler and Moran; Brown and Graham. Time 1:38. Umpires O'Day and Brennan.

Pittsburg, July 2.—Cincinnati today again defeated Pittsburg because of better hitting. Burns held the world's champions to four hits, all singles except one. The exception was a two-bagger by Leach who scored Pittsburg's only run in the first inning.

Pittsburg .. .. ..100 000 000—1 4 2
Cincinnati .. .. ..000 020 210—5 9 0

Powell, Phillippi and Gibson; Burns and McLean. Time 1:35. Umpires Klem and Kane.

Fireworks wholesale and retail, lowest prices at Rehder's. **

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

EASTER CADOLINA LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Fayetteville	24	7	.774
Wilson	18	13	.581
Wilmington	16	17	.485
Raleigh	13	17	.433
Goldsboro	13	18	.419
Rocky Mount	10	22	.313

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	40	21	.645
New York	37	23	.617
Pittsburg	31	28	.525
Cincinnati	32	40	.516
Philadelphia	31	32	.492
Brooklyn	26	34	.433
St. Louis	20	36	.357
Boston	23	43	.348

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

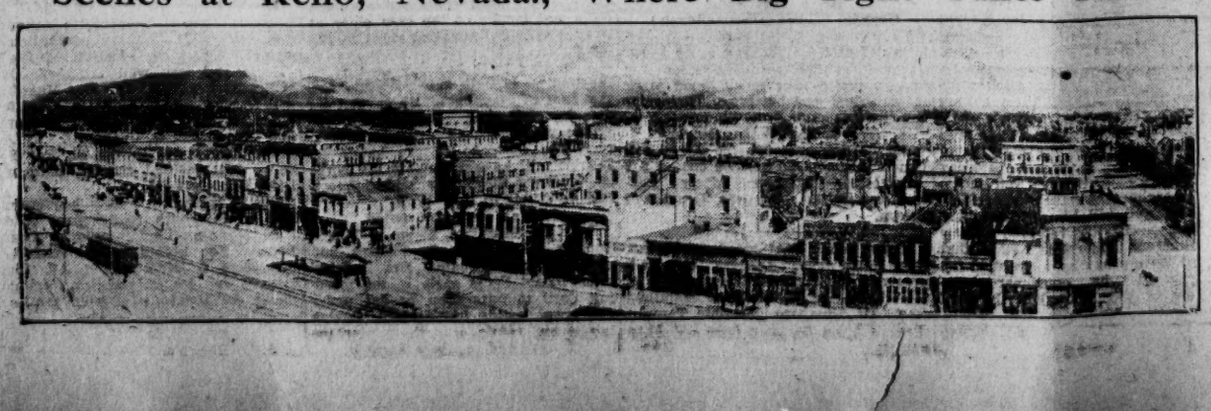
Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	41	23	.651
New York	36	25	.590
Boston	34	27	.557
Cleveland	27	29	.482
Detroit	27	30	.474
Chicago	27	32	.458
Washington	25	39	.391
St. Louis	18	42	.300

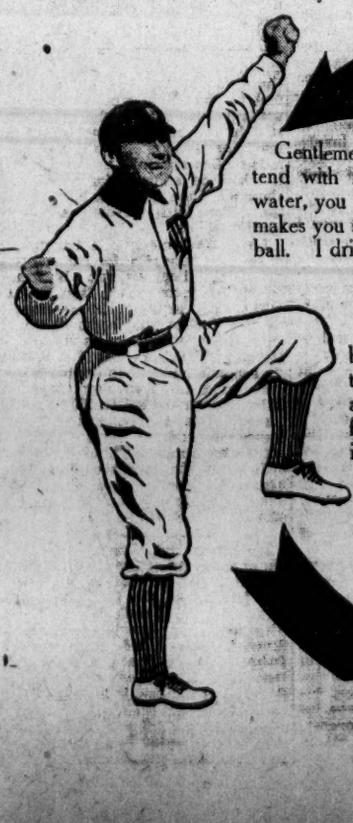
DUKES TO ATLANTIC CITY

Special Train Carries Him From Durham—Recovering.

Durham, N. C., July 2.—A special train, carrying B. N. Duke, his wife, son, physician and nurse left tonight for Atlantic City, where he will spend his convalescence from six weeks typhoid fever. Mr. Duke is reported entirely free from danger.

Scenes at Reno, Nevada., Where Big Fight Takes Place.





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Atlanta, Ga.

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Atlanta, Ga.

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THE WEEK AT LUMBERTON

First Monday Will Give Way to Glorious Fourth—V. & C. S. to Tar Heel by August—Personal and General Items.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 2.—Monday being the glorious fourth, it is expected that Lumberton will have many visitors. A two weeks' term of Superior Court for trying criminal cases would convene that day but for the fact that it is a legal holiday and there will be no court until Tuesday morning. We have not learned as to whether the County Commissioners will hold their regular monthly meeting on that day or not. This term of Superior Court should be a busy one as there are about 30 prisoners in jail, all of whom are colored but two. One of the white prisoners is held for the Federal authorities. Two men are charged with murder, one with assault, three for housebreaking and the balance for retailing, larceny, et. All but two or three of the colored prisoners are young, strong, able-bodied men who will do good service on the county roads.

We understand that it is very probable that some time during July or August an excursion will be run from here to Johnson City, Tenn. If the plans materialize that will be a trip that everyone who can should take in. The scenery on the trip would be worth many times the cost.

It is expected that quite a number will go from here to Hamlet tomorrow morning to attend the dedication service of the new Catholic church of that place.

Dr. T. A. Norment has rented the residence of Mr. G. E. Rancke, Sr., and with his family moved in this week. Mr. Rancke has, however, reserved rooms for himself and will be at home to his friends at the same place.

Work was commenced this week on the handsome new residence of Mr. A. E. White, which will be located on the site of his residence which was recently moved to another part of the lot.

Monday being a legal holiday the banks will all be closed and Sunday hours will be observed at the postoffice.

Great improvements have been made at the passenger station this week by filling in between the building and tracks with several car loads of sand. Heretofore during wet weather it was disagreeable for passengers leaving or boarding trains on account of the mud and slush.

It is stated that the V. & C. S. Railroad will be completed to Tar Heel, Bladen county, by the last of August and work will be pushed as rapidly as possible to Elizabethtown. When that is completed double daily service will be put on between Lumberton and Elizabethtown, giving our Bladen friends the opportunity of coming to see us as often as they wish and staying as long as they please, and they will always be welcome.

Dr. C. A. Eaton, of Henderson, N. C., one of the colored physicians who successfully passed the examination at the recent meeting of the State Board of Examiners, has located at Lumberton for the practice of his profession and is now engaged in fitting up an office in Mr. White's building, on Fourth street, which has just been vacated by Dr. W. O. Edmund who has removed his office to his residence.

Jim Blackman, colored, who on Sept. 30th, last year, shot Adam Graham, also colored, in Blue Springs township, was arrested on Thursday in Bladen County by Deputy Sheriff Archie Spivey and brought to jail here same night. Blackman is charged with assault with intent to kill. He kept out of the way for nine months but is now behind the bars and is reported to have stated that he didn't mean to shoot Graham, but the hammer of his pistol slipped from under his thumb.

"Jack", the highly prized family horse belonging to Mr. Frank Gough, died yesterday shortly after noon, after being sick for only a short time.

The first field of peas of the season were brought to market yesterday and found quick sales at $1 per bushel. If the present favorable weather continues in a short time the supply of peas will be abundant. Nearly all kinds of garden vegetables are now plentiful and reasonable in prices.

It now seems that the Lumberton Auto and Live Stock Co., mention of which was made in these columns last Sunday, is going to be the largest thing of its kind in this section. We are told that Mr. Carlyle, the prime mover of the enterprise, is meeting with success far beyond expectations in placing stock, and several of the leading stock men of the county will be interested. Not only will automobiles, mules and horses be handled, but the finest of milch cows, hogs, angora goats, etc. Several of the gentlemen interested own large tracts of good pasture land which will be used for that purpose. The enterprise will be backed by not less than $100,000, and will be a success from the start.

A Farmers' Union picnic will be held at Alfordsville next Friday, July 8th, at which Mr. Clarence H. Poe, of the Progressive Farmer, will deliver an address on Agricultural Education. A big dinner will be served and a good time is promised to all who attend.

Members of the Lumberton bar who attended the meeting of the Association at Wrightsville this week, speak in glowing terms of everything they saw, heard, ate and—but Wilmington is said to be dry.

The Woodmen of the World gave a most enjoyable picnic at Back Swamp yesterday which was attended by several Lumberton people. Among the speakers were Messrs. M. G. McKenzie and C. B. Skipper, of Lumberton, and Mr. K. M. Barnes, of Barnesville. We heard one gentleman who was there make the statement that he had attended many picnics, but he had never seen such a bountiful dinner as was spread at Back Swamp yesterday. That is the way the people in that section do things.

Some one anxious to keep up strife has been busy this week circulating the report that Sheriff McNeill had made the statement that if Mr. Geo. B. McLeod was re-elected chairman of the County Executive Committee he would not be a candidate for re-election to the office of sheriff. Sheriff McNeill says he is anxious to see what a fellow looks like who could manufacture and put in motion such a falsehood, that he has not said or thought of such a thing and that he is in the race to the finish. A large number of the sheriff's friends throughout the county have written him concerning the matter—they don't understand.

We don't know how old it is, but we heard the statement made this week that a justice of the peace violated the law when he wrote a deed and charged for it. Our understanding is that they can write all the deeds they choose to write, but must not charge for their labor. Even if this is a new law it has taken some time to make itself known.

Mrs. Ila Gibson, who has been spending several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Humphrey, returned to her home at Red Springs yesterday evening.

Mr. Robert Dees, one of Lumberton's oldest citizens, will celebrate his 78th birthday Monday. Though Mr. Dees is getting feeble, he is still able to be around looking after his affairs and is one of the first people to be seen on the street in the morning. He has always made it a rule to rise early and still holds to the habit.

Mr. W. M. Worley, accompanied by his youngest son, arrived last night to remain through the tobacco season. Mr. Worley has been in Lumberton through the tobacco season for several years, and has made many friends who are always glad to see the time arrive for him to come.

Miss Myrtle Furgeson, saleslady in the store at the Lumberton Cotton Mills, will leave Monday morning for Western North Carolina where she will visit relatives.

Miss Eliza McQueen, who has been spending some days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. McKenzie, left for her home at Maxton this morning.

Quite a number of our people left for Wilmington this morning, among the number being County Treasurer McKenzie, Misses Ida McKenzie, Katie and Esther McNeill, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. McKenzie, and Misses Fannie and Mary McKinnon, of Wadeville, who are spending some time here, and Mr. R. T. Musselwhite and family. They will return after the Fourth. Many others are expected to go tomorrow. The Seaboard gives Lumberton a rate of $2.70 to Wilmington and return for the Fourth.

Mr. J. W. Koneer and children left this morning for Gastonia, where they will spend some time with relatives. They were accompanied to Charlotte by Mr. Koneer, who will return tomorrow.

Mr. T. D. McNoel, for a few weeks third trick operator for the Seaboard at this place, has been transferred to Aberdeen, and is succeeded by Mr. J. D. McMillan, who came from Wilmington.

Mr. J. C. Porter, local manager of the Bell 'phone exchange, left this morning for Charlotte where he will spend the Fourth with relatives.

Mr. Percy McKenzie left tonight for Wilmington to spend two or three days.

All the cotton mills closed down last night to give their employes good time to enjoy the Fourth. Lumberton and Dresden Mills will resume operations Tuesday morning, but the National will wait until Wednesday morning.

Beginning yesterday and continuing through the Summer, the electric plant will furnish current from 1 o'clock P. M., so that people desiring to do so can use the electric fans. No excuse now for not keeping cool during the afternoon.

MAXTON NEWS NOTES.

Man Killed at Veneer Works—Mrs. Harker in Wreck—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Maxton, N. C., July 2.—Roscoe Bundy, of near Maxton, who was employed at the Veneer mill at this place, was fatally injured by a large log, which, after being released from a Coast Line car, rolled upon him on Tuesday, the 28th ult. He was taken to the Maxton Hospital, and it was found that both limbs were broken, one near the thigh and one between the knee and thigh. Hopes were had of his ultimate recovery, but at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning he died, having succumbed from the shock.

Tuesday's baseball game between Red Springs and Maxton teams resulted in a victory for the former club, score 7 to 4.

L. C. Hubbard, of Wilmington, was a Maxton visitor Wednesday.——F. E. Smith, of this place, returned Saturday from Spring Hill, where he completed a fine plumbing job for Dr. Shaw.——Fred Hillburn spent this week with his parents, where the entire family are holding a family reunion.——Mrs. W. B. Harker returned to her home in Maxton from Polkton last Sunday night. She had the experience of being in a railroad wreck, which, although not a serious one, caused her some aches, pains and bruises. The wreck occurred at Hamlet and was caused according to her theory, by the engineer of a switch engine, who shifted a chair car on the same track upon which stood the car in which she was raveling. He failed to shut off steam and apply his air brakes soon enough and, of course, a crash came when both cars met. When the engineer did apply the brake he did it so suddenly that the chair car broke away from the engine. No one was seriously hurt, but several were shaken and badly scared. Among those in the car besides Mrs. Harker were Mr. J. C. Carpenter, of Charlotte, and Rev. E. McWhorter, of Maxton.

Mrs. Margaret Baldwin, who has been visiting at Manly, returned home Monday night.——Miss Bessie McLean, who has been visiting in New York, returned home Monday.——The Misses Nina and Lelia McColl are visiting in Maxton this week. Their home is in Rowland.

Eli Southerland has surrendered and went to jail. He shot Furman Wallace, of Maxton.

T. G. McLeod, Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina, visited Mr. McP. McL. Alford near this city Sunday last. Mr. McLeod is candidate for the Governorship of the above named State.

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

Fourth of July fireworks, lowest prices at Rehder's, Fourth Street Bridge. **

REV. J. R. MARSHALL WRITES.

Some Observations on Dr. Bellamy's Communication on Inlebriety.

Editor Morning Star:—I noticed the most sensible article in The Star of the 21st inst. on the liquor question by Dr. Russell Bellamy, headed "Aimed at Alcoholism," that I remember of ever having read. In this article Dr. Bellamy advances the most practical way of ridding the country of drunkenness and drunkards that I have ever seen advanced.

His theory is to have inebriates examined for the disease, or thirst for intoxicating liquors, by a board of qualified physicians, and if found unable to resist the temptation of drinking to an excess, send them to the State plantations for reform, and at the expiration of some time they should be allowed a probation, but if they prove to be unreformed, commit them again, and again until reformed. Dr. Bellamy has given this question close attention for about 20 years, and is thoroughly acquainted with the horrors of delirium tremens and other afflictions following excessive drinking.

Dr. Bellamy does not advocate this treatment as a punishment to the unfortunate, but as a remedy to assist the inebriate in his effort to reform. At first thought one would be shocked at the idea of such a treatment, but after a further thought will see that it is a great blessing to the drunkard as well as his family and loved ones. It is assisting him in becoming not only a sober man, but useful and respectable citizen—a pleasure, instead of a curse, to his family and society. I have no doubt but there are thousands of drunkards who would be willing to serve their country five years for the sake of becoming useful and respectable citizens, and to save the wife and children from the disgrace of a drunken husband and father.

On the battlefield, or rather at the field hospital, it looks like an awful thing to amputate a shattered limb, or to probe to the very vitals of the wounded soldier for a hidden bullet, but such must often be done to save his life.

It looks like an awful thing to tear the dear loving father, or mother, who has become insane, from the home and loved ones, and confine them in an insane asylum. But it is often the only means of restoring them in soundness.

It looks like an awful thing to take a dear father, or mother, who has become insane, and send them off to an insane asylum and confine them there for years, but such is humane, and is a blessing to the afflicted family.

Now, all of us who have had much experience with drunken husbands, or fathers, or brothers, or sons, know that such are not sane and are dangerous companions, and should not be allowed free liberty in the home. How often have drunken men taken the life of their dearest friends—how often do we read of a drunken husband having killed his wife—a father his child—a son his father—a brother his brother, or some other friend? These are stubborn facts and are undeniable. Then inasmuch as they are facts, it proves beyond a shadow of a doubt that the drunkard is insane, and should have, not only our sympathy, but our protection, as well as the protection of the community in which he lives.

Yes, Dr. Bellamy is right. He has struck the key note, and I do sincerely hope that he will not hold his tongue, nor pen, until our law makers shall have caught his spirit and framed laws to protect the inebriates, and their families and the public.

The sentence which struck me more forcibly than any other, if possible, in Dr. Bellamy's article is this: "The popular but pathetic picture of numerous alcoholics on the streets called drunks, but I say 'poisoned' people, prompts me to beg our 45,000 and their friends to help these poor unfortunates, many publicly ragged who are poisoned by substances adulterated with the cheapest and often most poisonous compounds, and few dumb animals would live if given proportionate drinks that the unfortunate now take." Oh! what a sad thought, to just think that we have men among us who are so inhumane as to manufacture such a poisonous beverage for human beings to drink, that it would kill a hog to drink it. And that there are men among us so mean that they will decoy the poor, ignorant, afflicted and unfortunate into dens of vice and dope them to their ruin.

Should we not, indeed protect, such poor unfortunate victims, by placing them beyond the grasp of such devils?

Just think of a poor ignorant man swallowing a pint, or quart of a decoction made of red pepper, tobacco juice, concentrated lye, strychnine, rotten meal, etc. No wonder that, many of such persons are losing their minds and having to be sent to the insane asylum. Since maturing the above thoughts, another very serious, sad and important thought has entered my brain. The thought is this: If the inebriate is so much in need of our attention, does not the man who makes him an inebriate, also need our attention?

Should the man who poisons my son, and robs him of his sound mind, and makes him an idiot, go scott free?

Should not the men who manufacture and sell such poisons be apprehended and punished? I throw out these thoughts for the consideration of the readers of your valuable paper, "The Morning Star" of Wilmington, N. C. Respectfully,

J. R. MARSHALL.

CHARLOTTE BOY RESCUED.

Held Prisoner in Box Car for Several Days—Recovering.

Norfolk, Va., July 2.—Sam Hill, aged 13 years, son of Charles Hill, of Charlotte, N. C., is recovering at a Pinners' Point hotel today, following his rescue last night from a freight car in which he had been held prisoner for several days without food or drink. The boy ran away and hid himself in the car for a journey into unknown lands. He will be held pending instructions from his parents.

300 Barrels Onions.

The Siler City Grit reports that three hundred barrels of onions were shipped from Siler City in three days recently.

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

Fireworks wholesale and retail, lowest prices at Rehder's. **

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"Come Back"

It is the customers who come back that make a business grow. Clever advertising may get a customer once, but only honest values—being "square"—make him come again.

Your satisfaction is what we are striving for. That's why we offer such clothing as

Stein-Bloch Summer Suits

for your consideration.

No better clothing is made today—not even by high class custom tailors.

No garments anywhere near so good can be had anywhere else at equally low prices.

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DAVID'S

An Ideal Summer Shirt

Soft neckband and bosom, turn back or double cuffs, white and grey background, with black and colored hair line stripes. These shirts have just been received, and have never been offered before at a popular price.

98c

We will offer for the next few days attractive reductions on some odd two-piece suits made by

Hart Schaffner & Marx

There are not more than twenty-five suits in this lot, so come early Friday morning and get first choice.

The A. David Company

Men's Outfitters.

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Those elegant 10x14 buildings on New Pier at Seashore Hotel passed by hundreds daily can be used as cold drink and refreshments stands, Fancy Drug and Toilet Articles, Candy, Fruits, etc., Souvenir Jewelry, Peanut and Popcorn, Cigars and Cigarettes and Smokers' Articles, Fancy Laces and Ladies' Wearing Apparel, Ice Cream and Cake Parlor, etc. Only persons conducting orderly and well kept places need apply.

E. L. HINTON.

First Concert Friday, July 1st.

jl-1-3t

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Among the Foremost Colleges for Women in the South.

Course in Liberal Arts covering nine departments, and including elective courses in Education and Bible, which count for the A. B. degree—School of Music, including Piano, Pipe Organ, Violin and Voice Culture—School of Art, including Decoration, Designing and Oil Painting—School of Education—Academy which prepares students for college courses—Physical Culture under a trained director. Cost of literary course per year including physician, nurse and ordinary medicines (every item save books and laundry) $210.50; in the Club, $50 to $55 less. Next session begins Sept. 14th, 1910. Address

President R. T. Vann, Raleigh, N. C.

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An ideal Christian Home School. Preparatory and Collegiate courses. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Business, etc. Conservatory of Music. High standard maintained by large staff of experienced, college-trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders and teaches the individual. Unsurpassed health record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Excellent table. Large gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basket-ball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter.

HENRY JEROME STOCKARD, A. M., Pres., Raleigh, N. C.

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Address COL. R. BINGHAM, Supt., Box 97.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to July 3, 1910, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

48	42-86	48-80	a via Petersburg. *Daily	89-49	83-41	49
*8:40am	*7:00pm	*8:40am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am	6 15pm
11 37am	10 05pm	11 37am	Ar. Goldsboro Lv.	2 59pm	6 40am	2 59pm
12:36pm	11:05pm	12:36pm	Ar. Wilson Lv.	1 52pm	5 49am	1 52pm
1 18pm	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar. Rocky Mount Lv.	12:58pm	5:05am	12:58pm
.....	2:15pm	4:55pm	Ar. ..... Weldon ..... Lv.	11:30am	3:25am	.....
.....	4:00pm	7:05pm	Ar. Petersburg Lv.	9:13am	1:40am	.....
6:50pm	a8:00am	.....	Ar. Norfolk Lv.	.....	a8:00pm	*8:15am
.....	4 40am	8 00pm	Ar. Richmond Lv.	8:15am	1:00am	.....
.....	8 00am	11 50pm	Ar. Washington Lv.	4:20am	9:40pm	.....
.....	9:52am	1:15am	Ar. Baltimore Lv.	2 46am	8 20pm	.....
.....	11:53am	3:40am	Ar. West Philadelphia Lv.	12 19am	5 44pm	.....
.....	2:15pm	6:30am	Ar. NEW YORK Lv.	*9 25pm	*3 25pm	.....

42-86 and 83-41 carries Pullman buffet sleeping car between Wilmington and Washington connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

48 and 49 carries Pullman Buffet parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

55-80	51-83	*Daily	82-50	80-54	
*3:15pm	*5:35am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	12:55am	1:40pm	.....
7:25pm	9:20am	Ar. Florence Lv.	9:05pm	9:30am	.....
11:20pm	1:35pm	Ar. Charleston Lv.	5:55pm	5:20am	.....
2:40am	6:45pm	Ar. Savannah Lv.	1:20pm	12:15am	.....
11 55am	2 20am	Ar. Albany Lv.	1 25am	1 55pm	.....
9:40am	1:45am	Ar. Thomasville Lv.	2 35am	2 05pm	.....
5 50pm	8 50am	Ar. Montgomery Lv.	6 50pm	6 05am	.....
7:15am	.....	Ar. JACKSONVILLE Lv.	9:15am	7:55pm	.....
2:05pm	.....	Ar. Sanford, Fla. Lv.	2 10am	2 55pm	.....
7:00pm	.....	Ar. TAMPA Lv.	9 00pm	10 30am	.....
8:55pm	.....	Ar. ST. PETERSBURG Lv.	.....	6:45am	.....
10:20pm	.....	Ar.. FORT MYERS Lv.	*3:00pm	*6:45am	.....

ALL TRAINS CARRY PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS—Sleeper arriving Wilmington on No. 50 at 12:55 A. M. ma be occupied until 7:00 A. M. and sleeper leaving Wilmington on No. 51 at 5:35 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at 10:00 P. M. the previous night.

55	51	*Daily.	32-50	54
*3:15pm	*5:35am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	12:55am	1:40pm
7:25pm	9:20am	Florence Lv.	9:05pm	9:30am
9:20pm	11:20am	Ar. Sumter Lv.	5:55pm	7:40am
11:10pm	12:55pm	Ar. COLUMBIA Lv.	4:10pm	6:00am
.....	.....	Ar. AUGUSTA Lv.	2:30pm	.....
11:30pm	1:10pm	Lv. Columbia Ar. Sou. Ry.	2:20pm	5:00am
5:30am	7:40pm	Ar. Saluda "	Lv.	8:45am	10:25pm
6:00am	8:15pm	Ar. Hendersonville "	Lv.	8:05am	9:50pm
7:00am	9:15pm	Ar. ASHEVILLE "	Lv.	*7:00am	8:50pm
9:05pm	.....	Ar. Knoxville "	Lv.	.....	6:30am
8:40am	.....	Ar. Louisville Lv.	.....	8:00am
8:00am	.....	Ar. CINCINNATI Lv.	.....	*8:10pm

51—SLEEPING CAR Wilmington to Columbia and Buffet Parlor Car Columbia to Asheville.

53—SLEEPING CARS Wilmington to Columbia, Columbia to Asheville and Asheville to Louisville and Cincinnati.

50—SLEEPING CARS Cincinnati and Louisville to Asheville, Parlor buffet car Asheville to Columbia and sleeping car Columbia to Wilmington.

54—SLEEPING CARS Asheville to Columbia and Columbia to Wilmington.

Sleeping cars arriving Wilmington 12:55 A. m. and Columbia 11:10 P. M. may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.

Sleeping car leaving Wilmington 5:35 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at 10:00 P. M.

57	51-97	55	*Daily !Daily except Sunday.	54	98-50	58
*7:30pm	*5:35am	*3:15pm	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	1:40pm	12:55am	8:50am
9:15pm	7:30am	5:09pm	Ar. CHADBOURN Lv.	*11:40am	*11:02pm	6:45am
11:10pm	11:50am	.....	Lv. CHADBOURN Ar.	.....	5:00pm	6:40am
12:45am	1:30pm	.....	Ar. CONWAY Lv.	.....	13:30pm	*5:15am

61	59	53	*Daily. !Daily ex. Sun. xSunday only.	60	52
x6:30pm	5:25pm	*8:45am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	10:35am	8:05pm
9:45pm	8:35pm	11:45am	Ar. Fayetteville Lv.	7:25am	4:50pm
9:45pm	8:35pm	12:10pm	Lv. Fayetteville Ar.	7:25am	4:45pm
11:10pm	10:00pm	1:40pm	Ar. SANFORD, N. C. Lv.	*6:00am	*3:30pm

68	62	64	!Daily except Sun. xSun. only	60	63	65
x6:45pm	3:25pm	5:50am	Lv. WILMINGTON Ar.	10:15am	12:50pm	6:50pm
8:30pm	5:17pm	7:48am	Ar. Jacksonville, N. C. Lv.	8:22am	10:55am	4:51pm
9:55pm	6:44pm	9:10am	Ar. Nor & Sou. Jct. Lv.	7:05am	9:35am	3:35pm
10:00pm	6:50pm	9:15am	Ar. NEWBERN, N. C. Lv.	x7:00am	!9:30am	3:30pm

For folders, Reservations, rates of fares, etc apply to the undersigned.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.
PHONE 160.

TO THE BEACH
SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect May 23, 1910.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Sts. East Bound.	Leave The Beach. West Bound.
6:30 a. m.	6:15 a. m.
	7:15 a. m.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
12:00 p. m.	

Freight

Leave Ninth and Orange streets 6:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m., and 7:00 p. m.

Freight depot open from 5:30 to 6.00 a. m., and from 8:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m. Freight received at Ninth and Orange streets only.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Sts. East Bound.	Leave The Beach. West Bound.
7:00 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
8:30 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
	9:15 a. m.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
12:00 p. m.	

Freight.

Leave Ninth and Orange streets at 11:00 a. m.

Freight depot open from 10:00 to 11:00 a. m.

N & W Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and North-West.

Block System. Rock Ballast 85-lb Rail.

Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

Lv. Norfolk	8:15 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	10:50 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:35 p m	2:30 a m
r. Cincinnati	7:30 a m	6:25 p m
r. Columbus	6:45 a m	7:50 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

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Steamer Wilmington

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

In Effect From June 1st, 1910.

Leave Wilmington Daily Except Saturday and Sunday for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9 A. M. and for Carolina Beach at 2:30 P. M. Last Boat leaves Beach at 6 P. M.

SATURDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M., for Carolina Beach and Southport.

SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9:15 A. M. and 2:30 P. M., and for Carolina Beach at 7:30. Last Boat leaves Beach at 8:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Will be received for the 9 o'clock Boat Only. No dogs allowed at Carolina Beach. Ma 31-tf.

Never Out **Bijou** Never Over

Change of Program Daily

5 Cents

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SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 3.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective May 15, 1910.

NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and points North.

NO. 39—3:45 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:45 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8:05 P. M., arriving Charlotte 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington

NO. 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.

NO. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 84 for Washington and New York and No. 52 for Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 3:45 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON, Union Ticket Agent. Phone No. 1294.

F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, Phone No. 178.

H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

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to
NEW YORK
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GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.

S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, July 8th.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, July 15th.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.

S. S. "Navahoe".....Saturday, July 2nd.
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, July 9th.

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.

S. S. "Carib".....Monday, July 4th.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, July 11th.

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest brough rates guaranteed to and from all oints in North and South Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY (Inc.)
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

The MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, July 3, 1910.

What has been said by Colonel Roosevelt since he has been resting is equal to silence.

President Hadley, of Yale College inquires: "Do we see straight?" It is possible for some but we have got our doubts whether crooked men can see straight.

A contemporary makes this note: "Dangles of seed pearls are worn as pendants. They are suspended from a tiny gold chain or one of the seed pearls." Our men readers should know that these dangles are for the ladies. If a man were to wear one the dog catcher would take him for a poodle.

A Frenchman committed suicide because he was made to marry a girl that he didn't want for his wife. Under similar circumstances a North Carolinian took a bridal tour by himself and never returned. The dead Frenchman is a dead cock in the pit but the probability is that the North Carolinian is a live citizen in Oklahoma.

A correspondent writing to an agricultural paper wants to know "How to raise a mule?" We should advise that a mule should be raised by prizing him up at the front end. Be sure not to tackle him at the end where his hindlegs can be used to gratify a malice that is sure to crop out whenever he gets a chance to turn it loose.

One of the charges which the Democratic party brings against the Republican party in this campaign is that the Republican party "has betrayed the people." The Republican party has betrayed the people for the last quarter of a century but they have gotten so used to it that they forget it every time a national election rolls around.

The letters of Prof. Peck to his sweetheart, who, he thought, loved him, and the letters of the Hon. John Motley Morehead to mill men in Congressman Webb's district, were epistolatory boomerangs. When a man sends a letter to some girls he ought to burn it before he mails it. When a Republican politician sends a letter to North Carolina mill men to make a preposterous proposition while the factory is closed down awaiting promised prosperity, he should know that a scorching leter might "come back."

Everybody admits that Wilmington is the most delightful residence city they have ever seen, and that its climate and ocean beaches are attractions which make superb advantages and conditions for people who live in Wilmington. The city also is one of Uncle Sam's fast growing ports, having increased her commerce 170 per cent in ten years. This shows that Wilmington is a good business city, not to mention the thousand and one advantage that make it so. As you have a longing desire to live in Wilmington pull up your pegs and come on where a hearty welcome and fine opportunities await you. Get a move on you.

The prosperous city of Greenville, one of eastern North Carolina's most promising centres, is to be congratulated that the Daily Reflector is to be greatly improved. Editor D. J. Whichard has organized a joint stock company under the name of The Reflector Company, and will install a lynotype machine and other modern news paper equipment for the purpose of giving Greenville and eastern North Carolina a better daily paper. The Reflector editor is one of the most enterprising newspaper men in the State and he has made his paper a powerful influence in the development of his city. He has done it against odds, and his determination to do more for Greenville by giving it a more representative newspaper is worthy of the substantial and enthusiastic support of that community.

IMMUNITY FOR THE RAILROADS.

There never was a more delicate situation to be handled by a Washington administration than that which has fallen to the lot of President William Howard Taft. The wrong-doing and lawlessness of many of the railroads and great corporations of this country presented a serious problem to Presi- Roosevelt and during his administration his attempts to enforce the law and enter upon schemes of regulation revolutionized the industrial situation and greatly disturbed the finances of the country. In the first place, the recklessness of railroad schemers and managements and the conscienceless exploits of corporations were responsible for the origin of a disturbance that was exceedingly difficult to cope with. The Roosevelt policies, which were more or less imperative, while not successful to any great degree, were at the same time harmful from a financial standpoint.

The worst financial panic this country ever experienced was the climax of the Roosevelt administration, with abortive "trust busting" claimed as President Roosevelt's chief achievement. While "My Policies" may have been the initiative in some improvement of intolerable conditions they nevertheless were panic breeding, and so, the eight years of Rooseveltism eft the country in a deplorable condition. Meanwhile, the Roosevelt reform measures adopted by Congress were nadequate and ineffective, and President Taft inherited from the previous dministration, not a peck of trouble, ut a world of difficulties. The Taft administration began under the cloud of the Roosevelt panic, with stocks, bonds and financial issues greatly depreciated in value, while the industrial affairs of the country were still suffering from the paralysis which got its stroke from the panic. Indeed, the industries of this country have not yet fully recovered and today we see the cotton milling industry of the South plodding along in a hand-to-mouth way that has given a serious halt to our manufacturing progress. We mention this fact because it is close to home, yet the same conditions largely prevail among the cotton textile interests of the North.

With the industrial conditions still in bad shape and the financial situation still fearful and tremulous, President Taft has completed the first year of his administration. The ineffectiveness of the Roosevelt reform and regulation measures was demonstrated when the Taft administration came forward with additional restrictive, regulative and punative measures, either ostensibly or sincerely aimed at correcting abuses and protecting the rights of the people. Property interests have, therefore, become apprehensive and to a large extent the railroads of the country inopportunely have had to face the consequences of the new Taft railroad statute just adopted by Congress. The new plan for regulating, controlling and punishing railroads and other corporations came at the most inopportune time for them, following as they do upon the consequences of the unfortunate tariff legislation of the Taft Congress and the high-price handicap that has affected the railroads as well as all the American people. With the new Taft laws held over them, wages increased and operating expenses enlarged, and with their stockholders and hondholders to be protected as to investments which they claim are justified, the people, on the other hand, are clamoring for reductions. The fact is, all the circumstances have been unfortunate, both as to the time and the conditions, and it must be admitted that the siuation is a most delicate one to be handled safely for the people and for the financial and property interests of a tremendous country with innumerable conflicting interests to be protected and conserved.

It is this condition of affairs that faces President Taft with his new raiload bill and government prosecutions inaugurated or threatened for past violations of the law. Of course, the problem has to be solved in equity, with equal justice for the public and the enormous railroad and corporative interests of a great country. Any attempt at any other solution surely and inevitably would bring disaster to the entire country, including vested and private rights as well. We fancy, therefore, that President Taft's Summer rest has been greatly disturbed by the serious and onerous task which devolves upon him in the midst of a duty which he owes to the people and all other interests. Thus we observe that the President and the Interstate Commerce Commission, according to a Beverly dispatch which appeared in the Star yesterday, have been getting their heads together regarding the administration of the new railroad rate law.

It seems that the conclusion reached and "made plain" at the Beverly conference, was that "the added authority given to the Commission by the new Taft statute is not to be used arbitrarily or for the purpose of hindering the railroads in the conduct of their legitimate business." It also is a part of the understanding of the administration that "the power to suspend new rates," which means increased rates, "probably the most direct weapon placed in the hands of the Commission, is to be used only in exceptional cases." All of this means that the new laws practically are to be suspended in order to allay the apprehension of the railroad and financial interests of the country. Already these interests have been seriously affected by legislation and government suits and from a financial standpoint the outlook has been anything but assuring. Recently we have seen stocks tumbling and the markets nervous, and if we needed anything to indicate the unsettling of confidence in this country and abroad we get it from a Paris cablegram which appeared in the New York Journal of Commerce of last Thursday. It is a matter of interest and importance in this discussion to quote here what is said in that cablegram from, perhaps, the world's greatest financial centre:

"Interest in American securities is ended for the present. The result of actual flotations are below expectations and the prevailing sentiment is that those who definitely concluded negotiations have had their fingers burned. There were many important escapes, as negotiations had been progressing for several other larger issues han had been publicly announced, including bonds of a large American industrial concern. The decline in shares of our banks and large credit institutions reflect the sudden ending of American enthusiasm in our market at the time your government undertook to manage railroad rates. The ank shares had been extensively purhased on the expected large profits o be derived from the distribution of American bonds. Today we hear that not content with refusing to permit your railroads to advance charges to allow a profit for stockholders, your government commission is determined to force important reductions. What have your railroad executives to say to this when three weeks ago they predicted ruin at the present transportation charges? Under these conditions France cannot be criticised for desiring to remain a mere onlooker."

To fall back upon a wise saying of the illustrious Grover Cleveland, it is "a condition and not a theory" of regulating, controlling and punishing railroads which President Taft has to meet. The conditions, which we have attempted as briefly as possible to recall here, put it up to President Taft to go slow in carrying out "My Policies" and his policies, and it is also up to the railroads to cease violating the law and give the country the same square deal that they expect and should have from it. In view of the terrible consequences of past offenses, prosecutions and legislation of a restrictive nature, with sarious import for capital and public interests, it might be observed that it was unfortunate to make the new law effective immediately after its passage. Owing to the unsettled state of affairs it might have been better for the country and the railroads to have postponed the effective date of problematical laws to a period that would enable an adjustment of conditions and confidence. This would have saved the President and the Interstate Commerce Commission the somewhat doubtful but possibly necessary suspension of laws that are on the statute books to be obeyed and enforced.

As a matter of course, the laws are on the statute books of the country, and if they are constitutional, as might be assumed till they are pronounced otherwise by the highest tribunal of the land, there is no power in the President or the Commission to suspend hem. Nevertheless, the administration can saddle upon itself the rather embarrassing policy of non-enforcement of plain laws, the rigid enforcement of which, in a serious time like the present, might be fraught with very destructive consequences. All of this must be admitted by thoughtful men who realize that there is indeed a serious problem to solve and who earnestly desire that its solution shall be brought about with determination, but wisely and equitably, to the best interests of a country that is tired of defiance of the laws and impatient with an interminable agitation that ver threatens dire consequences.

NEWBERN'S BI-CENTENNIAL.

The esteemed Newbern Sun on Thursday issued a bi-centennial celebration edition that is a marvel of enterprise for a newspaper in a city of the size of Newbern. The Sun's edition contains forty pages, and it was an exceedingly neat and attractive publication, carrying numerous features full of interest and value. There was a large amount of work upon this splendid celebration number of the Sun and it is indeed creditable to the publishers and to our sister city.

The Sun's forty page paper was issued to advertise and commemorate the celebration of the 200th anniversary of the settlement of Newbern in 1710, by Swiss and German colonists who located on the Neuse and founded what has developed into the delightful and progressive Newbern of 1910. The bi-centennial celebration will take place in Newbern July 25th to 30th and the event will attract to that city thousands of people from North Carolina and other States. It is to commemorate an exceedingly interesting and important historical event in North Carolina, and the programme which is to be carried out will be elaborate and immensely entertaining as well as informing.

The features will consist of a pageant illustrating the arrival of the Swiss and German settlers in 1710, their reception and welcome by the Indian chief, King Taylor, their negotiations with the settlers for the purchase of a site for their settlement, their imfortunate quarrel with the Indians, an outbreak of hostilities by the Red Men, an attack on the white settlers by the Indians, the capture of Baron de Graffenried and John Lawson, surveyor of the colony, their trial before the Council of Wariors and the execution of Lawson at the stake. One of the scenes will be the spectacular landing of the settlers and other features will be a floral and industrial parade and carnival pageant, all illustrating the industrial and social life of the early settlers. Handsome floats will participate in the parade and the landing and pageant will be produced on a scale that will be well worth a visit to Newbern.

There will be other features including boat races, a historical pageant at night, with illuminations, illustrating the origin, history and growth of the colony, and for each day there will be interesting events including historical tableaux, fireworks and a grand colonial ball. These features will be distributed among the five days of the celebration, so that Newbern is prepared to have something doing every day for the entertainment of her guests. During the celebration the State Firemen's Tournament will also take place in Newbern and it will make a great gala week. The entire celebration and its features will be under the auspices of the Improved Order of Red Men and of the Woodmen of the World.

The Sun's centennial edition carries the news of the day and it gives us a glimpse of the history and progress of Newbern and its industries. The paper also carries illustrations and a large number of advertisements of the business of Newbern's enterprising mercantile and industrial establishments, and altogether it is a splendid showing for a presperous North Carolina, coast city of 16,000 inhabitants and a commerce, business and industries representing many millions of dollars. The Star congratulates the Sun upon its enterprise and the success of its bi-centennial edition, and includes in that congratulation the city of Newbern which is fortunate in possessing a daily paper so public spirited and ambitious as the Sun.

In a pitying editorial the New York Tribune (Rep.) refers to "The Poor Pennsylvania Democracy." The poor thing has been reduced to poverty by the Republican tariff which makes prosperity for predatory Republicans and grafters.

CURRENT COMMENT.

How would it do to arrange a dark room duel between Porter Charlton and Harry Thaw.—Richmond Virginian.

For a man so sick of the game that he "doubted whether he would ever make another political speech," ex-President Roosevelt is bravely convalescent.—Richmond Virginian.

Some of the Democrats would regard the arrival at a peaceable understanding among the Republicans as almost a breach of faith.—Washington Post.

Diaz and Dalzell have again been proclaimed victorious. The difference is that in the case of Dalzell there is still a general election ahead and a fortune in the hole.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

On his visit to Old Point Comfort "Uncle Joe" should take care lest he be chucked into the heap of other old cannon which have outlived their usefulness in the country's service.—Baltimore Evening Sun.

The Coast Line got what it kicked for in the matter of the movement of the troops from the State and its kick was justifiable and we congratulate it on its success in the fight. When the Coast Line moves you you move. —Florence Times.

They're having a rather warm time in Charlotte over the proposition to grant an additional street car franchise. Why not settle it by holding a primary? In Mecklenburg they have a custom of settling about all their differences by taking a vote in a primary, and it would seem that the franchise dispute is a case for a primary.—Statesville Landmark.

The Wilmington Star thinks those political intimates, Butler and Morehead, should tell Col. Lusk what they mean by "local self government", and their talk along that line, and that there should be no "foxy" business in the answer. Our contemporary apparently thinks that if any explanations are made they will be undertaken by Butler.—Asheville News Gazette.

The influence of a good example is shown by the fact that hard on the heels of the Winston-Salem tuberculosis exhibition, Durham is planning a similar enterprise. From various cities which have held such exhibitions, excellent results are reported, and there is no reason why the fight should not be urged along this line until the white plague shall be a thing of the past.—Charlotte Observer.

The amazing assault which Mr. James A. Lockhart made upon the State Corporation Commission, and particularly upon the two commissioners sitting as arbitrators in the Ansonville depot case, can harm no one except Mr. Lockhart himself. It was intemperate beyond all measure. It was unworthy of a young lawyer and legislator who has displayed many attractive qualities, and we take the liberty of hoping that he now looks upon it with shame.—Charlotte Observer.

The North Carolina Governor who makes an appointment to fill a vacancy in office can have no assurance that his selection will receive the endorsement of the people. If Judge Allen has won the nomination for Supreme Court Justice from Judge Manning, and Mr. Whedbee has defeated Judge Ward in the third judicial district, it means that two appointees of Gov. Kitchin to judicial offices have failed of endorsement; and this is but a repetition of similar occurrences in the past. Judges appointed by Gov. Fowle, Gov. Glenn and Gov. Aycock met similar fates. This failure to endorse appointees of the Governor is really no reflection on the Governor or the men he appoints. It is usually the case that there are many candidates for an appointment, and those who fail often appeal—a common custom with lawyers—to the people. This is natural.—Statesville Landmark.

A truly astonishing battle fleet will be that which England proposes to assemble in the English Channel on July 4th, in preparation for the annual naval maneuvres. It will consist of no less than 307 fighting ships, all of the most modern and effective types and all flying the British flag. In the main line will be 45 first-class battle ships, including all of the Dreadnoughts and super-Dreadnoughts launched during the past five years, and supporting them will be 25 armored cruisers, 8 fast scouts, 108 destroyers, 36 torpedo boats, 50 submarines and 20 hospital and supply ships. Not an obsolete or useless vessel will be in the formidable armada. It will be a fleet planned for hard fighting. The American battleship fleet, which so startled the world in 1907, varied in size from time to time, as odd ships dropped out or joined it, but at its greatest it never displaced more than 600,000 tons. The English fleet will be just about twice as large, for its total displacement, it is estimated, will be rather more than 1,225,000 tons. But it will be even more than twice as formidable, for it will have 45 first-class battleships, against 16 in the American fleet, and 25 armored cruisers, against 8 in the American fleet, and its complement of destroyers will be ten times as large as the little flotilla which brayed the perils of the Horn. This gigantic force of warships —the largest that the world has ever seen under one flag—will maneuver in the English Channel for 25 days under command of Sir William May. Officially, its maneuvers will be without significance, but actually they will constitute an ingenious morality play for the instruction of the Germans. The ships will line up as if awaiting the advent of a hostile fleet from the North Sea—the battleships in a long, long rank, the destroyers and torpedo boats lurking between and behind them, the cruisers spread out fanwise in front of them, and the swift scouts patrolling the distant sea rim. And the flags will flutter out, bugles will blow, propellers will churn the water, big guns will boom—and Germany, it is hoped, will be led to meditate upon the benefits of peace.—Baltimore Evening Sun.

July 4th—At the Beach.
Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

Fruit Jars Fruit Jars

The Cheapest Place in Town to Buy Your Fruit Jars. Wholesale and Retail.

1-pint Mason's Jars, the dozen.....49c
1-quart Mason's Jars, the dozen.....69c
2-quart Mason's Jars, the dozen.....89c
Extra tops, porcelain lined, for any size Mason's Jars.
Extra Rubbers for Mason's Jars, the dozen.....5c
Jelly Glasses, tin tops, the dozen.....25c

Mosquito Canopies Perfection spring frame, for wood or metal beds, a 90-inch net, formerly sold for $3.00, special for this week.....$2.25
Nets to hang from ceiling, full size and single beds, expected this week.

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!
Large, medium and small Sailors and Shapes.....50c
The Knox Sailor, all colors, only.....50c

Store Closes Fridays at 1:00 O'Clock.

Store Closes Monday, July 4th, at 1 o'clock.

J. H. REHDER & CO.
The Popular Department Store.
THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Base Ball, Indian & Cowboy Suits and Indian Tents.

—The—
Clothing & Shoe Store
That Serves You Best

We believe the above sign tells the truth.
We not only serve all our patrons with the best, but guarantee every suit, shoe, or any other merchandise bought at our store, to be worth its price.
We have in stock some extra values to close out in Men's Clothing and Shoes. Anticipate your wants and lay in a supply. They will prove a splendid investment, and you will be surprised at the saving you make here.

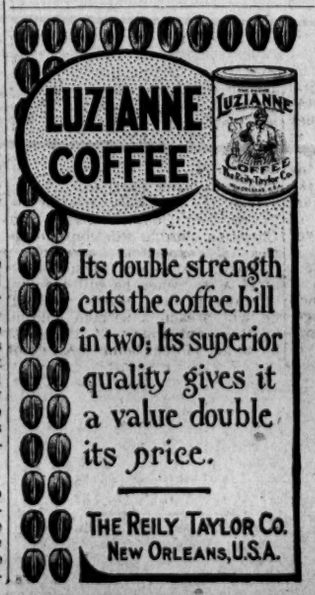
J. W. H. Fuchs
Sole Agent Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Oxfords and Holeproof Hosiery.

Jn 25 tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.
4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.
DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

There are Oils and Oils
There is our Water White Oil, which is the best kerosene made, and there are inferior grades which smoke and smell and give a poor light, but retail for the same money. Make your dealer furnish you
Water White 150° Fire Test Oil
and your oil troubles will cease.
Cape Fear Oil Co.
'PHONE 878.


LUZIANNE
COFFEE
LUZIANNE
COFFEE
Its double strength cuts the coffee bill in two; its superior quality gives it a value double its price.
THE REILY TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A.

LATEST AND BEST SELLING BOOKS
The Butterfly Man, by Geo. Barr McCutcheon.
The Green Mouse, by Robert W. Chambers.
The Running Fight, by William H. Osborne.
The Fortune Hunter, by Louis J. Vance.
Tower of Ivory, by Gertrude Atherton.
The Rosary, by Florence L. Barclay.
Lady Merton, Colonist, by Mrs. Humphrey Ward.
Poppy, by Cynthia Stockley.
Love the Judge, by Wymond Carey.
Cavanaugh, Forest Ranger, by Hamline Garland.
ROBERT C. DeROSSET
Bookseller & Stationer.

PLENOID SHOWING MADE

Annual Report of Mr. B. F. Keith, Collector of Customs at This Port. Increase in Importations. Other Statistics.

The annual report of Mr. B. F. Keith, the popular and capable collector of customs at this port, for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1910, was completed yesterday and a copy forwarded to the Treasury Department in Washington. The report is always of general interest to the community and this year is no exception to the rule.

A most interesting fact in connection with the report is that the aggregate receipts of the office decreased only a little more than one per cent., notwithstanding in the new tariff sulphates of ammonia is in the free list. In 1909 the duty on this commodity alone amounted to between $15,000 and $16,000. It will thus be seen that there have been some splendid gains in other respects.

In 1909 there were 27 foreign vessels to enter this port and this year the number increased to 42, a gain of 15. There was a decrease in the number that cleared for foreign ports, there being 52 in 1909 and 39 in 1910 and there was also a decrease in the number entering from domestic ports, there being 66 in 1909 and 60 in 1910. There was a gain, however, of 29 in the number that cleared for domestic ports, there being 71 in 1909 and 100 in 1910. The number of entries of merchandise also show a gain of 29. In 1909 there were 84 entries while in 1910 there were 113.

There was a slight gain in the value of exports. In 1909 the value of exports was $20,479,726, while in 1910 it was $20,922,398, a gain of 2 per cent. The greatest gain is shown in the value of the imports, the percentage being 91.6. In 1909 the value of the importations was placed at $1,228,945 and in 1910 it was $2,355,253. The total receipts of the office in 1910 amounted to $32,684.46 against $33,093.43 for 1909, a decrease of 1-2 per cent., which, however, is more than off set by the decrease in the cost of collection, which was $7,518.32 in 1909 and only $6,805.55 in 1910, a decrease of 10.4 per cent. It cost the government in 1909 22.7 to collect a dollar, whereas in 1910 the cost was only 20.8, a considerable decrease, due to several causes.

There is one fact that stands out prominently in the report and it is, that notwithstanding the limited storage facilities the value of importations has increased remarkably during the past year. With proper storage facilities, for which many of the wholesale dealers have been clamoring for some time, there is no telling to what great extent the value of importations would increase during the present fiscal year. Taken as a whole the report for the year is very gratifying and shows that Wilmington is growing rapidly as a port.

COMPLAINT IN CIVIL ACTION.

Case Brought by Mr. Hugh Wallace Against Mr. C. C. Covington.

Complaint was filed in Superior Court yesterday morning in the civil action brought by Mr. Hugh O. Wallace against Mr. C. C. Covington for alleged damages in the sum of $20,000 as a result of an alleged statement made by the latter at a meeting of the Citizens' Association. The salient features are contained in two paragraphs as follows:

"That on or about the 17th of May, 1910, the defendant, C. C. Covington, at a public meeting in the Court House in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, in the presence and hearing of several hundred of the citizens of said city, then and there assembled in public meeting, maliciously spoke, uttered and published the following false and defamatory words of the plaintiff: A few mornings ago at the union station, Hugh Wallace, W. S. Bunting and another man, whose name I don't know, were on the train, and Hugh Wallace was heard to say that it made no difference how the election goes, we have it fixed. I want to brand Hugh Wallace as a self-confessed thief.'

"That said statement was wholly false and defamatory and thereby the plaintiff was injured and damaged in his character and reputation in the sum of $20,000."

The plaintiff is represented by A. G. Ricaud and Walter P. Gafford, Esqs.

CONCERT AT SEASHORE.

Delightful Musicale to be Given in Pavilion on Pier.

The regular Sunday morning concert at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, will be given in the pavilion on the ocean end of the steel pier at 11 o'clock this morning by the Lumina Orchestra. No formal programme has been arranged, and any one desiring a particular selection may have it played by sending a request to Prof. J. F. Kneisel, the director. No programme was arranged for the reason that it was desired to render only those selections requested by the audience. The concert will be public and all beach residents and visitors are invited to attend.

Steamer Wilmington, July 4th.

The steamer Wilmington will make two trips to Southport and one evening trip to Carolina Beach tomorrow, leaving the wharf at foot of Market street at 9 A. M., and 2:30 P. M. for Southport and at 7:50 P. M. for the beach. Visitors from the city will be afforded an unusual opportunity to spend the day at either of these places There will be music and dancing at Carolina Beach.

Fourth of July fireworks, lowest prices at Rehder's, Fourth Street Bridge. **

Those Pies of Boyhood.

How delicious were the pies of boyhood. No pies now ever taste so good, what's changed? The pies? No. It's you. You've lost the strong, healthy stomach, the vigorous liver, the active kidneys, the regular bowels of boyhood. Your digestion is poor and you blame the food. What's needed? A complete toning up by Electric Bitters of all organs of digestion—Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels—Try them. They'll restore your boyhood appetite and appreciation of food and fairly saturate your body with new health, strength and vigor. 50c at Robert R. Bellamy's.

LUTHERANS' SUMMER SCHOOL

Normal for Sunday School Workers Will be Held at Meisenheimer Springs—Rev. W. A. Snyder an Instructor.

Among the Summer schools for teacher and students of various sciences by no means the least is the Normal for Sunday School Workers, which will be held during this week at Meisenheimer Springs. The Lutherans of this State have not been backward in adopting the best possible Sunday School methods and text books and in furnishing teachers and officers with proper instruction. Last year this normal was held at Hickory and was attended by teachers and officers from all quarters of the State. Even a larger attendance is expected this year.

Meisenheimer Springs is a Summer resort in Stanly county possessing many advantages for quiet retreat and study. Immediately following the Normal for Sunday School teachers there will be a vacation school for pastors also.

Among the instructors at both these schools are found the names of Dr. Voigt and the Rev. W. A. Snyder, the one the former and the other the present pastor of St. Paul's. Dr. Voigt is the recognized theological leader of the Lutheran Church in the South and the present pastor of St. Paul's has perfected a system of religious instruction for the young in his congregational work, which has made him a leader in the line of religious education for the young. Mr. Snyder will be the instructor on pedagogy and will deliver six lectures on the laws of teaching to Sunday School teachers. At the pastor's school he will speak on "Eternal Life" according to the fourth gospel and on the furnishings of a Lutheran Church, the one a theological and the other a practical subject.

COMMITTEE ORGANIZES.

Meeting Yesterday of Newly Elected Executive Committee.

The newly elected Democratic executive committee for New Hanover county held a meeting in the Court House at 12:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and organized by the election of Marsden Bellamy, Esq., as chairman and John W. Gafford, Esq., as secretary. The meeting then adjourned. The following are the committeemen from the several precincts of the county: First Ward, W. C. Boesch; Second, L. M. Bunting; Third, L. B. Rogers; Fourth, Thos. W. Davis; Fifth, John W. Gafford; Harnet township, Delgado, Mr. Woods; seven mile post, Garret Walker; Masonboro, D. D. George; Federal Point, Melvin Horne; Cape Fear, Herbert Johnson. Those present at the meeting yesterday were: L. B. Rogers, Thos. W. Davis, John W. Gafford, Garret Walker, D. D. George, Melvin Horne, and Marsden Bellamy, Esq.

LARGE DURHAM EXCURSION.

Brought 450 People for Short Visit to City and Beach.

One of the largest Sunday school excursions of the season arrived yesterday from Durham bringing about 450 people for a day's visit to the city and Beach. The excursion was under the auspices of the Methodist and Baptist churches of East Durham and the run to the seacoast over the Durham & Southern and Coast Line was unusually good, the train arriving about on schedule time.

The majority of the large party went directly through to Wrightsville Beach, where they spent a few hours most pleasantly. They returned to Wilmington in the afternoon and departed last evening at 6 o'clock on the return trip. The run over the Durham & Southern via Dunn, thence by Fayetteville to this city, is becoming the popular route for excursion trips to the seacoast.

BIG MATINEE MONDAY.

All Day Session at Electric Score Score Board—Baseball and Fight.

The management of the electric score board at Struthers' announce an all-day session tomorrow. The morning game at Fayetteville will be taken in detail and the afternoon game will start promptly at 3 P. M. The hour of the morning game is 10 A. M. and all the fans are expected. Immediately after the afternoon game the returns from the mill at Reno, Cal., will begin to come in and these bulletins will be displayed by rounds. The admision for both big sporting events on the glorious fourth will be only 25 cents. There will be two expert telegraph operators on hand to report the fight and the fight fans are promised the best that is going just as it occurs at the ringside. Everybody is invited.

ITALIAN CONSUL HERE.

Has Been Visiting Rev. W. S. Key in Pender County—Report.

During the past two weeks Lieut. W. E. Meyer, Italian Consul in the Bermuda Islands, accompanied by his wife, have been paying a visit to the Rev. W. S. Key, at his experimental farm near Croom's Bridge, on the Northeast river. During their stay they paid a visit to the Italian colony at St. Helena, and later Mr. Key accompanied his visitors throughout the trucking and farming sections of Eastern North Carolina where they inspected many interesting sections of the progressive State. Lieut. Meyer is reporting for his government.

Fight Returns at Baxter's.

Always alive to the convenience and desires of patrons, the management of Baxter's Place, on Front street, announces that the fight returns will be received by wire there tomorrow afternoon and displayed free of charge to all who desire to come around for the afternoon. The courtesy will no doubt be greatly appreciated by the fight fans who congregate thither.

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

Fireworks wholesale and retail, lowest prices at Rehder's. **

ARCHITECTS ELECT OFFICERS

Concluding Business Session of North Carolina Architectural Association Held Yesterday Afternoon—Smoker.

With a business session in the Elks' Temple yesterday afternoon, following a conference with a committee from the Builders' Exchange, the fourth annual convention of the North Carolina Architectural Association, in session here since Friday, adjourned sine die at 6 P. M., after electing officers for the ensuing year, and selecting Raleigh as the place for the mid-Winter meeting.

The morning session of the association was called to order at 10 o'clock by the president, Joseph F. Leitner, of Wilmington, who delivered an able and well prepared address on "The Mistake of Architectural Competition." It was an address full of interest to the architects and they gave him careful attention. This was followed by the consideration of a large number of matters of interest only to the architects.

The afternoon session was convened at 3 o'clock, the most important matter of general interest being the annual election of officers, which resulted as follows:

President—Frank K. Thomson, Raleigh.

Vice President—Hill C. Linthicum, Durham.

Secretary and Treasurer—Franklin Gordon, Charlotte.

The following were named as the board of directors: Frank Thomson, Raleigh; F. A. Weston, Greensboro; O. E. Hartge, Raleigh; Hill C. Linthicum, Durham; Franklin Gordon, Charlotte.

The architects decided to hold a mid-Winter meeting again this year and selected Raleigh as the place. The meeting will be held in December, during the Christmas holidays.

Late in the afternoon there was a conference between the architects and a committee from the Builders' Exhange, composed of the following: E. D. Tesser, Greensboro, chairman; R. E. Piper, Durham; B. MacKenzie, Greensboro; D. J. Rose, Rocky Mount; and Mr. G. H. Chasmar, with reference to an increase of the percentage payments on contracts held by master builders and the increase of bonds where such is deemed advisable by the architects. The conference lasted for nearly two hours and was very satisfactory to both the architects and the builders.

Last night the visiting architects were entertained at a smoker at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach. Mr. John W. Harper, the genial and popular owner of the steamer Wilmington, yesterday extended the architects an invitation to take a trip down the Cape Fear river on the boat, but owing to the large amount of business it was impossible to accept. A number of the architects will take the trip today.

The art exhibit in the assembly hall of the Seashore Hotel, which has attracted considerable attention, is still in place and will be open for the inspection of the public until tomorrow.

This has been by far the largest attended and most enthusiastic meeting of the organization ever held.

FUNERAL OF MRS. LILLY.

Services This Morning From Residence—Interment in Oakdale.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Katherine E. Lilly, relict of the late Edmund Lilly, of this city, whose sad death occurred Friday midnight, will be conducted from the residence, No. 504 Orange street, this morning at 9:30 o'clock and the interment will be in Oakdale cemetery. In the absence of her pastor, the Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., of the First Presbyterian church, the services will be conducted by Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., pastor of Saint Andrew's Presbyterian church.

Mr. John A. Buchanan, a brother, of Darlington, and Miss Hettie Buchanan, of Cheraw, S. C., a sister of Mrs. Lilly, were expected last night on the late train to attend the funeral this morning.

NEWBERN'S BI-CENTENNIAL.

Wilmington Motor Boats Will Participate in the Races.

The following from yesterday's Newbern Journal will be read with interest here:

"A message from Wilmington states that a number of motor boat enthusiasts of that city will bring their crafts to Newbern during the Bi-Centennial Celebration and will enter the races which are to be held here that week. Some of the speediest launches in this State are owned by Wilmington people and it is probable that they will capture one or more of the prizes."

At Brooklyn Baptist Church.

At Brooklyn Baptist Church this morning the pastor, Rev. C. F. Whitlock, will continue his series of sermons on Baptist teachings and his subject will be, "Why Baptists Baptize and What Baptism Symbolizes." Tonight he will preach the fifth in his series of practical sermons to young men, his subject being "The Young Man's Return Home and the Welcome he Received." A feature of the evening service will be the music. An open air meeting will be held at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited to attend.

Expository and Patriotic.

Rev. C. H. Sweet, pastor of the Fourth and Church Streets Advent Christian church, will continue his series of expository sermons upon "Christ's Parabolic Teachings," today at 11 A. M., when he will examine the "Parable of the Leaven." At 8 P. M. he will preach a sermon appropriate to the anniversary of the Nation's birth, his subject being: "A Lesson for Our Nation." A cordial invitation to attend these services is extended to all whom duty does not call elsewhere.

A Frightful Wreck

of train, automobile or buggy may cause cuts, bruises, abrasions, sprains or wounds that demand Bucklen's Arnica Salve—earth's greatest healer. Quick relief and prompt cure results. For burns, boils, sores of all kinds, eczema, chapped hands and lips, sore eyes or corns, its supreme. Surest pile cure. 25c at Robert R. Bellamy's.

FORGERY OF LARGE CHECK

W. C. Galloway, Jr., Arrested Yesterday Afternoon on Serious Charge. Hearing is Set for Tuesday of This Week.

Charged with forging the name of his father-in-law, Mr. D. N. Chadwick, Sr., to a check for $175 and having it cashed at the American National Bank, this city, last Saturday, W. C. Galloway, Jr., a well known young man, was arrested shortly after noon yesterday by Constable W. B. Savage. The warrant was sworn out by Mr. Thos. E. Cooper, cashier of the bank, and was issued by Justice Harriss, before whom the young man was taken after being placed under arrest.

The bond for appearance at trial before the justice Tuesday at noon was fixed at $250, which had not been given early last night, but it was stated that the bond would be arranged during the night so the young man could again enjoy his freedom. Constable Savage, who made the arrest, says that the young man confessed to the charge and stated that he used a portion of the money in settling up some accounts and the balance he "threw away."

While the check was presented and cashed at the bank last Saturday, the alleged forgery was not discovered until yesterday morning, when Mr. Chadwick was notified that his account was overdrawn. He knew that something must be wrong, that he should have a considerable amount yet to his credit in the bank, and began an investigation which resulted in the finding of the check drawn in favor of W. C. Galloway, Jr., for $175 and bearing the signature of D. N. Chadwick, Sr. Immediately after this discovery was made Mr. Cooper secured a warrant for the arrest of the young man.

Last night the amount of the check was paid to the bank and it is not thought that the prosecution of the young man will be pushed.

New Hanover Apples.

The Star yesterday received from Mr. C. H. Bonham, who lives near Winter Park Gardens, a sample of some very fine New Hanover "mountain" apples. They were of large size and most excellent quality and afford a splendid example of what New Hanover can produce in fruit culture when proper intelligent care is exercised by the grower.

THE DEMOCRATIC ISSUES.

Upon Which Fall Campaign Will be Conducted Announced.

Washington, July 2.—Defining the issues on which it expects to conduct its campaign this Fall, the Democratic Congressional Committee issued its first official pronunciamento today since opening its headquarters in this city. It was signed by Representative Lloyd, of Missouri, the chairman, and sets for that the issues will be:

"The tariff and its consequences; the extravagant expenditures, wrong doings of officials, graft that is shown to exist in nearly every government branch and the autocratic ruling of the majority party." It is contended that these will all be factors "in bringing about a Democratic victory in November."

The Committee announced that in addition to headquarters here it will open headquarters in Chicago August 1st; that its campaign book will be ready for the Democratic spellbinders the latter part of July and that the committee will wage a vigorous contest, in confident expectation of a Democratic House of Representatives in November.

That conditions generally are very favorable to the Democrats is asserted by the committee which declares that the work of the administration and of Congress during the last two months improved Democratic prospects. The statement asserts that no one need think that there is any hope of uniting Republican factions and that the Republican party is seriously divided and must remain so until after the November election.

START ON OCEAN RACE.

Three Yachts From Fire Island to Cape May.

New York, July 2.—Three yachts, one a schooner and two sloops started from the lower bay today on the Brooklyn Yacht Club's annual ocean race from Fire Island to Cape May and return.

The yachts that started were Commodore William C. Tower's schooner Tammany; H. L. Herzog's sloop Gardenia and Richard Von Fauriger's sloop Adyta. The Tammany allows the Gardenia 42 minutes and 21 seconds and Adyta 48 minutes and 27 seconds. The boats got away in a light wind and with the sea as smooth as a mill pond. The race will probably be finished early Monday.

Randolph Hearst is the donor of the race for this year. Sir Thomas Lipton gave the cup for the first of these races in 1908 and last year Richard Croker gave the prize.

TO PRAY FOR JOHNSON

Negroes Will Hold Special Services During the Fight.

Hutchinson, Kas., July 2—The negro Holliness Church here today arranged for special services for Monday afternoon to pray that Johnson may defeat Jeffries.

The negro Holiness church has not yet built a house of worship here and a large tent was constructed today for the accommodation of those who will attend the services on Monday.

There are about 1,200 negroes here. According to the programme announced the negroes will pray and play religious hymns.

Arrangements have been made to have the result of the fight bulletined by rounds at the meeting.

"Foley Kidney Pills Have Cured Me".

The above is a quotation from a letter written by H. M. Winkler, Evanville, Ind. "I contracted a severe case of kidney trouble. My back gave out and pained me. I seemed to have lost all strength and ambition; was bothered with dizzy spells, my head would swim and specks float before my eyes. I took Foley Kidney Pills regularly and am now perfectly well and feel like a new man. Foley Kidney Pills have cured me."—Robt. R. Bellamy.

OBSERVANCE OF THE FOURTH

Day Will be Generally Celebrated in This Section—Events at Wrightsville and Carolina Beaches and Southport.

The indications are that the Glorious Fourth—tomorrow—will be more generally celebrated in this section than for many years past and business will be practically at a standstill. As usual, Wilmingtonians will flock to the beaches and some will go to Southport, where the day will also be observed with an attractive programme of events. The banks and public offices will be closed and the postoffice will observe holiday hours. Besides many of the business houses are expected to close for at least a portion of the day in order to allow their employes to spend a few hours in rest and recreation.

It is very probable that the crowds at Wrightsville Beach will be the biggest in years. The Tidewater Power Company has arranged for an attractive programme of athletic events, beginning at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, which have been given in The Star. All the boarding houses and hotels are crowded with guests and hundreds, yea thousands, are expected to go down from the city to witness the contests. The Tidewater Power Company anticipates heavy travel and expects to put in service its entire equipment.

The athletic events will take place on the beach in front of Lumina. Several of these events have been held on the beach in the past and they have become immensely popular. The beach at low tide, being as firm and smooth as a board, offers an excellent place for pulling off running races, and events of that nature; and the verandas at Lumina make an excellent grand stand from which the crowds can view the events.

As stated the athletic events begin at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning and will continue until about 2 o'clock. A fine lot of silver canoes, cups, etc., have been offered by the Tidewater Power Co., as trophies for the winners in the contests. There are some excellent athletes among the young men of Wilmington, and there is no doubt that the contests will prove very exciting. The contests are open to amateurs only.

One of the most exciting events will be the canoe race which takes place in the ocean. Each canoe will be manned by two men and the conditions of the race require the contestants to start from a line on the beach one hunderd feet from the water's edge, carry the canoe to the water, launch it through the breakers, race around a buoy anchored a half mile off shore and back again through the breakers to the starting point on the beach. Of course a great deal of skill is required in getting through the breakers, especially if the sea is a little rough. Each canoe must return with full equipment with which it starts; that is, with both paddles. The first prize for this event is a handsome silver canoe.

In the afternoon there will be yacht races under the auspices of the Carolina Yacht Club, about ten boats in number. This race will be open to all boat owners of the club and will take place in Wrightsville Sound as usual.

At night there will be a souvenir dance at Lumina, which will be attractively decorated with American flags.

There will be music and dancing at Lumina in the afternoon as well as the souvenir dance at night. There will be a four-car train to the beach every half hour.

The day will also be observed at Carolina Beach and hundreds of Wilmingtonians will spend the day very pleasantly at that delightful resort. The steamer Wilmington will make three trips during the day, the first boat leaving at 9 A. M. and the second at 2:30 P. M. for Carolina Beach and Southport and the third at 7:30 P. M. for Carolina Beach. Returning the last boat will leave the beach at 10 P. M., arriving here one hour later. A band has been engaged to furnish music all day and there will be dancing and other forms of amusement.

The steamer Duplin, Capt. Stokes, will run an excursion to Wilmington tomorrow. The boat will leave Smith's Bridge at 7 A. M. and arrive in Wilmington at 3 P. M. The visitors will spend the afternoon and evening at the beaches.

Regarding the celebration of the day at Southport this week's Southport News has the following:

"There will be something doing on the Fourth. Capt. J. B. Church and his Baraca class are behind the events for the day at Southport and several popular features will be staged.

"At 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon the motor boat race will start from the government wharf. For several days boatmen have been putting their boats in good shape for the event. Thirty entries have been made already. Entries may be made by any boats from Southport and the fort to Saturday night.

"The course will be from the wharf up the river and around buoy No. 9, then down to the wharf at Fort Caswell and back, this course being run twice, as the full distance to be made.

"The three first are cash prizes and other prizes will be offered by the merchants. Mr. H. P. O'Hagan will be time-keeper.

"At 4 o'clock a game of baseball will be played between the Y. M. C. A. team from Wilmington and the Baraca class team out on the new diamond in the Owens Field, where a grand stand has been erected for the comfort of attendants.

"These events will furnish recreation and pleasure in an appropriate and modest way for our townspeople to enjoy this holiday."

BUILDERS' EXCHANGE.

Semi-Annual Meeting Held at Wrightsville Beach Yesterday.

The regular semi-annual meeting of the Builders' Exchange of North Carolina was held in the assembly hall of the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, yesterday morning, with a large attendance of the members. Upon motion, Mr. Eugene West, of Greensboro, was elected chairman of the meeting, which was held primarily for the purpose of considering a proposed uniform building contract which the builders desire that the architects, who were also in session here, adopt. A committee was appointed to draft a resolution embracing the features that were desired and present same to the architects at a meeting in the afternoon. As stated in connection with the meeting of the architects, the builders and architects held a very satisfactory conference in the afternoon, agreeing upon several matters of mutual interest, but of no interest to the general public. This was the principal matter before the Builders' Exchange and the remainder of the day was spent in rest and recreation. Many of the visitors will remain over until tomorrow, but a few returned home last night.

—M. G. Silvia, a white man, was arrested last night on a warrant charging him with nuisance, it being alleged that while under the influence of some intoxicant he raised a disturbance around his home on Sixth, between Castle and Queen streets. He was given a berth at the City Hall for the night. He is a well known contractor.

Wanted, people who have been unable to get glasses that properly fit the eyesight to call on Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple, where satisfaction is guaranteed. Examination free. **

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The People's Savings Bank

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of Business June 30th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$1,144,009 63
All other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	8,000 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	37,250 00
Due from Banks and Bankers	90,437 09
Cash Items	4,451 52
Gold Coin	1,427 50
Silver Coin	933 66
National Bank Notes and other U. S. Notes	4,263 00
Total	$1,290,772 40

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock, Paid in	$ 65,000 00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes	55,032 41
Dividends Unpaid	3 75
Deposits	1,179,420 53
Cashier's checks outstanding	315 71
Total	$1,299,772 40

I, F. W. Dick, Cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of July, 1910.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest

JAS. G. BARENTINE,
J. O. REILLY,
D. C. LOVE,
Directors.

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The New Custom House.

Mr. S. P. Collier, clerk of the United States Court at this place, received official notice yesterday morning from he United States Treasury Department that warrants for $68,300, covering thet amount of the purchase price of the property on which the new custom house will be located, will be mailed in a short time. It is expected that shortly thereafter work of tearing away the old buildings and the erection of the handsome new structure will be commenced.

CONFEDERATES IN NORTH.

Petersburg Veterans Guests of G. A. R. Post at Springfield.

Springfield, Mass., July 2.—A company of Confederate veterans, 80 strong, marched through the streets of Springfield tonight, cheered at every step. They were the guests of E. K. Wilcox Post G. A. R., of Springfield, and were members of the A. P. Hill camp of Confederate Veterans of Petersburg, Va.

After the parade through the streets, the blue and the gray gathered at Memorial Hall, where they joined together in a genuine old fashioned camp fire. The visitors are to remain in Springfield until the middle of next week and will participate in the city's Fourth of July parade and celebration.

KILLED MAN NEAR SHELBY.

Prominent White Man Killed by a Negro Yesterday in Fight.

Shelby, N. C., July 2.—At the Moss saw-mill near Earl, this county, Dewitt Lemmons, the son of Mr. W. B. Lemmons, was killed by a negro named Mince in an altercation.

Both men were working at the sawmill at the time. A posse left Shelby in automobiles with bloodhounds after the negro, who left at once. Lemmons was well known and popular in his neighborhood. The negro got quite a start on the posse, but it is thought he will be apprehended some time this afternoon.

ONSLOW FOR DUFFY.

Convention Instructed for Their Favorite Son Yesterday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Jacksonville, N. C., July 2.—The Democratic mass convention today adopted a strong resolution by unanimous vote instructing the delegates to vote as a unit in the Congressional convention for Hon. Rodolph Duffy and to use all honorable means to secure his nomination. No instruction for any other candidate.

TOM SETTLE APPOINTED.

Lands Government Job With Salary of $5,000 a Year.

Washington, July 2.—Thomas Settle, of Asheville, N. C., has been appointed by Attorney General Wickersham to assist Assistant Attorney General Lloyd in the conduct of customs cases. His headquarters will be at New York and his salary will be $5,000 a year.

—The police have in custody at the City Hall a pure white fox terrier dog, which the owner may get upon proper description. The dog was taken there about midnight by a young man who said the canine had been following him for several hours.

DON'T WAIT Until the Sale Is Over!

for good things seldom last. Compare with the regular prices and see how these strike you.

$13.50 for two-piece suit selected from the finest Domestic all wool fabrics, values range from $18.00 to $30.00.

If you want a fine Imported Fabric, you can get a two-piece Suit, values ranging from $30.00 to $45.00 for **$19.00**

Do you know where you can equal these and do you know where you can get a finer, better made-to-measure Suit than comes from our great work rooms?

Every garment ordered at this sale is guaranteed to be made in the same manner as we turn out our regular priced clothes, AND THE GUARANTEE MEANS: "If you are not satisfied, you need not take the suit."

Take notice, one hundred and fifteen new patterns will arrive tomorrow per Clyde steamer. This new purchase is made in order to supply the increasing demand and to take the place of the many styles withdrawn. We desire that everyone should take advantage of this rare opportunity.

Get in Line.

Special Sale Prices Strictly Cash. **I. SHRIER** Special Sale Prices Strictly Cash.

The Reliable Tailor and Men's Furnisher. Northeast Corner Front and Princess Streets. Phone 885.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, Etc.

A SUMMER GIRL.
(From Red and Black.)

She wears a saucy hat
And her feet go pit-a-pat
As she walks;
And the sweetest music slips
From her saucy little lips
When she talks.

She fascinates the street
With her gaiters trim and neat
Made of kid;
For they twinkle as they pass
Like the rillets in the grass,
Half-way hid.

Her skin is soft and white,
Like magnolia buds at night
On the bough;
But for fear she'd be too fair
There's a freckle here and there
On her brow.

Then her winsome, witching eyes
Flash like bits of summer skies
O'er her fan,
As if to say, "We've met;
You may go now and forget—
If you can.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. E. Lawson has returned from a visit to relatives and friends at Columbia and Newberry, S. C.

* * *

Misses Eliza and Clara Lee Stevens, of Goldsboro, are guests of Miss Sallie Futrell, No. 419 South Front street.

* * *

Mr. E. P. Owen, Jr., formerly of this city, but now of Waycross, Ga., is visiting in the city for a few days.

* * *

Mrs. Annie L. Jordan and daughter, Miss Maggie Jordan, left yesterday morning for Graham to visit relatives and friends.

* * *

Miss Anna Fay Keith, of Keith, N. C., is the guest of Misses Lila and Adeline Keith for a few days at their home, No. 214 North Fourth street.

* * *

Miss Janie Hendricks has returned to her home in Greensboro, after a visit of several weeks' to Mrs. R. P. Gibson, on Wrightsville Beach.

* * *

Mrs. Chas. Ragan and Mrs. George Matton, of High Point, are guests of Mrs. Joseph D. Smith, 404 North Third street.

* * *

Miss Annie Bell Durham and Miss Geilda Moore, of Burgaw, arrived yesterday morning to spend some days as the guest of Miss Olive Thompson, near the Lingo box factory.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Wolf, Master Harold and little daughter, Helen Cranmer, of Bolton, N. C., will spend several days in the city visiting friends and relatives.

* * *

Mrs. Jack Hawkins, wife of Pitcher Hawkins, of the Wilmington baseball team, left yesterday afternoon for a two weeks' visit to her parents at Atlanta, Ga.

* * *

Mr. W. E. Ash, of Athens, Ga., was here yesterday on his way home from Wrightsville Beach, where he and Mrs. Ash have been spending some time. Mrs. Ash expects to remain at the beach for a month or two longer.

* * *

Many friends of Misses Nettie, Florence and Mary Trevillian, of Asheland, Va., will be pleased to learn that they arrived the past week to spend several months with Mrs. R. P. Gibson, on Wrightsville Beach.

* * *

ADD SOCIETY—

Misses Lizzie and Mae Hergenrother, two popular young ladies of Greensboro, formerly of this city, are visiting in Wilmington, the guests of their sister, Mrs. W. B. Schuler.

* * *

Misses Phoebe and Mary Martha Bishop, two accomplished young ladies from Mexico, Mo., the daughters of Rev. C. M. Bishop, D. D., are in the city, guests of their aunt, Mrs. Gaston D. Phares, on Market street. They will spend the Summer here, returning to school at Randolph-Macon College in September.

* * *

PRETTY WEDDING WEDNESDAY
CELEBRATED AT WALLACE.

Wallace, N. C., July 2.—The Baptist Church at Wallace, N. C., was the scene of a beautiful morning wedding Wednesday, June 29th, when Miss Mary Graham Carr was led to the altar by Mr. Francis McKoy Southerland. The ring ceremony was performed by the Presbyterian minister. The strains of Lohengrin's wedding chorus, beautifully rendered by Miss Madge Southerland, heralded the approach of the wedding party. The bride "divinely tall and so divinely fair," entered the church on the arm of and was given away by her brother-in-law Mr. James M. Johnston, of Willard. The groom with his best man, Mr. William Struthers, Jr., of Wilmington, N. C., met them at the altar. The ushers, Dr. Carl S. Sloan and Mr. Quinton G. Southerland, came next, followed by the attendants, Misses Melva Carr, Mary Boney, Mary Lillian Elsworth (Washington, N. C.), Delilah Southerland (sister of the groom), Messrs. Herman Meredith, Charles Southerland, Fitzhugh E. Wallace and Dr. Chas. D. Bass. The matrons of honor were Mesdames Alexander, Lloyd McGowen and James M. Johnston, Misses Mary Susan Carroll and Mary Wallace McGowen, the flower girls; and Miss Norma Carr, the ring bearer. "Hearts and Flowers" was softly played during the ceremony, and then the triumphant peals of Mendelssohn's wedding march, to which the bridal party marched out and were driven to the A. C. L. depot where they boarded the train for Warsaw and were entertained at dinner by the parents of the groom. The happy couple passed through on the afternoon train on their way to Wrightsville where the honeymoon will be spent at the Tarrymoore.

The bride was becomingly costumed in a traveling suit of new shade of blue, with gloves and toque to match and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and maidenhair ferns. The matrons of honor and attendants wore white lingerie dresses and large black picture hats with bouquets of pink carnations. The color scheme of green and white was artistically carried out in the church decorations, with cape jassamines, tall lillies, palms and ferns. The out of town guests included Mrs. William Struthers, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gibson Grady, Wilmington, N. C.; Mrs. Asa Sewell Cheek, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. D. H. Wallace, Kenansville, N. C.; Mrs. Aannie F. Carr, Rose Hill; Mrs. Theodore L. Dunn, Houston, Texas; Misses Lillian and Annie Rose Southerland, Warsaw; Miss Mary Dunn, Houston, Texas, and Mr. Isham Pierce, Raleigh, N. C. Many useful and handsome cut glass and silver presents attested the popularity of the couple, one of the handsomest being a chest of silver the gift of the best man.

The bride is a member of a prominent Duplin county family, than whom none stands higher, and the groom is a promising young business man of Wilmington, N. C., where he holds the responsible position of manager of a large clothing house.

COLEY NO FILIBUSTERER.

Steamer Probably Owned by Zelaya Held Up at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., July 2.—That she had aboard not even so much as a pistol and that a saw mill outfit constituted her sole cargo, was the positive assertion made today by Norfolk agents of the former owner of the steamer William Coley. This statement was in response to a report that the William Coley had been purchased by a person closely connected with former President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, and had sailed from Norfolk June 26th for Bluefields as a possible filibusterer.

It was further stated that the Coley, for a number of years a wrecking steamer on the coast, had been sold to the company Generale, James Deitrick, general manager and is now on her way to Bluefields via Jacksonville, Fla., and Kingston, Jamaica, where she will be used in barging bananas, principally on the Rio Grande river, Nicaragua.

It was also stated that another steamer, the Fortuna, is to be sent out shortly by the same company and that it is in no way connected politically in Nicaragua. The steamer Coley was carried out from Norfolk by an American crew, will discharge these at Kingston, and there take on a crew of natives.

Deitrick has offices in New York and is said to be an official of companies which operate a number of concessions in Nicaragua which were granted to him by Zelaya.

DAUGHTERS OF REBEKAH.

Installation Last Night of Officers of Letitia Lodge.

At the regular meeting last night of Letitia Lodge, No. 3, Daughters of Rebekah, the woman's branch of Odd Fellowship, the following officers were installed for the ensuing term by Deputy Grand Master, Mrs. A. T. Parker:

N. G.—Mrs. C. C. Littleton.
W. G.—Mrs. C. M. Bullock.
Recording Secretary—Mrs. Nora Hewlett.
Financial Secretary—Mrs. F. A. Walton.
Treasurer—Mrs. A. T. Parker.
Chaplain—Mrs. Annie Branch.
R. S. to N. G.—Mrs. T. G. Landen.
L. S. to N. G.—Mrs. H. C. Hamilton
R. S. to V. G.—Mrs. Annie Batson.
L. S. to V. G.—Mrs. J. H. Williams.

The following Grand Assembly officers assisted in the installation ceremonies: Mrs. J. M. Lord, Mrs. J. M. Branch, Messrs. T. G. Landen, H. C. Hamilton, A. T. Parker and E. D. Craig.

COTTON SEED CRUSHERS.

A Large Number of Reservations Being Made at Seashore Hotel.

The indications are that the meeting of the cotton seed crushers of North and South Carolina, at Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week, will be attended by probably two hundred representative oil mill men of the Carolinas. Already something like 150 reservations have been made at the Seashore Hotel. A special train will be run to this city from Columbia, S. C., leaving the Palmetto Capital at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The Columbia State of yesterday says that the train will carry more than 100 cotton seed men of that State. Among those who will deliver addresses are: E. J. Watson, of Columbia; Judge Hammond, of Georgia; W. A. Reynolds, of Charlotte, and B. W. Kilgo, of Raleigh.

Jones-Croom Nuptials.

Miss Rosa S. Croom, of this city, and Mr. C. H. Jones, formerly of Newport, England, but now of Wilmington, were united in marriage Thursday night, the ceremony being performed at the home of Mrs. Finley by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church. The ceremony was followed by a delightful reception.

MAJOR JAMES WILSON DEAD.

Noted Civil Engineer Passed Away in Charlotte Yesterday.

Charlotte, N. C., July 2.—Major James Wilson, who built the Western North Carolina Railroad through the Blue Ridge mountains, which at the time was conceded to be the most wonderful piece of engineering in America, died at his home here tonight at the age of 84. The greater part of his life was spent with this railroad and for many years he was its president, rising from the position of civil engineer. He was a gallant Confederate soldier, entering the army when he left the University and surrendering as major.

—All members of Eyota Tribe No. 5, I. O. R. M., are earnestly urged to attend meeting Tuesday night. An amendment to the constitution will be acted upon and it is important that every member be present.

Read Star Business Locals

DIED.

LILLY—At her home in this city, Friday midnight, July 1st, 1910, MRS. KATHERINE E. LILLY, relict of the late Edmund Lilly, in the 76th year of her age.

Funeral this (Sunday) morning at 9:30 A. M. from the residence, No. 504 Orange street; interment in Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Ex-Judge F. I. Osborne, of Charlotte, is a guest at Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach.

—Mr. Wm. A. French left last night for Boston, Mass., where he will spend two weeks on business.

—Among the guests at Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, is F. S. Spruill, Esq., of Rocky Mount.

—Mr. Elmer Betts, of Fayetteville, arrived yesterday and is the guest of his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Thompson.

LOCAL DOTS.

—On account of the Fourth of July there will be only one freight trip on the suburban line tomorrow. This trip will be made at 10 o'clock.

—Services will be held this morning and evening at the Wrightsville Beach Chapel. There will be a celebration of the holy communion at 8 A. M. and service and sermon at 8:30 P. M. All are cordially invited.

—It was not Dinos, the confectioner at Fifth and Castle streets, who was tried before the Recorder Friday for selling fruit on Sunday, but it was the Italian who conducts a store on Castle, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

—At the Bijou tomorrow will be shown "Medium Wanted as Son-in-Law," "The Cherries" and "A Veteran of the G. A. R." It is an excellent programme and the little theatre will doubtless be crowded at each performance.

—It was stated yesterday that a number of hogs and chickens have recently been stolen from colored people living in the northern section of the city, among the victims being Thomas Betts and others.

—Manager Edgar L. Hinton, of the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, has received a letter from Mr. Chas. W. Gould, secretary and superintendent of agencies for the Jefferson Life Insurance Company, stating that an agency meeting will be held at the Seashore Hotel August 11th and 12th. Fifty or more agents are expected to be in attendance.

—Donations to Catherine Kennedy Home for month of June: Mrs. Nichols, beef roast; Mrs. J. Beery, tea; a friend, coffee; Mrs. H. F. Wilder, milk, potatoes, butter and buttermilk; Mrs. Dreher, plums; Mrs. Geo. Honnet, fans; Mrs. W. A. Wilson, chairs; Mrs. Sessoms, apples; Mrs. A. D. Wessell, prunes; Mr. Springer, ice; Messrs. Bunting and Bellamy, drugs.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, church edifice Market and 17th streets. Services at 11 A. M. No night service. Subject of lesson sermon: "God." All are welcome.

Trinity Methodist Church—Rev. E. R. Welch, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M.

St. James' Church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M., evening prayer at 6 P. M. Everybody cordially invited.

Grace M. E. Church, Fourth and Grace streets, services morning and evening at the usual hours by Rev. J. C. Wooten. Sunday school at 4:30 P. M. Public invited.

St. Paul's Lutheran Church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor. Fifth Sunday after Trinity. German service, 11 A. M. English vesper service, 8 P. M. Sunday school, 9:45 A. M. A cordial invitation to all. Seats free.

St. Thomas' Church, first mass 7 A. M., last mass 9:30 A. M. No evening service. Rev. Snyder, pastor, Sixth Sunday after Trinity. English service, 11 A. M. English vesper

Rev. F. N. Skinner will preach at St. Paul's P. E. church, Fourth and Orange streets, this morning at 11 o'clock. The public cordially invited.

Services at Wrightsville Beach Chapel today. There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at 8 A. M., also service and sermon at 8:30 P. M. All are cordially invited.

St. John's Church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector. Holy Communion and service 11 A. M. Rev. J. W. Fulford, one of the clergy attending the Bishop's Retreat, will preach. All are cordially invited.

Avent Christian Church, Fourth and Church streets, Rev. C. B. Sweet, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M., subject, "Parable of the Leaven." Sunday School at 3 P. M. Preaching at 8 P. M., theme: "A Lesson For Our Nation," after which the ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be observed. The Earnest Workers meet Wednesday at 3:30 P. M. Mid week prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. All welcome.

MEXICO'S CENTENNIAL.

City is Sprucing Up for Great Anniversary Celebration.

Mexico City, July 2.—Mexico City is "sprucing up" for the centennial independence celebration next September. Every day now more laborers are added to the large forces of men that are cleaning up the parks, painting public buildings, laying out new and more elaborate flower beds, widening or straightening streets, washing stone fronts to stately edifices, etc.

The Mexican officials are sparing no expense or pains to have the city look bright and clean when the thousands of visitors come. And a second Paris they will see. The celebration comes at a time of year when nature is in her full glory in this Republic. It will be at a time when gentle afternoon showers cool the atmosphere so that the evenings are pleasant, and leave nothing to be desired.

Preparations are steadily going forward for handling the largest crowds in the history of the capital of Mexico. The authorities will see to it that prices for accommodations are not raised to exhorbitant figures.

PENDER COUNTY NEWS.

Convention is Over—Personal and General Items From the Point.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Point, N. C., July 2.—The agony of the county convention is over. Thomas received from all accounts three-fourths of the county's strength. The other candidates were almost ignored. Allen, of course, will carry Pender. The Corporation Commission candidates were almost forgotten. Williams' friends claim him to be in the lead for solicitor. Shaw's friends are equally jubilant.

There is a certain popular young lady here who is just roping in the boys, politically of course. Moral: Always get the pretty girls on your side and you'll win out.

Misses Phoebe, Mary, Martha, Dorothea and Rose Bishop, daughters of Rev. Dr. Bishop, of Mexico, Missouri, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Jones—Dr. Bishop will visit Rocky Point tomorrow.

A spirit of civic improvement has struck our town. Our young men are building modern roads in the direction of where the young ladies are visiting ——The meetings continue being conducted by Rev. E. C. Glenn and Pastor Chas. M. Lance. Great interest is being taken. Large crowds attending both day and night services.

Notice to Gas Consumers

Be Sure and See the Free Demonstration. Water Heater Given Away Absolutely Free.

We Have Secured an Expert to Demonstrate

Humphrey Gas Water Heaters

Showing How to Get the Cheapest and Quickest Hot Water in the World.

Thursday the Last Day of Demonstration. Come and See.

Call and Learn of Our Offer. Demonstration Closes Thursday.

Tidewater Power Company

MAJ. STEDMAN FOR CONGRESS.

Kitchin Influence May be Given in His Behalf.

Greensboro, July 1.—As the time for the holding of the convention to nominate a candidate to succeed Hon. John Motley Morehead, in the Congress of the United States draws near, many Congressional bees are buzzing and many a man has already declared that his favorite candidate will "sweep the convention," but this is a matter that might be termed as whistling to keep the courage up. It is stated pretty freely that Dr. Mebane has a mighty good chance to carry Alamance, his native county, and Rockingham is practically solidly in line for him. Guilford would have given the doctor a good support but there isn't a shadow of a chance of an outsider getting into Guilford now. Major Charles M. Stedman has come out for the nomination and his name calls for the support of Guilford county, no matter what he wants. Major Stedman's record as a Democrat and as a statesman is known to every man in North Carolina who knows North Carolina. And thereby hangs a tale. Major Stedman in the last gubernatorial campaign was an ardent supporter of Governor Kitchin. In the fifth district is Governor Kitchin's home county, Person. It is said that the favor is to be returned in the present case and that Major Stedman will receive a goodly support from Person.

BIG DEBT FOR JOHNSON

Must Pay His Former Manager $30,100, A Ring Side Offer.

Reno, Nev., July 2.—According to a statement made today by Frank E. McEvery, of Chicago, representing George Little, former manager of Jack Johnson, Little will receive $30,100 in all from the heavyweight champion in settlement of the financial differences existing between them. It had been announced that Little had agreed to take $16,500 in liquidation of all his claims against Johnson.

Little stated today that he would be at the ring-side ready to offer $1,000 as a side bet in the interests of Sam Langford for a fight with Little's former charge whether Johnson wins, loses or gets a draw with Jeffries.

PREMIER CAR WINNER.

Awarded the Glidden Trophy—Decision Protested.

Chicago, July 2.—Glidden tour technical committeemen today decided the winner of the Glidden trophy to be the Premier car driven by Ray McNamara with 88 points against it; No. 5 Chalmers-Detroit was second with penalties of 116 points; No. 7 Maxwell was third 208 points; No. 2 Premier, fourth, 806 points; No. 10 Glide fifth, 2, 247 points No. 5 Cino; sixth 2,414 points.

The Chalmers-Detroit will appeal to the American Automobile Association from the decision awarding first place to the Premier.

CONGRESSMAN BROWNLOW ILL.

His Condition is Serious—Underwent an Operation.

Johnson City, Tenn., July 2.—Congressman Walter P. Brownlow, for many years Republican leader in Tennessee, was thought to be dying at the hospital of the National Soldiers' home near here this afternoon. He rallied slightly, however, and is resting easier tonight though his condition is grave. Congressman Brownlow recently underwent an operation at Baltimore and his condition has been more or less serious since.

J. S. CARR NOMINATED.

"Father of Durham" Named for the Lower House—A Stampede.

Durham, N. C., July 2.—Gen. Julian S. Carr, often called "Father of Durham" today was nominated, in a great stampede to the lower House of the North Carolina General Assembly. Gen. Carr's name was sprung when the county Democratic convention was preparing to nominate Chairman Brawley. The cheering was tremendous and Brawley joined in the shouting. Gen. Carr will hold his first office during his eventful career. Once he came near being elected United States Senator, the only office he ever sought. He is perhaps the State's best known private citizen. He begged the convention to let him spend the "evening of my life at home and in peace."

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

RAILROAD STRIKE FINALLY AVERTED

(Continued From Page One.)

ing until 6 o'clock this afternoon, means that the wages and conditions of railway labor in the Southeastern territory have been standardized on a scale very slightly lower than that in effect in other parts of the country. The men themselves—a majority of whom really did not desire a strike—are well satisfied with the terms of the agreement and the operating officials of the roads are pleased that a strike has been averted.

Some details of the agreement remain to be worked out, but this work will be concluded probably by tomorrow night. At the final conference this evening, both the railway officials and representatives of the employes cordially thanked the mediators for the unwearied efforts they had exerted in behalf of an amicable adjustment of the controversy. All were delighted that an amicable conclusion had been reached and the conference took on almost the nature of a love feast.

This mediation proceeding was the longest and most trying in the history of proceedings under the Erdman Act. Both Chairman Knapp and Dr. Neill have worked practically night and day on the matter for 16 days and their pleasure at so satisfactory a conclusion of their work was unrestrained.

Trouble on Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, July 2.—Official announcement was made by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company today that the members of the Order of Railway Conductors and Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen employed in the train and yard service of the company east of Pittsburg, Erie and Buffalo, are taking a strike vote because the company has refused to give the men a further increase in wages amounting to from 5 to 20 per cent. Approximately 15,500 men are involved.

In making the announcement the company gave out a statement giving its side of the case and also made public the strike circular distributed among the employes together with the company's answer to the men which was posted in all its yards. The company states that the men want a 10-hour day at the same wages paid for eleven hours and that the eleventh hour be considered extra work and paid for at the new ten hour rate. The company states that its rates generally speaking are higher than the New York Central's, but that it was willing to apply the rules of the New York Central arbitration award in addition to the present rates that obtained on the Pennsylvania, providing the eleven hour day could be maintained and pay for over time be paid on the one-tenth of the New York Central rate instead of paying one-tenth of the daily rate of the Pennsylvania.

The officers of the trainmen and conductors unions in their strike circular to the men say: "Generally speaking, yard rates put into effect by your company compare favorably with the rates paid by other companies in the territory, but we contend that both road and yard rates should be higher on our lines than paid by other companies for similar service because the policy of the Pennsylvania Railroad has always seemingly been to educate their employes in the belief that certain of such employes were entitled to from five to twenty per cent. more than paid by other companies for similar service. We feel we are entitled to a continuation of the practice accompanied by standard conditions of payment."

Department Managers' Clean-Up Sale at the Store of the C. W. Polvogt Co.

The annual inventory sale held each year at this season by the C. W. Polvogt Company will be in charge of their department managers. All the managers of the various departments have selected such items as they wish to sell and have made their own prices A full page advertisement in this issue will give you an idea of the many bargains that will be offered during the sale, July 5th to 16th. Hour sales will be held daily. Our readers are requested to read the advertisement of the Polvogt Company and be on hand Tuesday morning, the first day of the sale. **

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

REV. JOSEPH EVANS DEAD.

Well Known Presbyterian Minister. Sunday School Excursion.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 2.—Rev. Joseph Evans, one of the best known and most highly esteemed Presbyterian ministers in this section, died at his home in St. Paul's last night at 7:30. Mr. Evans was 75 years old yesterday and on account of declining health had not been actively engaged in the ministry for some time. He came here from Canada in 1872 and has spent most of the time in this county where he was loved by everyone regardless of denomination. Since he came to North Carolina Mr. Evans has served Smyrna church, that being his first charge; Ashpole, Clinton, Lumberton, St. Paul's, Big Rockfish, and Milton. He is survived by four daughters and two sons, Dr. Evans, of Rowland, being one of his children. The funeral will be conducted at St. Paul's tomorrow at 11 o'clock, Rev. H. G. Hill, of Maxton, officiating. Several Lumberton people will go up on the morning train to attend the funeral.

It was announced late this evening that on next Friday a joint Sunday School excursion would be run from Lumberton to Wilmington under the management of Messrs. Frank Gough and W. K. Bethune. Train will leave Lumberton at 7:30 Friday morning and leave Wilmington late in the evening. Fare for the round trip will be $1.25.

ROOSEVELT DECLINES.

Stops Agitation Favoring Him for Governor of New York.

Utica, N. Y., July 2.—About ten days ago the Republican Club in this city passed a resolution putting forward the name of former President Roosevelt as a nominee for Governor in this State. This resolution was forwarded Mr. Roosevelt June 29th with a statement as to the character and standing of the body which passed it.

It appears that Col. Roosevelt wrote an immediate reply, but in some manner the letter was missent and not until a day or two ago did the Secretary of the club, Fred B. Adams, of this city, receive the colonel's letter. The letter is a positive and unqualified declination of the proposed honor, and is as follows:

"May I, through you, cordially thank the Republican Club of Oneida county for this message of appreciative good will?

"Believe me I appreciate it and I trust you will make the club understand that I do appreciate it. But I also ask that the club at once stop any agitation to have me nominated for Governor. It would be an absolute impossibility for me to accept.

"With high regards, sincerely yours, (Signed) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT"

TOBACCO MEN'S MEETING.

Held Annual Convention at Sea—Officers Are Elected.

New York, July 2.—One hundred members of the Tobacco Association of the United States arrived today from Norfolk, Va., after holding their annual convention at sea.

The members are leaf tobacco men, mostly from Kentucky, Virginia and the Carolinas and they figured that it would be more agreeable in the prevailing hot spell, to thrash out their business plans at sea so they met at Norfolk and embarked on the Old Dominion liner Jamestown for that purpose.

Officers were elected as follows: President, D. M. Farrington; vice presidents, W. L. Petty, T. E. Roberts and A. P. Watson; chairman of the board of governors, W. B. Reed.

The members will spend their time here in a few short sight-seeing trips.

Norfolk, Va., July 2.—John H. Mohler, of the Department of Animal Industry at Washington today notified the Norfolk Health Department that an examination of the head of a small fox terrier sent from this city on Friday last disclosed the fact that the dog had rabies. The dog bit seven children in this city before it was killed.

Norfolk, Va., July 2.—Companies one and two, coast artillery of this city, will leave tomorrow afternoon on board the Virginia oyster gunboat Commodore Maury for Saluda, Va., where on Monday they will act as escort to Gov. Mann of Virginia who will deliver an address at the unveiling of a Confederate monument at that place.

INSURGENTS WITH ROOSEVELT

(Continued From Page One.)

of the appropriations for the secret service might be used in investigating the conduct of members of the Senate and House. At that time also, a resolution of censure, aimed at myself, was offered in Congress; and Madison and Murdock fought it to the end. Madison and Murdock were right in that fight—the provisions for the secret service should never have been stricken out."

Here the Colonel paused a moment, then like a shot he said:

"Would you like to know the secret of that fight? It was just this: A number of members of Congress realized that I was hitting at them. I am mentioning no names.

"Senator Bristow rendered a great service to his country in the postal investigation. He found the rascals and put them out."

The colonel was then pressed for something concerning the conference with Lloyd C. Griscom, president of the Republican County Committee of New York county. Mr. Giscom is spending the night at Sagamore Hill. It was Mr. Griscom who fathered the amendments to the now defeated Cobb direct primary bill and it was to him that Col. Roosevelt sent the telegram from Cambridge, urging that the measure be passed.

"What Mr. Griscom and I have discussed should be perfectly obvious from the tone of my Cambridge telegram," said the colonel. This dismissed the subject.

Col. Roosevelt has never said just what he proposed to do in the face of the defeat of the Cobb bill, but those who know him as a fighter look upon his conference with Mr. Griscom as indicating that plans are being discussed which will mean much to the Republican organization in this State.

Just when Governor Hughes will confer with the colonel is still problematical. "He may come at any time," said Col. Roosevelt, "but I am uncertain when."

"Now boys," admonished Victor Murdock, "whatever you write, don't say our faces were wreathed with smiles. Here is what we have to say, with the permission of the colonel. This statement will stand for all of us and there is not a word to add to it."

Mr. Murdock then dictated the following statement: "All three of us were anxious to see Mr. Roosevelt because we don't believe he had three tauncher supporters of his policies throughout his term of service and we believe he knows this better than any one else.

"Bristow was his right hand man in uncovering and punishing the postal frauds, and Madison and I were among the 35 who stood up for him when the fight was made to deprive him of the use of the secret service men in uncovering just such misdeeds as the postal frauds.

"Naturally, we feel much pleased to find him absolutely unchanged." (Mr. Murdock's voice rose a little unconsciously in emphasis, as he pronounced the last two words) "absolutely unchanged," he repeated, "in his attitude to public questions, and also to find how close he has kept in touch with what has happened in the last year and a quarter.

"Nothing more pleased us than his at once congratulating us and those associated with us in having succeeded in putting into the railroad rate bill the provisions vitally necessary in order that it represent progress along the line of proper control of interstate common carriers."

Senator Bristow paid this tribute to Col. Roosevelt: "Theodore Roosevelt is a bigger and broader man today than before he went away. That man is a marvel. What he says tingles. When he speaks he speaks the truth and the naked truth, whether truth naked is beautiful or ugly. It comes out like a shot and, like a shot it goes right to the mark. I never saw him show so much incessiveness. His jaw has a new angle of determination. He seems to me not only more broader but more alert."

Norfolk, Va., July 2.—The battleship Delaware, the great American dreadnaught left the Norfolk navy yard late today and is anchored tonight in Hampton Roads. The battleship will probably start to sea tomorrow morning on her speed trial test. Two of the launches carried by the ship were left at the local yard. The Delaware is expected to return here by Tuesday.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

SOME DRASTIC LIQUIDATION

Henry Clews & Co.'s Review of Stocks and Bonds—Financial Leaders More or Less Agitated—The Situation.

New York, July 1.—We have just passed through another period of drastic liquidation. Many stocks have touched their lowest point since the recession first commenced, and are now 15 to 40 points below the high level of the year. The latest cause for renewed weakness was the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission that some of the Pacific roads had been charging exorbitant rates on portions of traffic near the Pacific coast. This action was at once interpreted as an evidence of continued hostility on the part of the government towards the railroads. Perhaps such interpretation was not entirely warranted, but its effect upon the stock market was distinctly injurious. There is no disguising the fact that our financial leaders are more or less agitated over the continued attacks upon corporations in the Legislature and by the government. That there have been abuses which required reform is generally conceded, but the repetition of blows received from the Legislature and the government during the last six months is proving decidedly detrimental to the interests of investors. It may be good politics to strike the railroads and big corporations at every opportunity, particularly as some of the reforms insisted upon are necessary; nevertheless, the repeated shocks to confidence which these developments provoke ought, if possible, to be avoided. Foreign investors are already becoming particularly sensitive to the attacks upon corporations, which, if continued, will not only seriously injure our market abroad, but force an unwelcome return of our securities.

Unfortunately these shocks have come at a time when confidence has been undermined by other considerations. Liquidation has not been confined to stocks. It has extended to many commodity markets, and is finally being felt in land speculation, which in some parts of the country has been vastly overdone. It is now generally recognized that a business reaction is fairly under way. Economy and retrenchment is the order of the day, and the spirit of pessimism which prevails everywhere is in striking contrast with the feeling of optimism which marked the opening of the current year. Our bankers have been more or less apprehensive regarding the Western situation, where a spell of unusual prosperity had removed all checks upon extravagance and reckless speculation. It is known that many of the Western financial institutions, national banks excluded, were committed to extensive land operations, and that the over-extension of credit thus produced will oblige the interior banks to depend much more heavily than usual upon New York to finance the coming crops. In all probability this danger has been so fully realized that when the time of anticipated stringency arrives it will be found to have been largely discounted. Nevertheless, there still remains some uneasiness regarding the Western banking situation, which has been further complicated by unfavorable news regarding the crop of Spring wheat. These latter reports have undoubtedly been utilized to their full value. Conceding that some injury has happened in the Spring wheat region, this is really only a local affair, since the promise is for a large yield of Winter wheat, and the total wheat crop promises to be about an average one. There is still time for improvement for the remainder of the Spring wheat crop. According to the most reliable reports the outlook is for a big crop, which will more than compensate for any possible loss in wheat. Corn is of much more importance to the railroads, inasmuch as it not only provides much freight, but is the most important element in the preparation of cattle and hogs for market. The cotton crop is in fair condition, and according to the government report there is good chance for a full yield. The hay crop also promises to be large. As a whole the crop situation is fairly satisfactory. The big yields which were much to be desired are not forthcoming, but on the other hand, there are as yet no indications of serious or damaging deficiency.

As to the money situation that promises to largely correct itself. Funds are already accumulating, call money being especially abundant because banks are keeping their funds where they will be most readily available. The possibilities of stringency in the crop season have been materially lessened by recent liquidation. Business is dull and requirements on this account are correspondingly reduced. There is little speculation now in progress, and the fact that values of both stocks and commodities are on a considerably lower plane increases the working capacity of the money supply, and also tends to lessen the probabilities of stringency.

Whether the present decline will make any further progress or not is difficult to forecast. In any event some sharp recoveries are about due. There has been a decided increase in the strength of the bear party, and a short interest of considerable importance still exists, and would prove an element of strength in event of further recessions. Whatever unfavorable news may come to the surface during the next few weeks must have been largely discounted. Political disquiet; attacks on corporations; trade reaction; speculative liquidation; crop disasters, and threatened stringency in money would all seem to have been fully anticipated by the decline of 15 to 40 points, which, as said above, has taken place during the past six months. Many stocks are now selling upon a very attractive investment basis, especially in view of the low rates for money. From now on stocks are likely to pass from weak into strong hands, and investment purchases of high grade securities made at the current level, will later on unquestionably yield handsome returns. Speculative operations, however, will have to be conducted with extreme caution. Prices may undergo sharp rallies, but the powers in control of the market do not yet appear to be working in concert for a higher level, and until bull leadership becomes more pronounced, we can hardly look for a positive recovery.

HENRY CLEWS.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, July 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market, steady $4.50 per barrel.

TAR—Market, firm, $2.25 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market, firm $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.75 for dip and $5.25 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 37, rosin $2.65, tar $1.70, crude turpentine $1.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	15
Rosin	6
Tar	6
Crude turpentine	50

Receipts, same day last year 101 casks spirits turpentine; 288 barrels rosin; 14 barrels tar; 81 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nothing doing. Quotations corresponding day last year 8 9-16 cents.

Receipts—(—) bales, same day last year (—) bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith June 25th.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina, No. 1 $1.20 to $1.25 per bushel; Spanish $1.40 and $1.50; Virginia $1.00 and $1.10.

CORN—Firm 85 cents per bushel.

N. C. HAMS—Dull; hams 19 to 20; shoulders and sides 16 cts.

EGGS—20 and 21 cents.

CHICKENS—Spring 18 and 30; grown 30 scarce.

BEESEWAX—Firm at 26 to 27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2 to 5c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Out of season.

HIDES—Dr., flint 14c; green 8c per pound

WOOL—Burr 16c.; free of burr 22c.

GEESE—Out of Season.

PORK—Out of Season.

SHEEP—Grown $1.00 to $2.50.

LAMBS—Good demand $1.50 to $3.00.

PEAS—White black eyes $2.25 and $2.50; lady fingers $2.75; clay and cow peas $1.75; dun

IRISH POTATOES—New crop 40 to 50c per bushel, dull.

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

New York, July 2.—The statement of the clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold $8,918,450 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent. reserve rule. This is a decrease of $9,956,175 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week. The statement follows:

Loans $1,215,537, increase $15,755,000.

Deposits $1,268,273,800, increase $7,197,500.

Circulation $48,417,100, increase $71,900.

Legal tenders $68,377,600, decrease $1,439,900.

Specie $252,609,300, decrease $6,716,900.

Reserve $320,986,900, decrease $8,156,800.

Reserve required $302,068,450, increase $1,799,375.

Surplus $18,918,450, decrease $9,956,175.

Excess U. S. Deposits $19,422,775, decrease $9,891,425.

The percentage of actual reserve of the clearing house banks today was 25.76.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York not reporting to the clearing house shows:

Loans $1,175,239,100, increase $2,125,000.

Specie $130,370,300, increase $837,500.

Legal tenders $21,714,300, decrease $149,100.

Total deposits $1,290,472,000, increase $2,232,500.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, July 2.—The dry goods primary markets were very quiet during the day as most of the large houses were closed for the holiday. Cotton goods closed the week fairly steady with a fair demand reported for new Spring cottons to be made. Linens are quiet and burlaps seemed firmer.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, July 2.—Close: Prime mercantile paper 4 3-4 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange nominal with actual business in bankers bills at 4.84 to 4.8410 for 60 day bills and at 4.8580 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-4 to 4.85 3-4.

NAVAL STORES.

Charleston, S. C., July 2.—Turpentine firm [illegible] Quote: B, C, 5.05 to 5.10; D, 5.20; E, 5.30 to 5.35; F, G [illegible] to 5.30; I, 5.30; K, 5.40 to 5.45; M, 5.40 to 5.45; N, 5.45 to 5.70; WG, 5.70 to 6.00; WW, 5.90 to 6.30.

Savannah, Ga., July 2.—Turpentine firm 61 1-2 to 62. Sales 530; receipts 668; shipments 588; stock 8,341. Rosin firm; sales 2,302; receipts 2,183; shipments 1,060; stock 39,891. Quote: A, B, C, 5.10; D, 5.15 to 5.20; E, 5.22 1-2 to 5.35; F, 5.30 to 5.40; G, 5.30 to 5.40; H, 5.32 1-2 to 5.40; I, 5.37 1-2 to 5.40; K, 5.42 1-2; M, 5.45; N, 5.45 to 5.70; WG, 5.70 to 6.05; WW, 6.30.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, July 2.—Butter steady; creamery specials 29 1-2; process seconds to extras 22 12 to 25; imitation creamery 24 to 26.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; exports none.

Eggs weak; State Pennsylvania and nearby gathered whites 22 to 25; fresh gathered seconds 16 1-2 to 17 1-2.

Potatoes—Steady; Southern 40 to 1.37.

Cabbages—Lower; Long Island 2.50 to 4.00; Baltimore crate 40 to 50.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Port Movement.

Galveston—Steady, 14 13-16; nte receipts 109; gross receipts 109; sales 271; stock 23,435; coastwise 385.

Mobile—Nominal, 14 1-2.

Savannah—Net receipts 726; gross receipts 276; stock 15,774; Great Britain 519; coastwise 810.

Charleston—Net receipts 108; gross receipts 108; stock 3,547; coastwise 459.

Wilmington—Stock 1,806.

Baltimore—Stock 4,162.

Boston—Net receipts 102; gross receipts 637; sales 4,018.

WHICHARD FROM SALISBURY.

Boy Burglar Arrested at Washington From Lumberton.

(Special to Charlotte Observer.)

Salisbury, July 1.—Julian D. Whichard, the boy burglar, who was arrested in Washington City early yesterday morning in company with Ely B. Runyon, as they were emerging from a fashionable residence which they had entered for the purpose of robbery, is a native of Salisbury. His father, Mr. Julian R. Whichard, was for a number of years editor of the Daily Herald. Editor Whichard left Salisbury when young Whichard was about five years old and went to Hickory where he ran a newspaper and later he was editor and owner of the Lumberton Robesonian, but gave that up and went to Atlanta. The boy's parents have many friends here who will sympathize with them in their present trouble. Mr. Whichard married Miss Ella Roberts, one of Albany, Ga's. best young women and Julian is their oldest child. The boy is a nephew of Editor D. J. Whichard of the Greenville Reflector. He was an exceptionally bright child and had the material in him to have made a splendid and helpful citizen.

MARINE

CLEARED.

Str. Navahoe, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington N. C.

Schooners.

Bessie C. Beach, 284 tons, McKeague, C. D. Mafflit.

Alice Holbrook, 643 tons, Ellis, C. D. Mafflit.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., July 2, 1910.

W. & W. Railroad—4 casks spirits turpentine, 6 barrels rosin, 19 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Alice—2 barrels tar, 25 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—13 casks spirits turpentine, 6 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 56 barrels crude turpentine.

RED CROSS SOCIETY.

Will Follow Anthracite Plan in Extension of Its Work.

New York, July 2.—The American National Red Cross Society has decided to spread among bituminous mines the First Aid to the Injured system, which was introduced several years ago by the anthracite operators of Pennsylvania. A car has been donated to the society by the Pullman Company; it will visit the mines throughout the United States to make known to employers and employes the most approved first-aid methods.

With the sanction of the Interstate Commerce Commission every railroad to which the Red Cross Society has made application, has agreed to furnish free transportation for the car. The scheme is expected to be in operation the latter part of this month.

Dr. M. J. Shields, the man who started the First Aid to the Injured classes in the anthracite coal fields, has been retained by the American Red Cross Society to carry on its ampaign. Dr. Shields will travel with the car, and the United States Geological Survey will also detail a man to ccompany him to illustrate and explain the use of the various appliances and safety devices.

The Red Cross Society is having prepared for Dr. Shields' exhibit first-aid packets and a miner's first-aid book; a summary of the instructions in the book is translated into Polish Slovak, Lithuanian and Italian.

In recent years the first-aid-to-the-injured corps have become an important feature of the work of the companies in the anthracite fields. The corps are formed exclusively of the mine workers and a spirit of rivalry etween the first-aid organizations has kept efficiency up to the top notch. Every year the companies hold contests, and prizes are given to the winning teams.

A BALLINGER APPOINTMENT.

William L. Marshall Gets Position in Interior Department.

Washington, July 2.—Brigadier General William L. Marshall, who recently retired as chief of engineers of the army, today was appointed consulting engineer to the Secretary of the Interior Ballinger to assist him in solving the engineering problems involved in completing the reclamation projects now under way.

While the appointment coincides with the policy of the administration in taking all possible advantage of the technical training and experience of the army engineers in the mammoth task of reclaiming the arid and semi-arid regions of the country, it was said at the Interior Department that the new officer will not supplant F. H. Newell, director of the reclamation service, whose fate has been the subject of much speculation ever since the lines were sharply drawn between the Garfield and Ballinger administrations of the Department.

It was explicitly stated that General Marshall's appointment did not indicate any change in the personnel of the field force of the reclamation service, inasmuch as he would have no supervision or control over the operations of the service nor the designing of construction works. He would act, it was said, in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of the Interior, in the work of completing reclamation projects under the provisions of the act of June 25th, last, authorizing the issuance of $20,000,000 of certificates of indebtedness for that purpose.

The creation of the new position was in accord with the wishes of the President and was in harmony, it was stated, with the plan of inspection by army engineers of existing reclamation projects, as provided by the new law. That act provides for the appointment of a board of five engineers to be designated from the engineer corps of the army to inspect the reclamation works, reporting directly to the President. Mr. Taft has the appointment of this board now under consideration. The board will serve in an advisory capacity to the President while General Marshall will occupy a similar relation to the Secretary of the Interior.

Director Newell, of the reclamation service, in response to a question today said he thought the appointment of Gen. Marshall a good thing and believed it would expedite the work.

Gen. Marshall, who in his new position will receive a salary of $7,500 yearly, was placed on the retired list of the army on July 11th last, after a distinguished career as an engineer.

AMERICAN RHODES' SCHOLARS.

Those Awarded Honors at Oxford the Past Session.

Oxford, Eng., July 2.—Several American Rhodes' scholars have been awarded honors for the past collegiate year. F. D. Metzger, of Washington, takes first class honors in school jurisprudence; F. D. Griffiths, of California, F. E. Hohnan, of Utah, and W. T. Stockton, of Florida, take second class, and R. E. Blake, of Tennessee, and S. H. Bhlock, of Washington, third class. R. W. Burgess, of Rhode Island, took third class in school mathematics.

This week all ladies' suits at cost at A. D. Brown's. **

AFFAIRS AT STATE CAPITAL

Wake Democracy to Reclaim Itself. Working For Good Roads—Governor to Boston—Other State News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 2.—Wake county democracy is marshaling forces now for the pending campaign leading up to the November election, determined not only to heal all "wounds" in the party laid bare in the recent bitter primary campaign, and hold the Democratic strength that was registered two years ago, but also to gain some of the ground lost in the past thre campaigns.

It is a notable fact that in 1902 the Democratic majority in the county was 3,322; in 1904 it was 2,736; in 1906 it was 2,638 and in 1908 it was 1,487. In the latter campaign too, the rural precincts gave Taft a majority. These same precincts, also, in the recent primary vote rolled up the 700 majority for the "insurgent" democrats against the "regulars" that overcome the Raleigh 600 majority for the "regulars" and put in nomination all the insurgents save one lone regular, this being the sheriff of the county, J. H. Sears who fought his way in by a bare majority.

Watson Cooper, a negro, was brought here from Zebulon today and committed to jail for stealing a bicycle, or rather obtaining the machine under false pretence.

A special term of Anson county Superior Court was ordered today to convene August 8 with Judge Biggs presiding. It is to be a two weeks term for civil causes.

A charter issued today for The Gurney Clay Co., Franklin, Macon county, capital $50,000 by J. W. Gurney and others. The Talcum Puff Co., of Franklin, increases capital from $100,000 to $250,000.

News reached here today that a well known Asyrian known as Dr. SanPredo was killed in a runaway five miles from the city yesterday. The details of the accident are not known here. He was 60-odd years old and spent much time in Raleigh.

A new departure for the North Carolina Good Roads Association, under the aggressive leadership of Secretary Joseph Hyde Pratt, State geologist, is the distribution throughout the State in territory contiguous to improved roads, of pocket cards and flaming posters setting out in concise attractive manner "How to keep this road for years." These terse paragraphs make up the poster:

"This road was constructed for your use."

"Don't drive in one track." Avoid making ruts."

"If all use one place all the wear will be in one place and make a rut."

"If you use a little care and do not drive exactly where the last wagon did the wear will be distributed, which will keep the surface smooth and the road will remain good for years; otherwise it will soon be rutted and the smooth surface gone."

Marshall Williams, Cumberland county, serving a term of one year for second degree burglary, is pardoned by Governor Kitchin with the condition prescribed that he remain sober, law abiding and of good behavior. It is a case the Governor says, in which the prisoner, in a drunken condition, entered the wrong house and was found there asleep or in a drunken stupor. The owner of the house was away and and his son, 16 years old, was in charge of the place. The pardon is asked by the prosecutor, the prosecuting officers and by many citizens.

A requisition on the Governor of Oregon was issued today by Governor Kitchin for George Holder, wanted in Mitchell county for the killing of John Wilson. Holder is now in jail in Coquitte county, Oregon, awaiting the arrival of the North Carolina officers.

The "pocket change," warrants on the State treasurer for the inmates of the Soldiers' Home, which are issued quarterly, were drawn today in the office of the State auditor and the warrants sent to the Home for distributiontion. There are 136 of these warrants. This time they are issued quarterly, the old veterans being allowed $6 per year, or $1.50 per quarter. The act of the last legislature that makes this provision was introduced and pressed through the legislature by State Senator W. B. Jones, who was defeated for renomination in the recent sensational Democratic primaries in Wake by Dr. Sikes, of Wake Forest College.

Governor Kitchin left today for Boston to attend the National Educational Association in Session there next week with Dr. J. Y. Joyner North Carolina's superintendent of public instruction presiding as president. The Governor will deliver one of the principal addresses Monday in connection with the first day of the conference.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

The State Association Meets in Charlotte in August.

Newbern, N. C., July 2.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the State Association of County Commissioners, held at Greensboro, in November, 1909, it was decided to hold the next, which is the third, annual meeting of the State Association of County Commissioners of North Carolina in the city of Charlotte. Your county board is therefore respectfully requested to appoint one or more delegates from your Board of County Commissioners to attend the annual meeting of the State Association of County Commissioners which is called to meet in the city of Charlotte on Wednesday, after the second Monday in August, at 11 o'clock A. M., it being on August 10th, 1910. See Chapter 870, Section 7, page 1275 Public Laws of North Carolina, Session of 1909.

It is earnestly desired that every county in North Carolina be represented at this meeting. We respectfully request your delegates to attend and hope you will appoint every member of your Board and pay their expenses to this meeting. Please notify Mr. G. V. Richardson, secretary and treasurer, Dover, N. C., the names and post-office address of your delegates. Please make your appointment of delegates at once. It is important we have the names and postoffice address of your delegates as early as possible.

Yours very truly,
C. E. FOY, President.
J. A. DAVIDSON, Vice Pres.
G. V. RICHARDSON, Sec. & Treas.

INDIANS TO STOP ROVING.

Chiefs Announce They Will Build a Number of Towns.

Oklahoma City, Okla., July 2.—Indian chiefs attending Big Sun or Willow dances at Big Jakes Crossing, near Clinton, Okla., announced today that they had decided to build a number of towns in which only Indians would be permitted to live.

It is believed this would do much to break up the roving habit among the red men of Western Oklahoma and give them better opportunities in an economic way.

J. W. Strongheart, grandson of "Sitting Bull", in advocating various reforms among the Indians, said more religion and less politics was needed in the Indian missions and schools.

Fourth of July fireworks, lowest prices at Rehder's, Fourth Street Bridge. **

July 4th—At the Beach.

Athletic events—souvenir dance. Cars every half hour. **

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

VERY LOW RATE EXCURSION TO JACKSONVILLE AND TAMPA FLORIDA.

From all points in eastern North and South Carolina, the Atlantic Coast Line will sell, on Tuesday, July 12th, round trip tickets, at very low rates, to Jacksonville and Tampa, Florida.

Tickets will be sold for trains leaving Wilmington 5:35 A. M. and 3:15 P. M. on that day, limited to return, to reach original starting point, on or before Tuesday, July 19, 1910. The round trip fares from Wilmington will be $7.00, to Jacksonville, and $9.00 to Tampa, with corresponding low rates from other points in the radius named.

For folders, schedules and further information call phone 160, Atlantic Coast Line.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent,
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
ju 29-10d Wilmington, N. C.

The North Carolina
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

The State's college for training industrial workers. Courses in Agriculture, Horticulture, Animal Husbandry and Dairying; in Civil, Electrical and Mechanical Engineering; in Cotton Milling and Dyeing; in Industrial Chemistry; and in Agricultural teaching.

Entrance examinations at each county seat on the 14th of July.

D. H. HILL, President.
West Raleigh, N. C.
ju-22-14t

Trinity College

Five Departments—Colleagiate, Graduate, Engineering, Law, and Education. Large library facilities. Well-equipped laboratories in all departments of science. Gymnasium furnished with best apparatus. Expenses very moderate. Aid for worthy students.

Teachers and Students expecting to engage in teaching should investigate the superior advantages offered by the new Department of Education in Trinity College.

For catalogue and further information, address
R. L. FLOWERS, Secretary,
Durham, N. C.

Special Attention!

In selecting our stock enables us to fer you the best Spring Lamb, Veal, Beef, Pork, Etc. Also Hams and Bacon, whole or sliced; Spring Chickns and fresh Vegetables.

HOPKINS & DAVIS
FRONT STREET MARKET.
STALES: No. 1 and 2 north side; No 1 and 3 south side.
PHONES: 141 and 128.
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Wood's Late Seed Potatoes

are selected seed potatoes carried in cold storage, so as to supply them unsprouted and in the best condition for summer planting.

The best time to plant Late Potatoes is in June or early in July, to make the largest yielding crops for winter use or market.

Write for **"Wood's Crop Special,"** giving prices and seasonable information about Late Potatoes and other Seeds for Summer Planting.

T. W. Wood & Sons,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

Gaylords

SPECIAL CUT
ON
"Linnene," "Rep"
AND
"Lingerie" Dresses & Suits

Beautiful braided Linene Suits, first value $4.50, this week $2.48
Handsome Lingerie Dresses, formerly $6.00, this week $4.48
Exquisite Rep Suits of the $4.50 class, this week.... $2.98

Bathing Suits, Bathing Caps and Bathing Shoes.

Suits from $1.75 to $5.00
Rubber Caps, 25c to 50c
Shoes and Water Wings..... 25c

Something new, something novel, something beautiful is the Swies Willow Plumes. They are of brilliant lustre, beautiful shape and gorgeous effect, price $2.98

MOSQUITO CANOPIES.

Five different styles, ranging in price from $1.19 to $2.48 all ready for instant use.

HAMMOCKS.

Any style and price you may want, 88c to..... $5.00

TRUNKS AND SUIT CASES.

You can save 25 per cent. by looking our stock over. Our Indestructo fire-proof Trunk is a trunk worth having. Prices range from $1.00 to $25.00

STRAW HATS.

Of all kinds, for ladies, children, men and boys, will be sold this week at a sweeping reduction.

You will find nothing in the city to equal our Special Bargains in ladies' and misses Ties, Oxfords and Pumps.

Children's Canvass Slippers 35c
Ladies' Canvass Slippers 98c

PARASOLS.

A large stock left and we shall close them out this week if low prices will do it.

210, 212, 214 N. FRONT ST.

ju 26 tf

The COLUMBIA Refrigerator

If there is one thing more than another that a person should choose with care it is their refrigerator.

Your health is, to a certain extent, dependent upon it; for in it, for keeping, is placed the food you eat—your refrigerator must preserve.

The Columbia is the best by actual test—in it things keep perfectly—no taint—all parts easily removed for cleaning—we have them with both galvanized iron and white enamel linings. Prices $8.50 up. Water coolers all sizes.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Whisper, Lady

Have you seen our new Pumps? They are winners.

With the drop shank, it fits under the arch, hugs the heel, has no strap and does not slip. The latest achievement in pumps. Tans, gunmetals, and cravenettes, $4.00.

A pleasure to show you.

HEWLETT & PRICE
Save Our Register Checks.

Some new Driving Horses
—at—
CITY LIVERY CO.
Phone 15.

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Monterey Inn and Cottages

In the heart of the Blue Ridge Mountains; two hours' ride from Baltimore by the Western Maryland Railroad. Opens June 1st. Address G. B. KING, Blue Ridge Summit, Pa.

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THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., July 3, 1910.

Meterological data for the 24 hours ending 8. P. M. Saturday, July 2nd:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 77 degrees; 8 P. M. 79 dgrees; maximum 89 degrees; minimum 71 degrees; mean 80 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .61 inch.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Friday 5.2 feet.

For North Carolina—Showers Sunday or Monday, no decided change in temperature; light to moderate south winds.

Port Calendar—July 3.

Sun Rises.....5:05 A. M.
Sun Sets.....7:27 P. M.
Day's Length.....14 hrs. 27 min.
High water at Southport 5:00 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 8:00 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. Shrier—Great Sale.
Clyde S. S. Co.—Schedule.
A. D. Brown—Our Record.
Notice—Suburban Freight.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Kodaks.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Special Cut.
Platt & Haar—Happy Fourth.
W. B. Cooper—Nitrate of Soda.
J. H. Rehder & Co.—Fruit Jars.
Str. Wilmington—Fourth of July.
Samuel Bear, Sr., Sons—For Sale.
D. L. Gore Co.—New Catch Mullets.
American National Bank—Statement.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.—Managers' Sale.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—Statement.
Tidewater Power Co.—Notice to Gas Consumers.
Murchison National Bank—Condensed Statement.

Business Locals.

Wanted—Cook.
J. T. Burke—Special.
Lost—Blue Trousers.
C. P. B. Mahler—If You.
Found—Railroad Tickets.
J. T. Burke—For Benefit.
C. P. B. Mahler—For Sale.
J. T. Burke—Announcement.
Crescent Candy Co.—For Rent.
Mrs. Sykes—Switches, Puffs, Etc.
Mrs. Gilbert—Typewriter For Sale.
James Owen Reilly—Building Lots.
For Rent—Nicely Furnished Rooms.
Wright's Agency—Desirable Location.
H. A. Rau—Tidewater Stock For Sale.
Wright's Agency—Good Paying Investment.
California Cider & Ex. Co.—Salesmen Wanted.

RINGSIDE CROWDS MAKE RENO LIVELY

(Continued from Page 1.)

of his opponents. Many people went out to see him.

Jeffries was in an extraordinary good humor all day. Frank Gotch, his former theatrical associate and firm friend, spent the entire day with him. The pair, after several hours play ing hearts were ahead about $2 each. They pooled their interests and invested the sum at the roulette wheel across the road. As a result they went back to the heart game with $14 and Jeffries was highly delighted with the outcome of their frenzied finance.

Gotch, Phil Campbell, the Reno trout catching expert, and Jack Wooley, acompanied Jeffries on a fishing trip. The party went to Calavada, on the State line about 20 miles up in the hills. They returned with thirty river trout.

There is a feeling of utter confidence among Jeffries' camp following as to his ability to win on Monday. All are positive that his condition is beyond question. The boxers, Corbett and Choynski are bemoaning the fact that the big fellow would not heed their urging to work with the gloves. They believe that if he had boxed more he would be able to save himself punishment in the ring. The result will be the same in any event, they declare.

The strain of training days has told to some extent on little Mrs. Jeffries. "I'd prefer not to say anything about it," said Mrs. Jeffries today when asked for an opinion of the fight. "I believe my husband will win of course, but I do hope this will be his last fight."

Among Jeffries' visitors today were automobile loads of negroes. They piloted out to camp by Sam Langford and came to wish the white mna success when he clashed with Johnson.

Johnson Supremely Confident.

Johnson's Training Camp, Reno. Nev., July 2.—With the turmoil of his training over, Champion Jack Johnson is just as certain of his ability to defeat Jim Jeffries on July 4th .as he was when the idea of such a battle first crossed his mind five or more years ago.

It was learned about the camp today that Johnson believes it will be a short fight if Jeffries takes the aggressive from the start and carries the fighting to the champion. The big negro is supremely confident that he can knock the white man out. If Jeffries fights a cautious battle and stays away Johnson is just as certain in his own mind of victory. He knows the speed and agility of his opponent but feels sure of his own ability to follow the white man and cut him up considerably. He expects a long fight in this event.

Johnson put in an idle day. He was motored into town today by Dick Shevlin, the old Yale man, and personally looked over the arena. The distance from the ropes to the outer edge of the platform did not suit him. He said that he wanted a foot more room out there. Rickard agreed to do what was wanted in this matter and arrange ments soon were made.

The Betting Starts.

Reno, Nev., July 2.—"Ten to seven that Jeffries will win; even money that he won't win in 20 rounds," shouted the megaphone booster outside Tom Corbett's pool room tonight. These figures fairly represented the prevailing odds on the fight, but there was little betting.

Jim Corbett let it be known that he had $5,000 to place on his friend Jeffries, this sum being a pool sent over from San Francisco by Jeffries' admirers.

The mutuels boards was opened today and this form of betting gave a good indication of the way the small better regards the match as a gambling proposition. Out of 123 tickets sold 35 were taken on Johnson and 88 on Jeffries. Eighteen favored Jeffries to win in from 1 to 5 rounds, while but two believed Johnson had a chance in the first five rounds. Fifteen thought Jeffries would end the fight in from six to nine rounds, and two picked Johnson, while in the tenth, to thirteenth, Jeffries admirers number 18 to Johnson's three.

The longer the fight the better Johnson's chance to win, is the way mutuels figured it. For instance, from 19 to 24 rounds, Jeffries tickets numbered 14 and Johnson's 11, and tickets for 20 rounds and over totalled 11 for Jeffries and 12 for Johnson.

Ten to seven are regarded as the probable figures until Monday when the great crowd from San Francisco, Los Angeles and other California cities will arrive on the grounds with plenty of Jeffries money to bet.

The New Bonds

If you have North Carolina Four Per Cent Bonds, due July 1st, 1910, send them to us for payment or exchange for the new issue. We purchased $150,000.00 of the new Bonds, which are free of all taxes, and being a State depository are prepared to take up the maturing Bonds.

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK

NO NOMINATION IN SIXTH DISTRIST

(Continued From Page One.)

28.6, the other candidate two and four-tenths, instructed for Clifford for judge, and J. R. Baggett, for the Senate. Delegates to the Congressional and Judicial conventions were named. No vote was taken on Supreme Court judges. The two and four-tenths minority are still protesting and say they will make a fight in the Wrightsville convention. Thos. Webb, of Duke, was chairman and J. P. Pittman, of the Dunn Quide, was secretary of the convention.

Another Report.

Dunn, N. C., July 2.—The county vote in the convention is 31, of which Godwin gets 28 1-2 and the balance is about equal between the other four candidates. There were contests in two precincts which will reduce Godwin's vote in convention ten if upheld. In fact, the whole county will be contested. It was a stormy session here today.

Anonymous.

Lillington, N. C., July 2.—The county convention for Harnett county was called here today and there was a very enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats of the county. All of the State, Congressional, Judicial and Senatorial candidates received their proportional strength in this county as follows:

Congressional, Godwin 28 1-2; Cook, one and seven-tenths; McKinnon. one-half; Clark, .93; McClammy, .32; Brown .13. Total Congressional, 31 votes.

State, Clark carried the county; Walker carried the county; Allen about three-fourths of the vote; Manning one-fourth; Lee one-half of the vote; Pearson one-half of the vote.

Judicial, Clifford for judge, received the solid vote; H. E. Norris, for solicitor, received the solid vote.

Senatorial, J. R. Baggett received the entire vote of the county for Senator in the 15th judicial district. There were contests in the convention concerning the representation to the Congressional convention but the convention was so overwhelmingly for Godwin, it was unanimously decided that Godwin should have the support of the delegation from Harnett.

Lively in Robeson.

Lumberton, N. C., July 2.—The Democratic County Convention for purpose of selecting delegates to the State, Congressional and Judicial conventions was held here today. The attendance was large, every township in the county being represented.

The convention was called to order at 11:30 and was in session until 6:30 with an intermission of one and a half hours for dinner. Delegates were appointed to the various conventions and the strength of some of the candidates taken.

In the Congressional convention, Robeson will give Godwin 45.80, Mckinnon 13.70, Clark .34 and Cook .11.

For Supreme Court Judge Allen will receive 10.77 and Manning 9.23. Delegates were instructed to use their discretion as to Corporation Commissioners.

It is to be regretted that the good order which usually prevails in conventions of the kind in this county did not prevail today, several times the disorder almost reaching the proportions of an old-time Republican convention when the colored man took an active part. The over-zealous hurt their favorites more than once.

A resolution was introduced by Mr. Sam Oliver endorsing the present board of county commissioners. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Prior to the convention the members of the newly-elected executive committee held a meeting and re-elected Chairman G. B. McLeod for another term. Your correspondent this evening interviewed Messrs. E. F. McRae, Stephen McIntyre and G. B. McLeod in regard to the State Senatorship, all of them having been mentioned in that connection. Mr. McIntyre declared he was not a candidate and would not accept the nomination if it was given to him unanimously. Mr. McLeod said he was not a candidate for anything at this time. Col. McRae said he would be a candidate but did not propose to resort to any mud slinging or unclean methods to secure the nomination. Col. McRae said his platform would be to put the county officers on a substantial salary. He was opposed to dividing the county, but in all cases would give the minority a square deal, same as the majority. Col. McRae as everyone knows, is one of Robeson's most high-toned gentlemen and most successful farmers.

Cumberland for Cook.

Fayetteville, N. C., July 2.—The Cumberland County Democratic convention convened in Fayetteville today with Hon. Geo. M. Rose, chairman. He made an excellent presiding officer, ruling at all times correctly and dispatching business. The convention was harmonious and good feeling prevailed throughout. The whole county was represented. The chairman of the convention, by a unanimous vote, was instructed to appoint Cumberland's delegates to the Congressional convention.

The following resolution was adopted: "That it is the sense of this convention that the question of Hoke county be left to the Legislature of North Carolina to be settled upon its meeting."

For Senate, J. W. McLauchlin, of Raeford, was nominated by over half; Huske 104 1-2; Jessup Mills, 10 not voting. Nominations for lower house, A. D. McGill, Seventy First, A. S. Hall, Fayetteville, H. H. Bolton, Flea Hill, Chas. G. Rose, Fayetteville, W. B. Malloy, Fayetteville. A. D. McGill was nomiated on first ballot, C. G. Rose was nominated on third ballot by acclamation on motion of A. S. Hall, retiring candidate. A. A. McKeithan was unanimously nominated for clerk of court. Nominations for sheriff, John Holmes, N. H. McGeachy, Jno. M. Owen, N. A. Watson, incumbent. On fourth ballot, McGeachy was nominated by the following vote: Holmes 5.50; Watson 88.63; Owbn 2.25; McGeachy 133.62. For register of deeds, Fulton R. Hall was nominated over F. A. Marsh and W. W. Huske on second ballot. Huske 75.91; Marsh 37.16; Hall 116.93.

David Gaster was unanimously nominated for treasurer. Dr. J. V. McGougan, coroner; W. W. Baker, surveyor. Delegates to the State convention were instructed to cast the full county vote for Clark for Chief Justice and Walker for Associate and to cast 7.55 for Allen and 5.45 for Manning for Associate; to cast the full county vote for H. C. Brown for Corporation Commissioner. Delegates to the Judicial convention were instructed to cast the full county vote for N. A. Sinclair, of Cumberland, for solicitor.

Columbus Convention.

Whiteville, N. C., July 2.—The convention here today passed off quietly There were no contested townships. Godwin and Clark for Congress received 63 and fraction and 36 and fraction, respectively, McClammy and McKinnon receiving an equal fraction each. Judge Manning received 46 and Judge Allen 54 per cent. of the county. Henry C. Brown, for Corporation Commissioner, received the solid vote of the county. Graham and Lee received 50 per cent. each. N. A. Sinclair for solicitor received the solid vote.

In the Senatorial race the uninstructed delegates voted their strength for Robert H. Powell and C. C. Pridgen. The regular candidates, McRackan and Greer, having about an equal strength of the instructed vote, therefore, there is considerable doubt as to the next Senator from this district composed of Bladen and Columbus.

In Bladen County.

Elizabeth City, N. C., July 2.—The convention here today was one of the liveliest of recent years, lasting from 11 A. M. till 4 P. M. The vote taken gave Clark, Bladen's candidate, 17 and a fraction, and Godwin six and a fraction of her 24 votes. There were some strong speeches made by both sides. The vote for judgeship was not taken. This county is divided between Allen and Manning.

The Official Vote.

Lumberton, N. C., July 2.—At the Democratic convention held here today Geo. B. McLeod was re-elected chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the county and was made permanent chairman of the convention. The vote for congressional candidates was as follows:

Godwin 45.85; McKinnon 13.70; Clark .34; Cook .11. Manning received 9.23; Allen 10.77. N. A. Sinclair was endorsed for solicitor. Clark and Walker were endorsed. Brown was endorsed for Corporation Commissioner. No vote was taken on Lee, Graham and Pearson. The convention was enthusiastic and largely attended.

GEO. B. McLEOD.

PUTS IT UP TO TAFT.

Asked to Remove Members of Cabinet Against Insurgents.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 2.—Pleading for a united party, and urging the elimination of rancor and strife, many county conventions in Iowa today adopted resolutions calling upon President Taft to remove from his cabinet those who have attempted to read the Insurgents out of the party.

These resolutions which were adopted by a large number of the progressive counties, rang with a hearty endorsement of Senators Dolliver and Cummins and the Iowa Congressmen who fought the tariff bill.

In these same resolutions, President Taft was endorsed only insofar as he has made effort to carry out the progressive principles. Concerning the removal of the cabinet members, the resolutions say:

"We urge the President to remove from the cabinet those members who have attempted to read out of the party other Republicans whose only crime has been to insist that Congress redeem the pledges made at the last National convention."

The principles of conservation as laid down by Theodore Roosevelt and as expressed by Gifford Pinchot were endorsed.

According to returns received in Des Moines tonight from the 99 counties in Iowa which held conventions today to select delegates to the State convention, the progressives will control that gathering by a majority of 155. The progressives returned solid delegations from 58 counties, the standpatters from 36, while five divided their delegations.

Senator Dolliver addressed the convention in Webster county, his home. He referred to the rubber trust and declared that Senators Aldrich, the Guggenheims and Senator Penrose were interested in it, and therefore in the tariff bill.

NORWEGIAN MINISTER DEAD.

Remains Will be Carried Back to Native Country—His Family.

Washington, July 2.—The body of Ole Gude, Norwegian Minister to the United States, who died suddenly yesterday at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., was brought here tonight. It was accompanied by Mme. Gude and her two daughters, the Misses Ingeborg and Sigrid Gude and Count De Morgenstierne, attache of the Norwegian legation. Monday the body will be taken to Baltimore for cremation. Tuesday Mme. Gude, her daughters and an attache of the legation will sail from New York on the Kaiser II, for Christiania, Norway, where the ashes of the former diplomat will be placed in a vault.

ATTENTION RED MEN.

The members of Evota Tribe are hereby invited to attend meeting Tuesday night, July 5th, to act on amendment to constitution.

By order of Sachem,
F. K. J. FUCHS,
jul 3 1t. Chief of Records.

SHOT DOWN FROM AMBUSH.

William Gross Kills His Brother-in-Law at Bristol, Tenn.

Bristol, Tenn., July 2.—At Shady Ford, near here today, William Gross shot and killed his brother-in-law, Wm. South. Gross used a rifle and fired from ambush. After killing South, Gross went to the home of Jacob Fritz, a neighbor, against whom he had a grudge and, firing a shot from his rifle, missed Fritz, but the ball struck the latter's aged mother, slightly wounding her. Gross has disappeared. Gross and South married twin sisters and family troubles are believed to have led to the killing.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney and bladder trouble not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. Robt. R. Bellamy.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

WANTED—First class cook, male or female, with references. Apply 209 Chesnut street. jul 3 1t

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS—One on the corner of 19th, and Princess streets, 70 by 150, one on corner of 19th, and Market streets, 66 by 113, fine lot on corner of 19th, and Barnet Avenue 33 by 113. Any of these lots can be bought cheap if sold within the next six days. Jones Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. jul 3 1t

FOR RENT—Several very large, cool, nicely furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; good location; near car line and market. "M" care The Star. jul 3 1t

IF YOU ARE in the market for a good family horse, surry, buggy and harness, 'phone 1453 for particulars. jul 3 1t*

FOR SALE—Two 66 feet corner lots on Mark... street, one 70 foot corner on Princess street, several other desirable lots in the coming part of the city. Apply C. P. B. Mahler, Real Estate Agent, 'phone 184. 21 South Second street. jul 3 1t

LOST—Pair of blue trousers, between Front and 10th and Princess streets. Reward ouered for return to "R" care Star. jul 3 1t.

DESIRABLE LOCATION—The southwest corner of Second and Ann streets. This house can be rented from now on. Modern cool, convenient, comfortable. Inquire 302 South Second street or at Wright's Real Estate Agency. jul 3 1t

A GOOD PAYING INVESTMENT—One paying at least twelve per cent. each year, is offered you at Wright's Real Estate agency. It is a place you can see your self and show your friends. You can watch it improve and increase in value from month to month. You can aid it to increase in value quickly by your own efforts. You can build on it. You can sell it, if you care, to. It takes only a small amount to own the property and the monthly payments are very easy. You owe it to yourself to realize that this is an opportunity of value, that is home to you as you read this little notice. Therefore see Wright's Agency Tuesday. jul 3 1t

FOUND—Three week-end tickets reading from Wilmington to Fayetteville. Owner can obtain same by paying for ad. jul 3 1t

FOR THE BENEFIT and convenience of those who wish to do any shopping in my line I will keep my store open until 1 P. M. tomorrow. J. T. Burke, the Jeweler. jul 3 1t.

SPECIAL NOTICE—20 to 30 per cent. discount given on my entire stock for the next 60 days. J. T. Burke, the Jeweler, 27 South Front street. jul 3 2t

I WISH TO ANNOUNCE to my friends and the public that I have gone back in business at my former store with the same stock and will give from 20 to 40 per cent. discount on my entire stock for the next 60 days. J. T. Burke, the Jeweler, No. 27 South Front street. jul 3 1t

FOR SALE—Twenty shares preferred stock of Tidewater Power Co. Phone 786-3 or address H. A. Rau, Castle Hayne, N. C. jul 3 3t

FOR RENT—$16.00 per month for five room house, both gas and electric lights, 403 Dock street, between Fourth and Fifth streets. Cistern water. Apply John R. Hanby, Crescent Candy Company, 'phone 1383. jul 3 3t

SALESMEN WANTED—Sell grocers, druggists, confectioners; $125 monthly and expenses. California Cider & Eextract Co., 190 Leffingwell, St. Louis, Mo. jul 3 1t*

FOR SALE—A comparatively new Fox typewriter, new model, will sell at great reduction. Apply to Mrs. Gilbert, at Gilbert House, over People's Savings Bank. ju 3 1t*

SWITCHES, puffs and puff turbans made from your combings or hair furnished. Prices reasonable. Mrs. A. E. Sykes, 16 North Ninth, 'phone 1050. jul 3 1t*

AGENTS WANTED willing to earn $100 weekly. Agents earn big money with our ast seller. Brothers Co., Dept. L. 115 Spruce street, Winston-Salem, N. C. jul 2 2t*

FOR SALE—Fine well bred mare. New Buggy can be reasonably bought. P. O. Box 92. jul 2 2t*

PEACHES 25 cents today, very best cantaloupes and watermelons in town. All kinds of fresh vegetables, also raw and boiled ham, chipped beef and bacon. Need some business. J. W. Batson. 'Phone 72. jul 2 tf

WANTED—Three furnished rooms in desirable locality for light housekeeping. Address "E care Star. jul 1 2t

COUPLE WITHOUT children desire board in private family. Address "W" care Star. jul 1 2t

FOR RENT—New store in Seamen's Home Building on Dock street side. Modern fixtures. Apply to T. F. Wood, Box 247. ju 30 1w

GOOD BOARD with room and other conveniences can be had at 112 Grace street. ju 28 1w

DR. CHARLES T. HARPER—Practice limited to kidney, genito-urinary and rectal diseases. Offices 507-508 Southern Building, phone 1,169. ma 25 tf

LUMINA RESTAURANT on Wrightsville Beach, now open day and night. Service first class, city prices. Sea food a specialty. Shadeland Dairy Ice cream fresh daily. Ocean View Co., proprietors. ju 12 1m.

SPECIALTIES—All sorts of fish and clam fritters; our regular dinners are growing in popularity every day; at the car junction, Front and Princess streets, Junction Restaurant. Phone 1598. ma 18 tf

FOR SALE—Three-pound standard canned apples; quality guaranteed. Going to close out at 70 cents per dozen, considerably less than can be purchased from the factory. Call on us at once. Elegant quality. The Stone Company, phones 352 and 550. ju 22 tf

FOR RENT—Cottage and furnished rooms at Carolina Beach. Apply at Kure's store, Carolina Beach. ju 25 tf.

ARE YOU GOING on your vacation? See Uncle Charley for a good leather suit case, a good trunk, 108 Market street. Just a whisper from Front street. ap 28 tf

BOARDERS WANTED—Good board can be had at second cottage north of Lumina by day, week or month at reasonable rates. Mrs. A. A. Nathan. ju 12 tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE—Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all car lines. Electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Transient $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ma 20 tf.

ANNOUNCEMENT—Messrs. Foltz & Kendrick wish to announce that they have taken possession of the U. C. Ellis Studio. They have placed it in a perfectly sanitary condition, and are prepared to make the finest class of portrait work ever shown in Wilmington. ap 24 tf

DO YOU WANT to make money, if so ship C. D. Gilbert your produce of all kinds, wool, tallow, hides and beeswax. You can always find him at 212 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 tf

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

FOR SALE—At sacrifice if sold at once one of the best paying grocery businesses in city, owner has to retire, account of health. Address X. Y. Star office. jn 26 1w*

FOR SALE — Brush runabout, fully equipped and with one of best engines ever installed in similar machine; reason for selling, owner desires larger car. Used less than a month. Apply W. D. McMillan, Jr., City Livery Co. ju 30 3t

NOTARY PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER: Expert typewriting and stenographic work. Multigraph circulars, imitation typewritten letters, forms, etc., startlingly cheap. Notary public also. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess street. Phone 708. ap 28 tu thu su tf

WANTED TO BUY white comb honey, bulk or sections large or small lots. Will pay 10 to 12 cents cash. Mention quantity and quality. Write W. A. Billings, Durham, N. C., ju 16 thu su 7t*

TAILORING—A large line of fashionable Spring and Summer suitings and trouserings on exhibition at Leger Meyer's. Merchant Tailoring at modest prices. Smith uilding, second floor. ap 24 su tf

FOR SALE—A few choice barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels at $1.50 to $2.00 each, also eggs for hatching at $1.50 per 15. Stock guaranteed as good as any in the State. O. F. Wolf & Son., Bolton, N. C. ja 9 sun 6 m.

WANTED—Traveling salesman. Salary and expenses. Big demand for our goods. Answer quick as territory is limited. Sales Manager, N. 207 South Commercial street, St. Louis, Mo. ja 9 eo su 26t

STATEMENT CONDITION THE of Wilmington, N. C.
at the close of Business, June 30th, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$3,843,259 74
U. S. Bonds (at par)	551,000 00
Bank Building	25,000 00
Bonds and other securities	70,575 00
Cash and Due by Banks	860,304 68
	$5,350,139 42

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 550,000 00
Surplus and net profits	404,000 00
Circulation	550,000 00
U. S. Bond Account	100,000 00
Due Banks	550,000 00
Deposits	3,196,139 42
	$5,350,139 42

DEPOSITS.

June 30th, 1908	$2,309,458 84
June 30th, 1909	$2,660,657 21
June 30th, 1910	$3,196,139 42

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Vice President.
J. W. YATES, Vice President.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jul 3tf

STATEMENT CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.
at the close of business June 30, 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans	$673,130 26
Demand Loans	30,940 00
N. C. Bonds	25,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	100 00
Due From Banks	36,373 71
Cash Items	276 42
Gold Coin	267 50
Silver Coin	864 99
Currency	2,192 00
Total	$769,144 88

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 50,000 00
Net Profits	52,118 99
Accrued Interest due depositors	1,500 00
Dividend unpaid	66 00
Demand Certificates Deposit	61,188 40
Savings Deposits	604,271 49
Total	$769,144 88

I, Milton Calder, Cashier of the Atlantic Trust and Banking Co., do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
W. F. GILBER, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
L. B. ROGERS,
C. W. YATES,
I. SHRIER,
jul 3 tf Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
at Wilmington in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, June 30 1910

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 802,505 40
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	189 45
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	3,371 98
Banking house, Furniture, and Fixtures	4,954 49
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	57,297 16
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	39,696 64
Due from approved Reserve Agents	45,112 57
Checks and other Cash Items	729 73
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	302 14
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie $11,954	
Legal tender notes $ 9,370	21,320 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer 5 per cent. of circulation)	5,000 00
Total	$1,080,479 56

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 150,000 00
Surplus fund	15,000 00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid	9,819 79
National Bank Notes outstanding	100,000 00
Due to other National Banks $132,673.93	
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers 156,299.79	
Due to approved Reserve Agents 54,586.01	
Individual deposits subject to check 290,579.18	
Time certificates of deposit 23,589 00	
Certified checks 143.50	
Cashier's checks outstanding 134.38	658,005 79
Notes and bills rediscounted	146,653 98
Reserved for Interest	1,000 00
Total	$1,080,479 56

State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover.

I, Thos. E. Cooper, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THOS. E. COOPER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1 day of July, 1910.

W. H. SMITH,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
W. B. McCLELLEN,
J. T. KING,
A. G. WARREN,
ju 3 1t Directors.

4th JULY 4th

Steamer Wilmington

Carolina Beach and Southport

Boat leaves wharf for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., and for Carolina Beach at 7:30 P. M. Last boat leaves Beach at 10 P. M., returning to city at 11 P. M. You can spend a quiet, pleasant day.

MUSIC AND DANCING.
jul 3 1t

Notice

Tomorrow, July 4th, the Suburban Freight makes only the 10:00 A. M. trip.
jul 3 1t

Don't Overlook the Fact

That "Big Oaks from Little Acorns Grow." The dollars you save today soon grow to hundreds; the 4 per cent. interest compounded quarterly which we add to the dollars deposited here helps swell the amount. This bank offers absolute safety to depositors. Take out a book today.

American National Bank
of Wilmington
W. B. Cooper, Pres't. Thos. E. Cooper, Cashier
jy 1 tf

1867--ESTABLISHED--1867

During this time it has been and ever will be our policy to give an honest dollar's worth of goods for 100 cents, thereby having the confidence of the trading public.

Seaside Requirements—Ladies Bathing Suits and Caps, Children's Bathing Suits,

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department—Tailored Suits, Wash Suits, Separate Skirts, Muslin Underwear, Dressing Sacques and Kimonas, Tailored and Lingerie Shirt Waists.

Straw Suit Cases, Telescopes and Bags.

Crex Rugs in all sizes. Matting Rugs.

Agents for Black Cat Hosiery, American Lady Corsets and Butterick Patterns.

Out-of-town orders will receive prompt attention.

A. D. Brown
jul 3 tf

For Sale Horse, six years old; combination saddle and buggy horse.
Apply
Samuel Bear, Sr., Sons
18 Market Street. Wilmington, N. C.
Jul 3 tf

New Catch Mullets

4,000 lbs. Medium New Catch Mullets.

Mullets (100 lbs. fish to every barrel.)

400 Sxs Rice (Rare Bargains).

5,000 lbs. Nitrate of Soda (It makes crops hustle).

500Sxo Retsof Ice Cream Salt

400 Sxs Stock Salt.

12,000 Sxs Fine Salt.

Write for prices,

D. L. GORE CO.
WHOLESALE GROCER,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
jul 3 tf

YOUR VACATION
Not Complete Without a
KODAK

Brownie No. 2 .....$.200
Brownie No. 3 .....$4.00
No. 2A Folding Brownie $7.00
No. 1 Folding Pocket Kodak..$10.00
No. 1A Folding Pocket Kodak..$15.00
No. 3A Folding Pocket Kodak..$20.00
Films and Supplies for all sizes.

C. W. YATES & CO.
Market Street.
jul 3 tf

SURELY

The Best

is not too good when selecting a Wedding Gift for the Bride.

When presenting some member of your family with a Birthday gift.

When buying an article of personal jewelry for your own use!

When looking for The Best you'll find it here.

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street.

Nitrate of Soda

314 Bags Nitrate Soda.
216 Bags Muriate Potash.
111 Bags Sulphate Potash.
364 Bags Blood Bone and Potash.
750 lb. Tobacco Twine.
269 Bags Ship Stuff.
189 Bags Wheat Bran.
61 Cases Pure Salt Brick.
47 Cases Medicated Salt Brick.
71 Kegs New Mullets.

We still have cotton sheets, bagging, ties, etc.

W. B. COOPER
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
jul 3 tf

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. LXXXVI—NO. 90. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,337.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT IN STATE AND INDIVIDUAL

The annual oration recently delivered before the State Medical Society at Wrightsville Beach was by Dr. Cyrus Thompson, of Onslow, who had for his subject "Public Sentiment." Dr. Thompson said:

"Pardon me a personal word to begin with. My ancient timidity is reasserting itself: I suffer many things of many physicians. If I would say that I am embarrassed by reason of my tender years, my truthful countenance does so belie the words that I dare not utter them. If I say that I am embarrassed by reason of inexperience in public speaking, it will occur to some among you that in the misty past I ran a prosperous department store, wherein 'hot air' was my only commodity. My embarrassment I declare to you ,none the less, for the reason that, notwithstanding by experience and maturity of years, I am forced to essay a new role in public utterance. It is the strangest thing in the world—this that the Society has done with me: by the power of its might ,it took me at Asheville, a plain public talker, and before I knew it, transformed me into an orator! It only shows what can be done with a man—what doctors can do with a man: they can do him up, and that's what they've done with me.

Amazed at their boldness, if not impressed with their skill, a faithful patient, I feel and express the profoundest gratitude for their endeavor.

It may be that my subject does not fit my remarks and that my remarks do not fit my subject. I can only hope that they will prove mutually harmonious. Aware of my changed condition, I went about, of necessity, to write an oration; and, when I had set my hand and seal to the last line of it, I was minded to read it for criticism to a legal friend and neighbor. When we were set, "Tell me, now," he said, "in the first place, what's your subject?" "Subject," said I—what's my subject?" "Yes," said he; what's your subject?" His question seemed reasonable though unexpected, and I replied, "I reckon you are right: I ought, perhaps, to have a subject: but I haven't—I've only got a speech." He looked confused but did not chide me; and I continued: "But I can tell you what the speech is." "All right," he said with a smile, "do that." The kindliness of his demeanor reassured me, and I said, "The peculiar peregrinations of a poor pill-peddler; or, several suckers strung on the same string." "The string then," said he, "must be your subject." "Very likely it is," said I. And later, when the secretary requested my subject to announce in the programme, taking the advice of my legal friend, I sent him the string which he suspended before your vision, and which reads: Public Sentiment in the State and in the Individual. It may look a little paradoxical; but I will handle it gently, trusting that it will hold its continuity and pull true. And so we begin our peregrinations.

When I was a student at Randolph-Macon, away back in the seventies, there lived in the village of Ashland a Methodist preacher of the pioneer, circuit-riding sort, who was remarkable for stature, voice, magnitude of nose and benevolent piety. The memory of him after the lapse of all these years is so fresh as to invest him with a youthfulness which he did not possess. I cannot think of him now but as still living; but he was then past his three score years and ten, and was tenaciously devouring the last decade of the fourth score, which by reason of strength seemed to have been allotted to him. We all knew him, and passing us on the street, he had for us always a kindly "Howd'ye do, my son?" And so we came in a way to love him for the kindliness of his heart. Conscious of accumulating years, he had the habit of coming to the college chapel about twice a year, a voluntary valedictorian, to preach us his farewell sermon. I remember nothing of his sermons beyond the fact of them; but one of his prayers, preceding one of these sermons, became a traditional college classic. Divine Providence had passed his earthly barque through the storms of Winter and the winds of March, the showers of April, the fruitful Niobe of the year were gone, and we were loving the village maidens in the rosy month of May. On a soft May Sunday, when "Sweet mating birds were on the wing, And life and love in everything;" When our young hearts felt, "The month is May, the sky is June, And hearts to month and sky attune;" this venerable saint closed his prayer by saying: "O Lord, bless Randolph-Macon College, bless each student and professor and the board of trustees of this institution. Bless the village of Ashland, bless the county of Hanover and the whole State of Virginia. Bless North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas and Texas; bless Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland and our wayward daughter West Virginia. Yes, our Heavenly Father, let thy blessings rest upon every member of our lately bleeding, but now happily restored Union. Bless our new territory of Alaska, and the Dominion of Canada and Mexico, our neighbor, and the whole continent of North American. Bless South America, Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia. And, O Lord, in the amazing latitude of Thy mercy, bless all the islands of the sea, known and unknown, even those whereon the foot of man has never trod and the eye of God has never rested." At this late day I remember the sweep of this sally into the infinite, and I do not object to the wide swath cut by the benevolence of this prayer further than to say, that the land whereon the foot of man has never trod is not worth the fervent prayer of saint or caustic curse of sinner. For there is nothing that has value but with reference to man; the world was made for him; all value in things comes by the tread of human feet and the touch of human hands. Intrinsic value resides in man alone of all God's creation. By way of parenthesis, I remark that Man is permitted to embrace woman, so that she is not excluded from my thoughts.

You see then, that I have no patience with another form of prayer that we have all heard from the lips of bended saints by way of humble confession, that "We are but perishing worms of the dust." In truth, we are made a little lower than the angels, and are trying to get higher all the time; and the perfect man sits down at the right hand of the Majesty on high. The peaceful, helpful, constructive man, careful of the welfare of his fellows, is called a Son of God. The divine estimate of the value of man is evidenced in the mechanism of redemption, wherein the price paid for man is the express image of the godhead bodily, the eternal Son in the blessed Trinity, who thought it not robbery to be equal with God and yet took upon himself our human form. The sum total of the race equates therefore with Divinity; and man alone of His creation, having dominion by divine gift, has intrinsic value in himself, and nothing has value apart from him.

If there are islands of the sea whereon the foot of man has never trod, of what value are they? Arid or well-watered, fertile or barren, unpopulated they are worthless. Astronomers tell us of the canal work of the Martians, and we ourselves make fertile in our own land barren areas by irrigation. Some sixty years ago somebody found gold in California. In 1820 Sidney Smith estimated that it would take three centuries for the United States to settle its territory to the Pacific in one-tenth of that time here was a strenuous population of fifty thousand in California, she was admitted into the Union as a State, and she was pouring her wealth of gold into the nation's treasury. In one-sixth of the time allotted by Sidney Smith, the overland wagon trains were things of the past, and railroads bore heaving engines across the continent through the States from ocean to ocean; and the life, slumbering plains of the West, awakened and made valuable by human touch, were feeding the nations of the world. California and the prairies had lain there the same for centuries; but what value had they with all their fertility and richness of treasure until touched by human hand and trod by human feet? In 1867, the United States purchased Alaska from Russia for little more than seven million dollars, the territory, five times the area of North Carolina, was considered worth the price only as elbow-room; but some thirty years later somebody found gold in Alaska, just as somebody found gold in California; and now Alaska is pouring her treasures of gold into the Nation's lap, and her richness is exciting the greed of men. Alaska is the same; it has not changed except as man has changed it; but Alaska has value untold beyond its purchase price. This cold, barren waste that was, is valuable now not only for its deposit of precious metals, but for its richer deposits of coal to excite the greed of man and the graft of public official, to furnish forth a Ballinger-Pinchot controversy which vexes an administration and confuses a great political party.

But, say you, these lands were trod by human feet for untold centuries before Columbus discovered America. True it is, but by the feet of the savage, the uncivilized man, the uneducated man, whose desires were primitive and few. So that, while value comes by man, the higher value comes only by the higher man. The farmer the home-maker, and the road-builder, not the savage, gave value to the prairies; the prospector and the miner, not the savage, gave value to the gold and coal fields of California and Alaska. To the Indian, shells were as good as gold for his simple, careless uses. The inventor gives value to our rivers, which, to the savage, were but fishing grounds or barriers to his chase. And this restless sea, to him the end of his world, is to civilization the pathway of the nations; and if we find the pathway is too far around, we cut across at Suez and at Panama. Nor sea, nor mountain is barrier to us. We tunnel through, or cut across, or fly over. We give commercial value to waste waters and wandering winds.

These barren sands are not unlike others which the sea by the turbulence of ages has fretted from its bed. But these sands have value because put to human need; human desire has made them more than the sullen boundary of the sea. Time was when the waves of the sea died upon worthless lands everywhere alike; now some die in poverty and rags on a desolate coast, and others, their brethren, die like princes in centers of civilization, intelligence ,and wealth. Africa is called the Dark Continent. Portions of it once nourished as proud and cultured a nation as ever lived upon the face of the earth. The possibilities of Africa may be as great as were the possibilities of America. It lacks not fertility or mineral wealth; it needs but a new race of men. South Africa, trod by the feet of Paul Kruger and his Boers, enhanced into such magnificent prosperity, as stirred the successful maw of the British Lion. Liberia, on the contrary, calls back to the mother country, to the master race, for help to live.

Desire is the father of value and the primitive man has few and simple desires. Of what value are the priceless treasures of an art gallery to a savage tribe? Of what is the world's best library to rude barbarians? Uncultured in heart and head, these are satisfied like browsing cattle that feed and lie down in the shade with full paunches. Even our boasted Anglo-Saxon ancestry were once no more than bloody pirates and rollicking drunkards, drinking heavily, feeding gluttonously, robbing and murdering brutally. So these gross demands were met, what care had they for the higher things of life; nay, what know they of them? But the England of today, while making sure of meat and bread, wants poets, historians and statesmen; wants science and art and literature, wants churches and schools, and all the sweetmeats of a higher civilization—a higher type of man, more careful of the rights of man, finds in land and man values undreamt of by his ancestry of ten centuries ago.

The bleak and drear confines of New England were by nature less valuable than her favored fertile sisters of the South. But wealth covered New England's nakedness like a royal robe, because she educated her people and gave them desires, which they must labor to gratify. They became producers and consumers, with new and increasing needs; and her waste places took on value as spring-time roses. North Carolina, more fertile, graciously favored by climate and as well rivered, perhaps, for manufacture, sat for long decades if not in rags, yet ignorant and poor, with unutilized possibilities unthought of and unappreciated. But the State, building upon the foundation of Murphey and Wiley, conscious or unconscious of the leaven of the Farmers' Alliance, conscious of the enthusiasm of an educational Governor, under the guidance of Superintendents of Public Instruction like Joyner, has these latter years become conscious that somehow the value of things is associated with the quality of the citizenship; and it has set forward, as a public duty, publicly to educate its people. And so the value of land in North Carolina, and of all other property in North Carolina, is increasing, and will continue to increase with the passing years as we ascend by gradual step to a better average population. And man himself will increase in value, and human rights will become safer, and human life a more sacred thing. Is it not the blessed course of events? For "I doubt not thro' the ages one increasing purpose runs,

And the thoughts of men are widened with the process of the suns."

Less than two centuries ago there were one hundred and fifty capital felonies in England where today there are but few. In North Carolina a man one time was hanged for horse-stealing, where today the law knows but four capital crimes. The whipping-post with its humiliation of man, is long since passed, and the brutality of public hanging gives place to the decency of private electrocution. The common criminal is freed from the wretched idleness of prison walls, and the State finds a new value even in him as a builder of good roads. The youthful criminal, separated from the old, is to be reclaimed in reformatories. So the spirit of the times is to make the most possible of all that is, to utilize even the waste, to turn everything to good account, to gather up the fragments, that nothing be lost. And so, in the same spirit, North Carolina provides in a measure, for the public care of its orphans. Every religious denomination, every fraternal order of sufficient strength, seeks to establish an orphanage, not merely as a matter of charity, but as a matter of value, saving as an asset to the State the lives that might have been worse than wasted.

We are providing better for the innocent unfortunates of society. The movement for public education in North Carolina was followed by a movement for the teaching and care of the deaf and dumb and the blind, and for the care of the insane; and from time to time we enlarge our provisions for these unfortunates, providing this year for a heretofore neglected class of the epileptic insane. And this we do and desire to do as a public duty, because we are better informed and have better sensibilities and a better sense of value, than the average of our ancestors; and because we cannot, therefore, be satisfied with the doing of less than this.

And so we will not be satisfied for our people to be ignorant; we take upon ourselves as a public duty to educate the child. Hence our universities and our colleges; our public schools, inadequate but improving all over the land; our normals and training schools; our public high schools, our colleges of agriculture and mechanic arts, and even our farmers' institutes; the aim of all which is to make a more intelligent and productive citizenship. The way of education, we are told, is the road to individual and public wealth. We accept the declaration as true, and without complaint we pay the price with increasing cheerfulness. This is the outcome of a better public sentiment.

And as for the creation of value, so surely there is no safer guarantee of the permanence of value in property and the certainty of property rights than the high quality of the population where the property is located. Pardon me this, my sensitive countrymen: a farm in New York is worth more than a farm in North Carolina. In out-of-the-way, ignorant communities, regardless of the character of the property, the value is always low. A man of means buys an estate in an ignorant community; and not as a matter of sweet Christian charity, but as calculating business, he builds a church and pays his local school-tax as a certain investment. It is the tread of human feet and the touch of human hands; more than that, it is the quality of the head and heart that

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

The First Passenger Airship and German Owner and Builder

Dusseldorf, Germany, July 2.—Although his first airship built for passenger traffic was wrecked during the week ,the practicability of Count Zeppelin's new transportation device has never been questioned. Instead of waiting for trains the business man who wants to go to Friedrichshafen, a distance of 300 miles, has only to find $25 and he can make the journey in nine hours or less in the mammoth airship Deutschland. The first trip of Count Zeppelin's airship was so successful that all Germany is singing his praises. The list of persons who want to make the journey is so great that the police have been compelled to assist the officers of the Deutschland in keeping order. Count Zeppelin has announced that he will begin a regular passenger schedule of the Deutschland within a few days. He promises that his airship will not travel less than forty miles an hour and expects to maintain a rate of over fifty miles an hour. By air the journey between the city and Friedrichshafen has been reduced to two hours. Count Zeppelin is being showered with offers of money to build more airships, and it is expected that within the next few months he will have a dozen big air crafts that will carry from twenty to fifty passengers each besides mail.

THE NEW RAILROAD BILL

Some Essential Features of Measure Just Enacted Into Law at Washington—From Roads' Viewpoint—The Provisions.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, July 2.—The most notable provision of the "administration railroad bill," which has just become a law, is for a Commerce Court. This tribunal is to have the jurisdiction now possessed by United States circuit courts over the enforcement of orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, with certain specified exceptions. These exceptions include orders for the payment of money, cases to annul orders of the Commission, and mandamus proceedings provided for in sections 20 to 23 of the act of February 4, 1887.

The Commerce Court is to be composed of five judges, appointed from amount the circuit judges by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court for five years. In the first instance, however, the court is designated by the President to serve for one, two, three, four and five years respectively, in order that the term of one may expire each year thereafter.

An appeal from a decision of the Commerce Court may be taken within 60 days to the Supreme Court, but such an appeal is in no case to supersede or stay the decree of the Commerce Court unless the Supreme Court so directs. Appeals from it to the Supreme Court have priority over all other causes except criminal cases. Suits brought to stay an order of the Commission do not suspend the operation of the order unless expressly directed by the Commerce Court.

The provisions of the interstate commerce act are extended to include persons and corporations transporting oil or any other commodity (except water and natural gas in pipe lines), telegraph and telephone companies both wire and wireless, cable companies, express companies and sleeping car companies. All service in connection with the receipt, delivery, elevation and transfer in transit, ventilating, refrigerating, icing storage and handling is included in the term "transportation" as used in the act.

The Commission's powers over rates are greatly increased under the ew law. When a new rate is proposed the Commission may suspend it for 120 days in addition to the usual 30 days notice pending an investigation of its reasonableness. If the time for investigation is not sufficient it may be extended for an additional six months. The Commission must give preference over all other matters to questions concerning rates and render the speediest decision consistent with a proper consideration of the issues.

If the Commission finds a rate or egulation unreasonable, unjust or discriminatory, it may fix a reasonable rate, and may also act upon its own initiative without waiting for a formal complaint. Orders of the Commission are to take effect in not less than 30 days and are to remain in force not more than two years, and may be modified or suspended by the Commission or the court. If carriers fail to agree on the division of a joint rate the Commission, after a hearing, may apportion the rate. If carriers neglect to establish through routes and rates the Commission is empowered to do so.

The new act makes it unlawful for common carriers to charge more for the transportation of passengers or freight for a short distance than for a longer haul in the same direction on the same line, the shorter being included within the longer distance; or to charge more as a through route than the aggregate of the intermediate rates, but this is not to be construed as authorizing and carrier to receive as great a compensation for a shorter as for a longer distance. The Commission is empowered, however, to authorize a carrier to charge less for a longer than for shorter distances in special cases.

Rates now existing are not to be changed by reason of this act within six months after its passage. If a railroad cuts rates to compete with a water route it may not thereafter increase the rates unless it can show at a hearing before the Commission that the proposed increase is due to other conditions than the elimination of water competition.

Any officer or agent of a carrier who knowingly assists or permits any person to obtain transportation at less than regular rates through false billing, classification or weight or any other means, is deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and may upon conviction be subjected to a fine of $5,000 or two years in the penitentiary or both. Shippers who are found guilty of such acts are liable to the same penalties; so are those found guilty of inducing or attempting to induce a common carrier to discriminate unjustly in their favor against other shippers.

The President is authorized to appoint a commission to investigate questions pertaining to the issuance of stocks and bonds. An appropriation is made to defray the expenses of the Commission.

A TRINITY ESTABLISHMENT

School of Education for High School Teachers in Connection With Distinguished North Carolina College—Faculty.

A catalogue of the new school of education recently established at Trinity College has just been received. The date of opening is September 7th. The faculty is as follows: W. P. Few, president of Trinity College; E. C. Brooks, head of the School of Education and professor of History and Science of Education; S. B. Underwood, professor of Secondary Education, to be selected, professor of School Administration; F. C. Brown, professor of English; R. L. Flowers, professor of Mathematics; W. K. Boyd, professor of History; W. H. Wannamaker, professor of German; A. M. Webb, professor of French; C. W. Edwards, professor of Physics; J. J. Wolfe, professor of Botany and Physiology; W. F. Gill, professor of Latin; A. H. Merritt, professor of Greek; W. H. Glasson, professor of Economics; W. H. Pegram, professor of Chemistry, and J. C. Wooten, professor of Biblical Literature. The curriculum covers two years' work, and courses are so arranged that teachers can take ten hours in regular college subjects arranged especially for teachers, five hours in high school methods and administration, and three hours in the science of teaching.

There will be no tuition charges; and special boarding arrangements are being made for the accommodation of both women and men.

Teachers will be permitted to select their college courses which are arranged in groups. For instance, the English group, contains English as major, history and one foreign language as minors. The major subject chosen will be reviewed in the high school, the subject being studied from the teacher's standpoint rather than from the pupil's standpoint.

Hon. J. Y. Joyner, superintendent of Public Instruction, writing of the school of education at Trinity College, says: "I am much pleased, and greatly encouraged, by this important step of the college in enlarging its school of education, and in providing such a valuable course with such a strong faculty for the preparation of teachers in scholarship and professional education. The means for such preparation have been inadequate, especially for the preparation of men, either to the needs or the demands of the public and the private schools of the State. I am confident that such a course of study as I find outlined here will add greatly to the service of the college, and will be a distinct and most aluable contribution to the advancement of education in the State."

For Sunday Dessert.

Try a pudding or ice cream flavored with Blue Ribbon Vanilla Extract. It's delicious.

A Happy Fourth

July 4th

The Little? Store Will Be Closed.

July 5th to July 15th

We will Give

Double Gold Bond Stamps

Ready-to-Wear Department Has Many New Things.

PLATT & HAAR

Platt & Haar

A WORTHY INSTITUTION.

The First Agricultural High School in the World's History.

Teachey, N. C., July 2.—We have a "Country Life School" at Teachey, N. C. The first of the kind in the State and so far as I know, in the United States.

We have 160 pupils who depend upon the farm for a living—these constitute the student body; we have four teachers; twelve acres of land, on which is located a school building and a teacher's home. The principal lives in the home and has general supervision.

Our plan of procedure so far has been:

1. Consolidated two districts.
2. Established a High School.
3. Bought 12 acres of land.
4. Provided the principal with a home.

Our plans for the future are:

Teach agriculture, domestic science.

Students to do demonstration work on the "school" farm.

We have undertaken to demonstrate the practicability of this proposition, not only for ourselves, but for the country at large. So the proposition with us us now is not a theory, but an actual fact; because we are now actually doing the work of an agricultural school, in the county. We have the principal located on the farm actually doing some of the things that others are planning.

For our needs, we have the best school in the country, so not one of our people ever dream of moving to town to educate.

Besides, the usual books contained in the school libraries, we have begun to accumulate and classify bulletins of the National department and State department of agriculture. We have also other literature—agricultural papers, magazines, etc., on file.

The farmers, the patrons of the school and the pupils have organized a corn and cotton growers' association. This association is planning to not only produce more corn and cotton by better methods of cultivation, etc., but by the improvement of seed selection.

The greatest problem of all time has been the salvation of the common people. 99 per cent. of the people never receive a college education; 95 per cent do not receive a high school education. We need an educational system that will produce practical results upon 95 per cent. of our people in the rural districts.

The forerunner of civilization has been the plow and the farmer behind the throne is the man behind the plow. We cannot maintain any sort of a civilization without agriculture. So the type of civilization that we now have is determined by the sort of men that guide the plow. The man that holds the plow handles holds the destiny of the race in his grip.

The soil is divine. Agriculture is a sacred subject, it is cultural, it is practical. All true culture depends upthe soil.

Cities are consuming volcanoes, destroying the world's wealth; the country is the fountain from which wealth flows in streams of golden grain, delicious vegetables, reviving meats and refreshing fruits.

The cities destroy men—uses them—the country, the farms, produces them.

Abraham, of the Bible, was a country man. It was through him that all mankind has been blessed.

Moses ran from his duty after spending forty years in the courts and colleges of Egypt. Then he took a 40-year course out in the country, came back to his people and led them out of bondage into the light of liberty and freedom.

It was a country boy—George Washington—that was the father of our country.

It was Abraham Lincoln, another country boy, that saved our country.

Jesus, the author of all true life and liberty, was born in a stable.

I don't know what it is, but there is something, or all, in the environment of country life that produces strength of body, a capacity of mind, and a nobility of character that nothing else can produce.

Let us give the children of the country an education that will emphasize industrial training and domestic science, etc., giving them opportunity to demonstrate these studies in actual practice on the farm and in the school home.

The marketing of the farm products is a subject of very great importance. This, too, should be studied.

The only real national danger today is ignorance of producing and marketing farm products.

Few men, ignorant of farming, have made a success of agriculture. Our fathers before us, it is true, made a sort of success; but they left us a heritage of poor soil and wasted forest.

Each generation, if properly educated, will leave us a heritage of a richer and more productive soil. So that as the world's population increases the products of the soil will increase.

The increase of knowledge in the country not only interests the farmer but the city also. The prosperity of the merchant, the lawyer, the mechanic, the banker, the professional man—all depends upon the products of the soil.

The products of the soil is the exponent of all the social and economic forces that produce the well-being of mankind.

I am indeed honored to be put at the head of the first "Country Life School" in this country, and so far as I know the first in the world. Yours truly, P. E. SHAW,

Superintendent Teachey's School and School Farm.

Napoleon's Grit.

was of the unconquerable, never-say-die kind, the kind that you need most when you have a bad cold, cough or lung disease. Suppose troches, cough syrups, cod liver oil or doctors have all failed, don't lose heart or hope. Take Dr. King's New Discovery. Satisfaction is guaranteed when used for any throat or lung trouble. It has saved thousands of hopeless sufferers. It masters stubborn colds, obstinate coughs, hemorrhages, lagrippe, croup, asthma, hay fever and whooping cough and is the most safe and certain remedy for all bronchial affections. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottle free at Robert R. Bellamy's.

In reading store ads most people about some particular article—hence are looking for definite information merchants should quote prices always.

THE TELEPOST.

New Automatic Telegraph to Extend Its Lines to North Carolina.

New York, July 3.—Following the plan of the Telepost automatic telegraph company to interlace the whole country at an early date with its web of automatic telegraph wires, announcement was made in New York today that has under advisement the expansion of this system to all parts of North Carolina.

Connection is to be established by way of Louisville, to which point the system will be extended July 1st from Chicago and Indianapolis, where it has been operating for the last 12 months. William M. McCollum, former superintendent of construction of the Postal Company, who is in charge of the extensions of the automatic system, has been looking over the ground for some time, reports conditions unusually favorable for the inauguration of work on the line.

This system is regarded by scientific men as the most brilliant achievement in the evolution of telegraphy since Morse's time, representing the conquest of a new basic principle in telegraphy that presages for that industry a world wide revolution with its 2,000 words a minute service and rates of one cent, half cent and quarter of a cent a word, regardless of time or distance.

By the Telepost system a message is transmitted with equal facility over either a telegraph or telephone wire. its rates are the lowest and its service the most rapid in the world.

Civic organizations and boards of trade throughout the State, have been in touch with the officials of the Telepost for several months and have assured the company of their readiness to co-operate with it in any way it can suggest as most likely to facilitate the extension of its lines to North Carolina.

Among the cities and towns under consideration for connection with the automatic system are Raleigh, Goldsboro, Newbern, Winston-Salem, Salisbury, Charlotte, Concord, Wilmington, Elizabeth City, Durham, Greensboro, Asheville.

Patrick B. Delany, the inventor of the Telepost system which is now used between Boston and Portland, and between Chicago, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Terre Haute and other cities in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Maine, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, is an old associate of Thomas A. Edison. The discovery of the new scientific principle which made its invention possible, is the realization of an ambition Delany and Edson had as far back as 1871, when he and the wizard experimented on improvements to the Morse methods of hand transmission over a special wire constructed between Washington and New York with the idea of evolving a system of rapid telegraphy to displace the mails for long distance communication.

In addition to being a boon of inestimable value to the public, the Delany automatic system will save the newspapers of the country hundreds of thousands of dollars a year in telegraph tolls, through its cheap rates, great speed and accurate service.

Of the $1,500,000 expended every year for telegraph service by the Associated Press it is figured out that approximately $700,000 will be saved by the use of the automatic service, when it completes its continent-wide expansion.

POPULATION GUESSES.

Some of the Estimates Being Given Out in Washington.

Washington, D. C., July 3.—The Southern Commercial Congress estimates that the census of 1910 will show the Southern States, including Missouri and Oklahoma, to have made a gain in population since the census of 1900 of 21 per cent., or from 26,774,677 to 32,415,297. The gain of all other States of the Union together is estimated to have been 18 1-2 per cent. during the same period.

The five States of the South which will appear to have made the greatest numerical gain in population in ten years are, in the order named, Oklahoma, Texas, Missouri, Georgia, Alabama. Oklahoma gained more than 1,250,000 in population. The order of the Southern States in the totals of population will probably appear in the census of 1910 as follows: Texas, Missouri, Georgia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, Alabama, Virginia, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Louisiana, South Carolina, Arkansas, Maryland, West Virginia, Florida.

The five States to make the greatest proportionate gain in the same period will be, in the order named, Oklahoma, Florida, Texas, West Virginia, Louisiana. Omitting Oklahoma, whose proportionate growth is due to its development within 21 years from an Indian reservation, the States of the South will rank as follows for percentage of increase: Florida, Texas, West Virginia, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland.

The above calculations are based upon provisional estimates of the Census Bureau, supplementing Mortality Statistics for 1908, just issued.

PLUMP FOLKS AND THIN FOLKS.

Samore Will Make People Fat—"Money Back if It Fails," Says J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

The line of beauty is a curve. Women may be thin and graceful, but not thin and beautiful. There is a vast number of pale, thin, scrawny people who are all brains and nerves, but without the strength and health that accompanies the standard weight. Good flesh and perfect health go together. A true flesh forming food like Samose is absolutely necessary to many people.

No one can use this wonderful flesh-forming food for 10 days without a noticeable gain in flesh and strength.

J. Hicks Bunting has so much confidence in this remarkable flesh forming food and health restorer that he is willing and glad to allow any customer to deposit 50c with him and take home a box of Samose with the understanding that if it does not give a marked increase in good firm flesh the money will be returned without any questions.

Sent postpaid upon receipt of price, 50 cents.

The "bargain hunter" is no longer the woman who merely haunts the stores. She is the woman who watches the ads and goes to the stores strictly on business.

IN BEHALF OF MR. GODWIN.

Northerner Says Present Congressman Should be Returned.

At the request of Rev. J. A. Smith, the Star publishes the following:

To the Editors of the Wilmington Papers:

I sincerely hope that my Wilmington friends will not think that I am meddling with their local affairs when I use their columns and give full and free expressions to my feelings on a matter of supreme importance to many of us who wore the blue and gray. The first time I ever went to Wilmington was in 1865, when I entered Fisher's bloody gate, which was the scene of carnage and death. The next time was Jan. 15th, 1907, when all was peace and joy. It was then that Comrade Smith and myself stood together at Fisher's bloody gate and in behalf of the blue and gray clasped the hand of eternal friendship and brotherly love; we meant it and the blue and gray are now a band of loving brothers. It was on this occasion that we organized the Fort Fisher Survivors' Association, composed of the blue and gray and at this meeting we pledged ourselves to use all our power and influence with our Representatives to have the National Government establish a park at Fort Fisher. You sent your Mr. Godwin to Congress. He introduced a bill to this effect and to my certain knowledge he is doing all in his power to have this bill passed. He has secured the co-operation of the Vice President, who is from our own city, Utica, and also has an ally in our distinguished Senator, Elihu Root, who has also introduced a similar bill in the Senate of the United States. Your Mr. Godwin has a pull with our splendid delegation from the great Empire State of New York and with their co-operation our bill will go through. As a representative of the blue and a Northern soldier, I wish to assure your people of Wilmington that we all have every degree of confidence in the ability and influence of Mr. Godwin in Washington. So much so that when met in Washington we elected him an honorary member of the Fort Fisher Association; we who wore the blue both Democrats and Republicans desire Mr. Godwin to be returned to Congress, because we know that he is in full sympathy with our scheme. I think I voice the sentiment of my comrades, Rev. J. A. Smith and Mr. H. C. McQueen, Mr. John West in this matter for those up here are getting somewhat nervous in regard to the park. We are all growing old and one by one we are passing away, and we do desire to see a park at Fort Fisher before we go hence and as a representative of the blue I do ask your people to send a man to Congress who is inclined to grant the desire of the old soldiers. I will leave it to my Southern comrades to join me in this request. The people of Wilmington have no idea what a benefit this park w... be to the city and adjoining country as it will bring to you thousands of visitors from all parts of the world, for it is a well known historical fact that the greatest land and naval battle of ancient or modern times was the battle of Fort Fisher.

Thanking you gentlemen of the press in advance for this publication, I am, sincerely yours,

B. F. SEELYE.

Co. C., 117 N. Y., Sq., Clinton, N. Y.

NOTES FROM WELDON.

Personal, General and Otherwise—Senator Travis at Home.

Weldon, N. C., July 2.—Miss Jeannette Daniel is visiting friends in Windsor.——Miss Alice Dickens is visiting relatives in Enfield.——Mrs. M. E. Cochran is visiting her children in Rocky Mount.——Mrs. J. W. Sledge spent last Tuesday in Littleton.——Mrs. C. D. Cherry is visiting relatives in Richmond.——Dr. W. H. Furman, of Louisburg, is in charge of Cohen's pharmacy this week. Mr. Cohen is on a visit to Norfolk.——Mrs. J. A. House, of Thelma, is here on a visit to her son, Mr. A. C. House.——Mrs. Virginia Sledge and daughter, Mrs. Eva Bishop, left this week for Richmond, where in future they will reside.

Rev. Mr. Joyner, of Greensboro, preached here at Grace Church last Sunday. He is a brother of Mrs. H. H. Phelps, of this place.

Senator E. L. Travis was taken to his home at Halifax from Richmond Tuesday. He stood the trip very well.

Mr. W. H. Hudson, of Emporia, spent last Sunday here with relatives.

Hay Fever and Asthma.

Bring discomfort and misery to many people, but Foley's Honey and Tar gives ease and comfort to the suffering ones. It relieves the congestion in the head and throat and is soothing and healing. None genuine ut Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package. Robt. R. Bellamy.

Foley's Kidney Pills

What They Will Do for You

They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabates, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv Rich	2:00 p m	6:45 p m	11:00 p m
Ar. Louis	10:00 a m		7:30 p m
Ar. Cin	7:30 a m	10:00 a m	5:00 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:25 p m	6:00 p m	7:10 a m
Ar. St. Louis	5:51 p m	6:16 p m	7:17 p m

Leave Richmond 12:00 N. Week days "Mountain" Special Parlor cars to Hinton, W. Va.

Direct connections for all points West nd Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman resermations address

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A., C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

SAMPLE OF B. B. B. FREE TO ALL

B. B. B. quickly cures all effects of Bad, Impure or Poisoned Blood, Weak Back, All Run Down Feeling, Despondency, Nervousness, Specks Flying Before the Eyes, Bone Pains, Pale Skin.

If you have aches and pains in Bones, Back or Joints, Mucus Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, Itching, Watery Blisters or Open Humors, Risings or Pimples of Eczema, Boils, Swellings, Eating Sores, Old Rheumatism or Catarrh, take B. B. B. It kills the poison, makes the blood pure and rich, completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition, healing every sore or pimple, and stopping all aches, pains and itching, curing the worst case of Blood Poison, Rheumatism or Eczema. Thousands of hopeless cases cured by B. B. B. after all else failed.

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM (B. B. B.) is pleasant and safe to take; composed of pure Botanic ingredients. B. B. B. thoroughly tested for 30 years. DRUGGISTS, $1 PER LARGE BOTTLE, with directions for home cure.

Free Blood Cure Coupon

This coupon is good for one sample of B. B. B. mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

.....

.....

State name of trouble, if you know.

North Carolina Four Per Cent Bonds.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THIS BANK WAS AWARDED

$150,000.00

of the New 4 Per Cent North Carolina Four Per Cent Bonds and will receive them July 1st. No other Bank purchased so large an amount.

As a Depository of the State of North Carolina, we are Prepared to Cash Old Bonds due July 1st, 1910, and those who hold such Bonds are requested to present or forward them to us. If new Bonds are desired, we are prepared to furnish them.

The New Bonds run for Forty Years, are Free of Tax, and Bear Four Per Cent Interest, Payable Semi-Annually.

By corresponding with us we can arrange to take out insurance here for the safe delivery to us by registered mail of any of the old Bonds at a cost of only 15c per $1,000.00 for insurance.

If Interested, write, or see us at once, as the Old Bonds cease to draw interest after Jnly 1st, 1910.

Capital, - -	$200,000.00
Net Surplus. -	140,000.00
Assets, - -	2,000,000.00

CHAS. N. EVANS, President. D. L. GORE, Vice-President.

J. W. SIMPSON, Cashier. HUGH MacRAE, Vice-President.

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The BELLE of CAROLINA

Is the Finest Product of the Vine.

It's a rich, dark red wine, light in alcohol, and made from the largest and choicest Flowers Grapes. Its flavor is delightful. Connoiseurs all over the country unite in praising this product of Carolinas' sunny vineyards.

Bear's "Belle of Carolina," served with any informal dinner, adds much to the pleasure of the occasion.

One case containing 12 bottles ($9) will be shipped express prepaid for $7.00. Write for booklet containing Price List and many helpful hints on the selection and serving of wine. All of our goods are guaranteed under the National and State Pure Food Laws.

SOL. BEAR & COMPANY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Now Is the Time to Advertise in The Morning Star

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO THE TRADE

June 28th, 1910.

Please take notice that on and after above date, and until further notice, we will sell the Spencer Kellogg & Sons boiled Linseed Oil at the same price as raw linseed oil.

(Signed)

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

Sales Agents.

Paint Department.

4th JULY

OXFORDS AND PUMPS

Latest Styles at

PETERSON & RULFS

Next to Murchison Bank.

Jul 2 tf

The Real Attraction

Is not the man in the window, but the hundreds of useful articles of Furniture on our floors. Our stock is by far the most complete, the largest, the newest in the city. As usual, our prices are much lower. All are cordially invited to walk through and be convinced.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.

FACTS and FIGURES

Do Not Lie

45 per cent. increase in the number of prescriptions filled in the past year over the previous year does not mean necessarily that the amount of sickness has increased in Wilmington, but it does mean that

THE PRESCRIPTION BUSINESS IS COMING OUR WAY.

for recognize the fact that each prescription brought to our store is accurately prepared and packages are promptly delivered, except in rare instances when delay is unavoidable.

N. B.—Bring your prescriptions to us or get your doctor to phone them in and they will be promptly attended to.

Get a new straw hat ($2.50 to $5.00) for 10c. Hawke's and R. N. It means that only the best material is used in our prescription work and we use only what the doctor orders, and you and your doc- U. Straw Hat Cleaner, 10c.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES! SHINGLES!

Kings Windsor Wall Plaster, Atlas Portland Cement, Tidewater Hydrated Lime, Walrus Rubber Roofing, Rock Lime Brick, laths, Wood Coal, Etc.

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.

Phone 789.

Ju 26 tf

PUBLIC SENTIMENT IN STATE AND INDIVIDUAL

(Continued from Page Nine.)

moves the hands and feet.

By long-continued agitation of the subject by public officials, by public press and public-spirited teachers, builders of wealth with dreams and visions in restless brains, dreams not only of material wealth, but of wealth in men, public sentiment now makes public education an agreeable duty, an investment sure to pay both speedy and remarkable dividends. I sometimes watch the fair winds and tide and wonder how the pioneers in education might envy the smooth sailing of the captains of today. But with public education the State cannot close its obligation to the public and to the individual. A population of cultured invalids would not bring wealth to a State. A sound body is as much a public necessity as an educated hand and head. The State must legitimately, therefore, and of necessity look as well to the health of its people.

Is this a matter of sentiment or of business? When Rockefeller gave a million dollars for the eradication of the hook-worm in the South, he did it not as a bit of baldheaded piety, but as cold-hearted business. A benefaction it was, a magnificent benefaction, which will save to usefulness a million boys and girls. A million lives will be brighter and millions of children will be born of stronger parentage by reason of this gift. The nation will be richer by many millions, when stronger men and women, not miserable wrecks and burdensome paupers, are made producers and consumers: they will be able to buy and to pay for the old sinner's oil. He knew when he gave it that it would all "come out in the wash." He had read somewhere in the Scriptures, "Cast thy bread upon the waters and after many days it will return." He said, indeed, that he made the donation as an investment; an investment in public health, a nation's greatest asset; an asset which neither the public itself nor the individual living upon the public can neglect without loss. Mr. Carnegie had already set Mr. Rockefeller a splendid example of public benefaction for personal gain when he gave to cities that would help themselves, principally sums for the establishment of public libraries for the culture of men. Incidentally, I may remark that these "malefactors of great wealth" may be trampling sinners; but they seem to have in them something of wisdom; and, if they are wise, for the sake of their posterity and their property, they will never trample down so hard upon the people as to lessen their earning capacity, their desire of things, and their ability to consume and to pay. In their own interest, they must needs foster a strong people of many desires, with ability to gratify them by the results of their toil.

I was amused at the attitude of certain public men and newspapers criticising the Standard Oil magnate's gift to the Southern people. Medical men in every section of this State so far as I konw, and certainly practitioners of medicine in Eastern North Carolina, acknowledge their indebtedness to Dr. Stiles for making known to them the preventable cause of so much direct and indirect waste of value in human life and health and happiness. No man in or out of the State has done the profession and the public a more substantial service. But when a man of wealth, from whatever motive, brings a great scientific fact without cost to the help of our people, he is met with a denial of the widespread existence of the malady and a graceless acceptance of the gift and the sunshine in it. This leads one to ask what estimate the inn-keeper would have set upon the wisdom of that certain man who went from Jerusalem down to Jericho and fell among thieves, if he had spurned the Samaritan's help and had declared that he was not hurt, and that if he was hurt, he would bear his injuries until such time as the passing Priest and Levite of his own tribe were minded to assist him. If the innkeeper had asked a commercial traveler who was the fool in that transaction, the question would have found ready answer.

It is well enough to be patriotic, proud of your State and your people (I always admired Paul's saying, "Tarsus in Cilicia, no mean city"), but it is cruel folly to deny the defects of your people and to leave them to die unhelped in their wretchedness, weighting you down by their incompetence, unproductiveness and poverty, only because they are your own. I do not care to embalm any names connected with this episode—let them go; but if salvation is of the Jews and we need it, we should accept it with thanks, even if we feel a certain proud regret that it cometh not of us Gentiles.

As has been said, we have developed in us a public sentiment favorable to popular education. We have need now to develop no less a public sentiment favorable to public health. Along this road we are making some progress, and some day we shall arrive at the point where the care of the health of the people will lie as a profitable duty upon the conscience of the State. Years ago the Legislature gave us grudgingly a statute regulating the practice of medicine, thinking in their wisdom that the law was mainly in the interest of the doctors. But every session of the Legislature still finds it necessary for a committee of this society to be on guard to protect the public against ignorant practitioners and divers forms of medical quackery; to preserve as it is now, if not to perfect the law that we have already. When we would go a step further and ask for preliminary academic education as a necessary and reasonable basis for the profitable study and safer practice of medicine, we are still met by some high demagogue, running for higher office at long range and playing to low galleries for the suffrages of the ignorant, with the accusation of an endeavor to prevent some "poor boy" from entering the profession; an insincere, demagogic, hysterical sympathy for the criminal, and wanton disregard of the helpless unfortunate that he may slay.

Inconceivably strange it is that these same legislators will insist upon the rigid examination of teachers in the public schools; will insist on strict examination and qualification of men applying to practice law; and yet show themselves ready to permit the unqualified to enter the profession and the practice of medicine. Is not life and health more than a little knowledge of books, and is not life and health more than land and meat? Is not a man of more value than a cow or a hog or a sheep?

The aim of the profession is to give to society the perfectly equipped physician, not for the profession's sake, but for the welfare of the State and its individual constituents. But it is exceedingly difficult for the average legislator to comprehend that the legitimate mission of every normal practitioner of medicine is to render himself a useless member of society; to work himself, so to speak, out of a job; to so treat and educate the individual and the public as to the value and the care of health, that his clientele will vanish from him, having no need of him; a mission impossible of fulfillment to be sure, in the face of human limitations, but an attainment to be aimed at none the less. We can sail by a star if we never sail into it. The physician says, not from selfish motives, that the life and health and happy value of man is too precious, too sacred a thing to be tampered with by the ignorant and incompetent; that the State in its own interest, therefore, must prescribe stringent qualifications for practitioners of medicine, administrators into whose hands the bodily estate of every man must inevitably at some time come.

Education in books is well enough in a way, but education as to health is better. The combination of the two is better than either alone. In deference to some appreciation of this fact, we have had for a time a statute, more honored in the breach than the observance, requiring the teaching of physiology and hygiene in the public schools. In what way could we add more to the wealth and happiness of the State than by the sure inculcation into its children of a knowledge of the laws of life and common sanitation? In North Carolina the death rate in the negro race is practically twice as great as it is in the white; and this fact is attributable undoubtedly to the ignorance and bad sanitary conditions of the negro. This fact is of such force that it can be said that there can be no normal increase of the negro population without the right education of the negro. Not rightly educated, the race is a constant menace to the health of the whites. And what is true here of the negro as a race, is measurably true as to a large portion of the white population. We have laws concerning acute contagious and infectious diseases, which the ignorant of both races are prone to disregard and to hinder the execution of. They do not comprehend the necessity and the beneficence of these regulations. Their obstruction is to be avoided only by the education that will convert them into intelligent helpers of every health officer. The continued existence of smallpox and its repeated outbreak in nearly every county in North Carolina is due to ignorance—to ignorance prejudice against vaccination and ignorant disregard of our efforts to limit and control the spread of a contagious disorder. The necessity and the reason of these requirements should be rigidly taught in every public school. They are of vastly more importance than a knowledge of the geography of Asia, or of the common rules of grammar.

We are to be congratulated, however, upon the progress we are making in public sentiment along these lines. The State Board of Health, poorly sustained by the State, but instant in season and out of season to rouse and educate public sentiment, has done already a magnificent work. It has made the better class of our people comprehend its work and the reasonableness of it, even though it could induce a legislature to supply only inadequate means for the task that lay before it. It has taught the people the contagiousness of malaria through the medium of a mosquito; and I think it may be said, without fear of contradiction, that year by year malarial diseases are less acute and less numerous in the tide-water regions of North Carolina. It has taught the communicableness of typhoid fever and the dangers that cling to the feet of the common house-fly. It has taught and enforced the necessity of a clean water-shed and a pure water supply for the well-being of our cities and towns. It is now teaching the preventableness and the curableness of tuberculosis; and it is demonstrating its faith by its work in a modern sanatorium, modestly equipped, the outcome of education, a growing public sentiment, the profession everlastingly advertising because it is certain that it has the goods. And so the crusade goes on against the great white plague here as elsewhere; and State and local societies take up the work and States and municipalities will yet provide funds for a thorough and successful warfare aaginst this greatest scourge of the race. The doctor leads unselfishly, saving life and health and happiness, bringing sunshine and smiles, driving back sorrow and wiping away tears, adding all the while to the value of man the one valuable thing, and the wealth of his nation.

These matters of public interest and effect are brought about by the developing of a public sentiment to desire and demand them; and this public sentiment is developed by men who are everlastingly harping upon the same string. The dream of the seer at last becomes the dream of the multitude. In matters of politics and matters of trade, in matters of education and matters of health, in matters of religion even ,it is continued advertising and confident assertion that create desire and demand. Even lifeless marble takes the form of life in the mind of the sculptor, who constantly plies it with mallet and chisel; so man, made of the dust of the earth, took on life and the divine image of his Creator. Neither matter nor mind of men, "made to be converted," can resist the hammering of the strong influences that work upon it. Indeed, mind is exceedingly malleable matter, and into what shape may it not be wrought by continued suggestion? So David by the music of his harp swept away the melancholy of Saul, and so the beauty of his harem made the builder of the temple corrupt the worship of Jehovah.

The moulder of public sentiment is an artist who informs the public with his ideal; and the public, becoming conscious of the beauty and the beneficence of it, and seeing with each step of its growth that "it is good," realize it and make it effective in public life. So every reform is wrought; so crusade of old were preached, and Kings left their thrones and armies went on pilgrimages to do battle in a distant land. So strikes and mobs fulminate and lay hold on a community and set at naught the order of justice. So ignorance, prodded by real or fancied grievance, tears down in a day what wisdom could scarce build in centuries. So campaigns are wo. Even nations are born by some slogan that excludes all other thought. "The cause of oBston is the cause of us all," cried our Revolutionary fathers, who felt that "taxation without representation is tyranny," even though their tea was taxed less without representation than the Englishman's tea was taxed with it. So a fretful child is lured into slumber-land by some monotonous lullaby softly crooned out a mother's heart; and the storm falls asleep when some master towers, lifts his hand and whispers, "Be still! Be still!"

Touching the practice of medicine, after the saying, "He is the best doctor who knows the worthlessness of most drugs," I know no wiser thing ever said than this, that after you have found out what disease your patient has, next find out what patient has your disease. This is but another way of saying that all persons are not affected alike by the same conditions and things. What is sauce for the living goose is not always sauce for the gander, and what is one man's meat is another man's poison; for the reason of certain definite, if undiscerned unlikenesses in individuals. Whether sick or well, people are unlike in personal appearance and in disposition; and the different personal appearance and disposition if we could learn to read these characters, is but the expression of the constitution, of the qualities that mark the varying personalities.

And as individuals differ, so also differ communities, whether of the same or different race or nationality; and so differ the several races of men. The African is unlike the European; the Frenchman is unlike the German; and the slow-moving Englishman is not like the hustling American. But all Africans are not alike, despite the saying that "all coons look alike to me." All Europeans are not alike, all Frenchmen are not alike; all Englishmen are not alike; and there is a marvelous unlikeness among Americans. Caesar said: "The Belgians go to battle, but the Batavians go to war"—the Batavians, the dwellers on the broad, perilous, sea-swept meadows of what we know as Holland. Philip and the Duke of Alva found the same pertinacity in the followers of William the Silent, who, after a struggle of 80 years, in the face of Belgian desertion and Spanish power, established the Dutch Republic. The sticking quality of the Batavians, created and schooled by ancestral environment, was manifest in South Africa to the wonder of the world in our own day, and to the cost of their English cousins. The old blood told two thousand years after Caesar's personal federation had turned to clay. And so still the French, Caesar's Belgian stock, are revolutionary, turbulent and bright, spurting "quarter-horses" that go to battle; and our Frenchy neighbor down the line is fiery and secessional, while North Carolina is cautious and conservative, tenaciously right and solidly progressive, by rich inheritance from her less emotional ancestry.

And yet the North Carolinian from the west differs from his brother in the east. He does not look like him, does not walk like him, does not talk like him, and does not think like him. Might not an observant stranger mingle with this audience of North Carolinians, and group the men according to locality with so little difficulty that his success would be conceded by one knowing the facts? And yet we are all North Carolinians, any hundred of us distinguishable by common characteristics from any similar hundred from some sister State. As individuals, as communities, as races, we have equated with our environment; and every race and every individual is but the expression of his environment and his ancestral character, that too a matter of older environment; and each is the net sum of all that he has net.

And so there is a distinctive American type of man, whatever the racial stock of the man may be—a psychical and physical differentiation from foreign types of the same parent stock. The type is due, not simply to a change of country and climate, but to a change of life and thought in a land of freedom and unexampled opportunity for the exercise of energy and the profitable enjoyment of the fruits of industry. Even the negro shows the uplifting influence of civilization and surroundings. And so the long-headed Sicilian, we are told, coming to this country, finds that his children born in New York have rounder heads than their ancestors; and the round-headed European Hebrew finds that the heads of his American born children are less round, the two extremes of cranial formation tending to a common type a conformity not due to admixture of alien blood, but to the new environment of the old; to environment which is more than occupation, climate and topography—it is the atmosphere and complexion of things about us, the spirit of our people and our institution , our way of life and our habits

(Continued on Page 12.)

A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL.

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, whether muscular or of the joints, sciatics, lumbagos, backache, pains in the kidneys or neuralgia pains, to write to her for a home treatment which has repeatedly cured all of these tortures. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You cure yourself at home as thousands will testify—no change of climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes uric acid from the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, purifies the blood, and brightens the eyes, giving elasticity and tone to the whole system. If the above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box R, Notre Dame, Ind.

NOTICE OF LAND SALE.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by order of the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, duly rendered on the 28th of June, 1910, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door in Wilmington, N. C., on Monday, the 1st day of August, 1910, at 12 o'clock M. the following described lots or blocks of land situated in the City of Wilmington, and more specifically described as follows, to-wit:

FIRST LOT: Being Block No. 480 in the City of Wilmington, bound on the north by Chesnut street; on the south by Princess street; on the west by 15th street and on the east by 16th street.

SECOND LOT: Being Block 481, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, bounded on the north by Chesnut street; on the south by Princess street; on the west by 16th street and on the east by 17th street. Said lots will be offered separately and then in bulk, and the highest bids reported to the Court for confirmation.

This June 28th, 1910.

W. A. DICK,
Commissioner.

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LINCOLN LITHIA WATER LINCOLN LITHIA WATER

"Bottled at the Spring."

Lincoln Lithia Inn open to guests May 15th to October 1st. Literature upon request.

Its Action in the Uric Acid Diathesis, Obstinate Dyspepsia of Long Standing, Nausea of Pregnancy, Complicated with Chronic Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Nephritic Colic, Etc.

GEORGE G. THOMAS, M. D., Wilmington, N. C., ex-President N. C. Medical Society, Member American Medical Association and American Public Health Association, Chief Surgeon Atlantic Coast Line, etc., says:

"I am thoroughly satisfied with the excellent results that followed the prescribing of LINCOLN LITHIA WATER in my practice when quite a quantity of it had been given a patient of mine who was suffering with a Dyspepsia that had about exhausted my efforts to cure. I suggested that he use LINCOLN LITHIA WATER very freely and to the exclusion of all other water. The treatment was a most successful one and the relief that ensued has been permanent.

"A little later I prescribed this water for the NAUSEA OF PREGNANCY on a patient with CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS. It materially mitigated the suffering, and I believe kept her condition in a favorable state for the whole term. It has always increased the diuretic effect of alkalies and been of benefit to persons suffering with a LITHIC ACID DIATHESIS. In my own person, I am sure it has warded off two attacks of NEPHRITIC COLIC, and relieved me of an EXCESS OF URIC ACID. There is never a day now that it is not used in my house. A patient, who has been a dyspeptic always, is signally benefitted by LINCOLN LITHIA WATER. It most assuredly then does correct and control the disposition to an excess of lithic acid; it does relieve atonic, gastric indigestion, and it does, as a result of one or both of these improvements, build up the general system, improve the appetite and digestion. It is as well a most delightful drinking water, no amount of it that one can take ever giving the consumer the uncomfortable sense of fullness that follows very large draughts of water generally. The high percentage of lithia and the comparatively low percentage of other mineral ingredients, especially lime and soda, make the indications for its use by gouty and rheumatic patients the more pronounced. When the water is more thoroughly known, its virtues will not fail of appreciation."

A. W. KNOX, M. D., Raleigh, N. C., Member N. C. Medical Society: "I have used the LINCOLN LITHIA WATER quite extensively in my practice during the past five or six years. In the URIC ACID DIATHESIS; in controlling the tendency to NEPHRITIC COLIC, in DYSPEPSIA, in ALBUMINURIA, and I have come to regard it with great confidence. Indeed, so highly do I appreciate its efficiency in the disturbances of the RENAL FUNCTIONS, that I regularly prescribe its systematic use to the exclusion of ordinary drinking water as a PREVENTIVE OF RENAL COMPLICATIONS during the last three or four months of pregnancy in the cases of all my patients who can afford it.

A pure Natural Spring Water, endorsed by eminent medical authority, **For Stomach, Intestinal, Kidney and Bladder Troubles.**

In cases of 12 half gallon bottles, $4.00 and 5 gallon demijohns, $3.00. For sale by druggists and grocers or

DISCOUNT TO DEALERS. LINCOLN LITHIA WATER CO. Props., Lincolnton, N. C.

FOR SALE BY

Holmes Grocery Company, Mission Pharmacy, J. H. Hardin, Robt. R. Bellamy, J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company.

Have You An Employee Who Drinks?

A brilliant man perhaps who was once your most trusted employee? Maybe he is still all right—as brilliant as ever—when he is sober. But you can't keep him in the same responsible position because you never can trust him any more. And so you have to cut his wages and finally when all patience is exhausted and all hope seems gone—you have to discharge him and set him adrift.

Yet in spite of everything you hate to do it. You hate to see a good man go like that—for you have spent so many years in training him and good men are so hard to get. You know you can't train up another man as good in four months or even in four years. But did you know that in from four to six weeks you could bring your trusted employee back to his old self? A credit to himself—a joy to his family—and a money-making investment to you?

Too good to be true you say! Not a bit of it. We have cured 6500 patients here at the Greensboro Keeley Institute the past eighteen years since I've been president of it and the great majority of them are happy and prosperous men today. We can do just as much for your old employee. For his sake, for his family's sake, for your own sake, write today for our descriptive booklet.

W. H. OSBORN, President

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Greensboro, North Carolina

Every Hour's Need is Filled by the Bell Telephone

The requirement of the modern office and home is for comprehensive telephone service. This is supplied only by the Bell System. Your Bell Telephone keeps you in constant touch with everybody locally and by means of the extensive long distance lines you can talk to any point reached by the Bell System. If you are not a subscriber you are depriving yourself of one of the most valuable assets of the age.

Efficient Service
Reasonable Rates

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company

TARRYMOORE HOTEL

ENLARGED

CAPACITY NOW 500 PER DAY

The Most Pleasant and Delightful Seaside Resort in the New World.

For Information as to Rates, apply to

TARRYMOORE HOTEL CO.,
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.
W. J. MOORE, Mgr.

Ju 14 tf

Spring and Summer Changes of the SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Effective June 5th, 1910.

On the above date the Southern Railway will put in operation their Elegant Summer service of Sleepers and Parlor Cars from all important points. Jacksonville, Atlanta, Macon, New Orleans, Memphis, Chattanooga, Columbia, Charleston, Norfolk, Raleigh, etc., to

Western North Carolina Resorts,
"The Land of the Sky."

and all other Summer Resorts. Cheap round trip rates effective May 15th, to September 30th, final return limit October 31st, 1910.

For further information regarding rates, schedules, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to your nearest agent or the undersigned.

W. H. PARNELL,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
H. F. CARY,
General Passenger Agent,
Washington, D. C.

ma 26-thu-fr-sa-su tf.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information. Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT IN STATE AND INDIVIDUAL

(Continued from Page 11.)

of thought—the everlasting suggestion of things—the visible man expressing the inner man, the inner man unconsciously equating with all the forces, seen and unseen, that work silently in the making of him.

And so we may go yet further; whatever the racial or national type, we may find certain physical and mental marks in the lesser groups of the family. Some families are remarkable for stature and some for the lack of it; some for pleasing personal appearance, and some for the lack of it. So there are families of theologians, physicians and lawyers; of merchants, farmers, artists and artisans; of men of affairs and of dreamers; families of gentlemen and of scoundrels; of honest men and of thieves of high or low degree; of law-abiding citizens or a pestiferous brood of criminals; families remarkable for their sanity or insanity—groups as distinct as individuals or races, as unlike as Samuel and the sons of Eli, as David and Saul, as Judas and John, as Jew and Greek; whose unseen environment was unlike; and against each distinct and definite environment of man, family or nation, in the very necessity and nature of things, is written in human form a different and definite equation.

I am too conscious of my own freedom of choice and action to declare for the race a fixed fatalism, yet I catch here a glimpse of the meaning of the Apostle when he said, "It is God that worketh in you both to will and to do of His good pleasure"; and the record of God's work, I see, is kept with amazing accuracy. And I can agree with Lombroso as to the insanity of criminals and pity them as unfortunate, though dangerous members of society. It may, indeed, be that the sins and surroundings of the fathers, the thought and atmosphere in which they lived, are visited upon the children to the third and fourth generations of them that forget the happier and saner laws of thought and life.

Are we then creatures of circumstance? "Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it." The family is the indispensable foundation of society, the unit of government, for the sole reason that children untrained are unorganizable and ungovernable. All our process of education, in the home or in the school is but an effort to impart ideals and aspirations, to better the environment of the child, to make for him a better physical and psychical equation. The difference in men is not so much a difference in brains; it is a difference rather in thought, of mental attitude, of look upon life. As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he. The thought of a man is his chiefest environment. Take an example in proof of it:

Jacob, through fear of Esau, flees with parental blessing from the house of his father. When night comes on, helpless from man, he pillows his head upon a stone and covers himself with the stars of an Oriental sky. With thanks for his escape, he prays to the God of his father and falls asleep in a strange land. He strangely dreams, and awakes with the morning. "How dreadful is this place!" he cries, "this is none other than the house of God and the gateway of Heaven. Surely God is here and I knew it not." All night long angels were ascending and descending the ladder from earth to heaven. What was his environment? Not the strange land and his pillow of stone, but his hopes and fears that rose and fell until his aspiration, his thought, the soul of him, broke beyond the stars and laid hold of the very throne of God. He goes on and he prospers with a sense of blessing. After a time, he returns toward his native land with his wives, his children, his servants, and his wealth of cattle about him. The old fear of Esau again confronts him. He rests his caravan at Jabbok with dire misgivings and strange mastery of faith. His wives and his children, his servants and his cattle lie down and sleep. But he does not sleep; these are not his environment—they are mere surroundings. Unseen of them, all night long he wrestles with a man, who would leave him ere the dawn and who cries, "Let me go!" Struggling on, he cries out in agony, saying, "I will not let thee go except thou bless me!" The man touches the hollow of Jacob's thigh, the sinews shrink, the dawn comes, and Israel, a prince of power with God and men, leads the caravan of Jacob, the supplanter, to meet the injured Esau in peace.

"Who never in tears did eat his bread,
Nor through the long-drawn mid-night hours,
Sat weeping on his lonely bed,
He knows you not, ye unseen powers."

But when he has cut his way through the wilderness with the fine sword of the spirit, behold, the splendor and the safety of the land, the divinity of the man, and the lavish ministry of angels!

III.

Somebody has said that blood is a queer sort of juice; and, to be sure, it is. Its channels are at the same time the feast-table and the sewer of our bodies. As its current flows along, each organ and cell takes out what it needs for its nutrition, and throws in its waste. It is the joyous highway of the living, and the dark pathway of the dead, where the living sweep on forgetful of the dead as if they were men. It is the calm or turbulent sea of what joys and sorrows we know not. We know only that every cell is an organic ultimate of the individual, and that each cell and group of cells has its special work in the individual economy, and that each does its work apparently with intelligent purpose—with the same conscious intelligence that the whole organism displays as a citizen of his community and State. Nerve cells take from the common current nerve-nutriments and make nerve-tissue; and nerve centres and trunks perform their certain function in the economy of the individual; bone-cells pick out bone-food; and make bone and not brain; muscle cells feed and build with the same certainty; that great division of peculiar cells which compose the liver, nourishes itself with the same precision; and the liver as an organ does its work in metabolism with the seeming intelligence of a department force in some industrial or social government. Similar action may be predicated for the kidneys and for every group of cells—every organ in the body.

Does not the whole process of living, of assimilation and disassimilation, of the healing of wounds, the repair of bodily injuries, and the systemic resistance to pathogenic organisms, declare the intelligence of the ultimate cell? The stump of an amputation sloughs and leaves bare an inch of bone; don't re-amputate; wait and watch the growth of granulations down and over the bone; then of skin following after and covering them, and such perfection of repair resulting as if there had been no death of original tissue. See the great canyons bridged by the building of new tissue, when tissue has been torn away. In destructive injuries to human hands so necessary to the organism, recall the marvelous excellence of repair as if something knew the need of it. It is not the conscious work of the injured individual; it is the work of the cells of the part, intent on reconstruction for the public good, and on repair of their shattered fortunes. Now a young crab would rebuild a lost claw entirely, and certain low organisms would construct even a new eye.

And what do you mean by the leukocytosis of inflammatory and infectious disorders? Does it not mark the effort of the cells to protect the organisms against noxious invasion? The degree of it measures the resistance of the individual—who is unaware of it. What do you mean by phagocytes in infectious disorders? They are the soldiery of the system, who know the danger to their commonwealth, make bold to resist the invasion, and in mortal combat attempt to slay the invaders. But all this goes on without the consciousness of the individual. How will you account for it, in the very nature of things, but by the assumption of the conscious intelligence of the cells themselves?

A step further:

"In the Spring a fuller crimson comes
upon the robin's breast,
In the Spring the wanton lapwing gets
himself another crest;
In the Spring a livelier iris changes
on the burnished dove,
In the Spring a young man's fancy
lightly turns to thoughts of love.

"Many a morning on the moorland did
we hear the copses ring,
And her whisper thronged my pulses
with the fulness of the Spring.
Many an evening by the waters did we
watch the stately ships,
And our spirits rushed together at the
touching of the lips."

So in the Spring, the queen bee in lusty youth flies forth from her hive into limitless air, and the drones follow after her, every one in wild longing flight, till one shall find her; after which she returns with new powers to receive the homage and willing bedience of the thousands of sexless workers intent only upon labor to feed heir race. So two unlike cells, the permatozoon and the ovum, whose union is the beginning of a new organism, make in lesser range the ame eager quest. What is the nature f the attraction between these primary cells? Is it chemical affinity here, nd instinct in the bee and the bird, nd conscious intelligence of need, which is life, which is love, in the man and the maid? Is a different orce directing everywhere to the ame vital end? Say we not rather, t is the same in all—a sense of need nd an intlligent purpose to satisfy?

IV.

What, then, is a man, this patient of mine? He stands upon the border l.ne. An integral member of society, a social unit, a citizen of the State—with respect to the State, an individual he is, as his State is an integral unit of a national federation. But with respect to himself, what is he? A union of countless cells, an innumerable intelligent citizenship, which make him a world-power among similar world powers that we call men. I speak to a group of individuals; I peak no less to a council of nations hat near me through their sovereign eads. These receive or reject, each plenipotentiary for his commonwealth, he message that I bring.

Two nations are at war: news of victory comes to the one and news of defeat comes to the other. All Germany looks to the Kaiser, and all England looks to the King. The news may be true or untrue, but it is believed to be true. The joy or sorrow of Kaiser or King is the joy or sorrow of every individual citizen. The gloom or radiance of the palace falls on or lights up the empire. So a panic comes where the heads falter, and fear seizes the masses of men; it passes away when the lords of finance assure us it is gone. The consciousness of the head pervades and becomes the pirit of the whole body. Soldiers are like their generals. There are no owards in the ranks of a brave leader, and there are no brave men in he ranks of a coward.

It is so in aggregation of men; is it ot so in the individual man? Go to our child in the dark; it is not the eal but the believed that terrifies him. There is a therapeutic value in the grave-yard whistle, though laughed at by those not passing through. Go to your patient and say to him, "Very sick you are, but not unto death; it is better further on." He has faith in you; confidence takes the place of fear, every organic element of him, every intelligent cell of him, hears and believes the word of hope, takes courage and continues its work with renewed spirit and energy. The man recovers. So the leper came to the Master with faith—the cry of helplessness into the face of infinite strength, and said, "If Thou wilt Thou canst make me clean." "I will; be thou clean," said the Master, "Go and show thyself to the priests." The eper's faith and the touch of the Master—and lo! he is cleansed. You see Him standing in the temple, the whited scales have vanished like the rnows of last year.

But go to your patient and say to hum on the contrary, "It is impossible for you to recover; the sands of your life are well-nigh run, and the glass may not be inverted; set your house in order." Despair seizes hold of his head, his heart sinks within him, and he turns his face to the wall. Oh! the deadliness of despair and the mortal fascination of death. To what age might we not live, but that we go all our lifetime subject to bondage through fear of death? How the dull-eyed thing keeps even the bright eyes of childhood and youth fastened on it, and keeps us all playing about it! How the sallow-fingered thing insinuates itself into our brain and depresses every cell of our being until we become like the silent thing we have thought upon and feared! Take hope from your patient; appetite fails, digestion fails, nutrition fails, circulation fails, desire fails, the working citizenship of the man's commonwealth loses heart, and he dies; his federation is dissolved—an undertaker, a hearse, a few sorrowing friends—it may be some flowers now that his eye will never see—a little mound of garth marks the burial place of a nation.

We are not Christian Scientists, nor Emmanualists, nor Faith-healers in the common purview of these terms; but we know that man equates with his environments, and that his chiefest environment is what he thinks and believes. Every physician, therefore, is a conscious or unconscious psychotherapist, knowing that foods, faces, places and some drugs may alter the nutrition and life of cells, but that most drugs, watering-places, and shrines are but convenient clothes-hooks to hang the saving faith of his patients on.

And we deplore the deadliness of despair, so do we rejoice in and utilize the liveliness of faith and hope and love. Let these abide. They sweeten life and make it longer. The great Laureate of the last century, a great healthful, helpful, loving soul for any century, man of faith, poet and seer, with eye undimmed, in his 83rd years, sings unafraid:

"Sunset and evening star
And one clear call for me!
And may there be no moaning of the
bar,
When I put out to sea,
"But such a tide as flowing seems
asleep ,
Too full for sound and foam,
When that which drew from out the
boundless deep
Turns again home.
"Twilight and evening bell,
And after that the dark!
And may there be no sadness of farewell,
When I embark;
For though from out our bourne of
Time and Place
The flood may bear me far,
hope to see my Pilot face to face,
When I have crossed the bar!"

Nations preserve their identity hrough the lapse of centuries. But what living man of England or Amerca was a witness of the conflict of 776 or of 1812? The fathers gave place to their sons, a younger race of men. But it is still England and we are America, only we both are greater now and are friends. Prattling childood, lusty youth, strong prime of man, at last give place to tottering age, which lies down to sleep a long good-night. But the man is the same at the grave as at birth—only the citizenship of his personally commonwealth dies and is born momentarily, as if they were men in a nation.

Our peregrinations are ended. The parallel which I have attempted to draw seems to me entirely reasonable, and so I speak of public sentiment in the individual. All our civilization and social betterment is the outcome of public sentiment, the fruitagle of education, the inspiration of environment, of continued, confident suggestion, of better thought. All our healing of men, the joyous rosy thing which we call health, is no less the opeful sense, the public sentiment of he commonwealth of the individual, nspired by foods, drugs and suggestion.

"Faith is the substance of things hoped for." "There is nothing either good or bad but thinking makes it so." "Finally, brethren," said the great Apostle who found sweetness and light in every peril, "whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just; whatsoever things are pure; whatsoever things are lovely; whatsoever things are of good report; if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things."

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Mexico City, July 3.—The members of the American colony in Mexico expect to have the biggest Fourth of July celebration here this year that they have ever enjoyed. Special efforts to make it a greater success than ever before are being put forth because it is the year when the Mexican nation will celebrate her 100th anniversary of independence. True that celebration is to be held in September, two months later, but the Americans want Mexico to feel that they are in such hearty accord with the native "fiestas" that they will make special efforts that their own ontshine anything heretofore attempted.

Near the famous Chapultepec castle, the Summer home of President Diaz, the "White House of Mexico," the celebration of the Americans will take place. Amusements for children, just like those in the United States, will be provided. It is expected that President Diaz will attend, as is his usual custom on like occasions in years gone by. If so, there will be a Presidential breakfast. Last year the chief executive took a keen interest in the Fourth of July festivities. It was then that he witnessed for the first ime a Marathon race, which, by the way, was won by a Mexican youth.

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S.S.S.

CURES SKIN DISEASES

In this article we want to explain to you the cause of skin diseases, and also offer suggestions, founded on reason and experience, which will enable you to cure yourself if you are afflicted with any of the various forms of this trouble.

The skin receives its necessary nourishment from the blood. Every pore is kept open and every gland kept healthy by continually feeding on the nutritious properties which are distributed throughout the system by a pure, rich blood supply. As long as this normal condition exists the cuticle will be soft, smooth, and free from eruptions; when however the circulation is contaminated with humors and impurities its supply of nutritive properties is diminished, and it becomes a sharp, acrid fluid which diseases instead of preserves the natural health and texture of the skin.

Lying just beneath the outer covering or tissue-skin is a sensitive membranous flesh which surrounds and protects the tiny veins, pores and glands. It is here the impurities of the blood are deposited, and the acrid matter causes irritation and inflammation which splits or breaks the thin, tissue-like cuticle, and the result is outwardly manifested in Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, or some other disfiguring or annoying eruptive disease.

It can readily be seen that since Skin Diseases are the result of bad blood, there can be but one way to cure them—purify the blood. Salves, washes, lotions, etc., are not able to do so, because they do not reach the blood. Such treatment is of no value except for its ability to temporarily relieve itching and assist in keeping the skin clean.

S. S. S. cures Skin Diseases of every kind by neutralizing the acids and removing all humors from the blood. S. S. S. cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to its normal strength and thickness, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated and inflamed by sour impurities, is nourished, soothed and softened by this cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and therein lies its ability to cure skin diseases. The trouble cannot remain when the cause has been removed, and S. S. S. will certainly remove the cause. It cures Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, pimples, boils, blackheads, etc., and all eruptions of the skin. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

For six years I was severely troubled with a bad skin disease, located principally on the shins. The trouble would appear in the form of small yellow blisters, characterized by very severe itching, etc. I tried sarsaparillas, so-called blood purifiers, salves, ointments, lotions and treatment under a physician, but nothing did me any good. Becoming discouraged I left off all this treatment, and just about this time I saw S. S. S. advertised. One day I decided to give this medicine a trial, and after using it for a short while I began to improve. Of course I continued S. S. S. and it cured me completely. Quite a while has elapsed since I was cured and there has never been the slightest indication of the return of the trouble.

G. C. RECK.
404 Freedom St., Alliance Ohio.

I had a bad case of Eczema, it being especially severe on my right hand. I was hardly able to use my hand in my work. I tried a great many things in an effort to get relief, but was unable to do so until I read of S. S. S. and determined to give it a trial. I used several bottles of this remedy and it cured the trouble entirely. S. S. S. put my blood in fine condition and left my skin soft and smooth. Though this was some time ago there has been no return of the trouble. CHAS. J. WOLF, JR.
904 S. Second St., St. Louis, Mo.

For four years I suffered severely with Weeping Eczema, located chiefly on the hands, both inside and out, and extended as far up as the wrists. I was under treatment most all the time, but could get no relief. One or two of my physicians said it was as bad a case of Eczema as they ever saw. I lost my finger nails once or twice as a result of the disease, and the itching, burning and pain I experienced I cannot express to you in words. I kept my hands bandaged all the while, but with only little relief. As I said, becoming discouraged, I gave up all treatment I was taking, and seeing S. S. S. advertised began it as a last resort. A few bottles convinced me that it was doing me good and I continued it, and in a short while I was entirely cured.

MRS. CLARA HAMBRIGHT.
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Some Recent Activities in the Great American Financial District

Wall Street's New Way of Trapping Financial Deceivers

"Thou Shalt Not Lie Nor Bear False Witness Against Thy Neighbor."

By FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

RECENT cataclysms in the financial district of New York like the Rock Island pool and the Hocking Valley eruption have served to shed interesting light upon one of the extraordinary means employed nowadays by prominent men in the street to protect themselves from the misrepresentations of unprincipled men with whom they do business from time to time.

In the investigation of the circumstances leading to the formation of the Hocking Valley pool and its conduct by its constituent members the question of veracity between the principal gentlemen involved has been rather sharply drawn. This is the invariable rule when the sudden withdrawal of the props from under a house of cards, reared to filch unearned profits from the market, precipitates a crash.

When this occurs the public usually is treated to the inspiring spectacle of having its distinguished citizens regaling each other with such commonplace epithets as "He's a liar; I never told him any such thing."

It is obvious that one of the financiers is all that he is called, since both men cannot be telling the truth.

James R. Keene, who for a quarter of a century has borne with undisturbed equipoise the sobriquet of "the old gray fox" of the street, resents the imputation of several of those bankers and brokers who went down in the Hocking Valley crash that he had doubled on his trail and deserted them at a time when he was supposed to be supporting the pool in the market.

Two big houses with assets of several millions each, unable to withstand the strain upon their resources when a mysterious raid was made on Hocking Valley in the open market, had to lay down their cards and capitulate to their creditors with a confession that the game they were playing had been too stiff for them.

Every failure to execute its contracts in the street is usually ascribed by members of the involved house to two fundamental causes:

First.—That some ally in a special pool designed to boost or lower prices had sold them out by throwing upon the market at a critical moment blocks of stock in which they were trading in sufficient amount to precipitate a panic for the purpose of wiping out the marginal accounts of his associates in the pool or by inundating brokers with buying orders in such quantity as to inflate prices when the pool is organized to bear the market.

Second.—A partner in whom there was absolute trust has been found to have pledged the firm's credit in disastrous private speculation, pulling down the pillars of the house, built up perhaps with great care and the expenditure of much effort, upon the heads of himself and his guileless copartners.

The second explanation, while hardly condonable according to the ethics of Wall street, is not so reprehensible an offense as the first.

Two different pools were formed in Hocking Valley. The first, by agreement, was closed out with a handsome profit after several months' successful manipulation of the market. Mr. Keene acknowledges that he was a party to this pool, in which, by the way, he says he carried accounts for a number of his office clerks and some poor acquaintances.

Respecting the second pool, he is emphatic in his repudiation of any interest in it. Whether he was or was not interested is neither here nor there for the purpose of this story. Suffice it for me to enumerate certain features of the Hocking Valley fiasco that tend to reveal a wide divergence of opinion upon a subject involving the veracity of certain eminent financiers, upon which subject there can be no middle ground.

One of the parties to this case, unknown to his pool associates and clients, had a little device on his desk known in every day commerce as a dictograph. This delicately adjusted little instrument, which has the virtue of magnifying sound eight, ten, twelve octaves, was connected by an unseen wire to an adjoining office. In this office was a stenographer. The faintest pressure of a button on the side of the financier's desk brought her to instant attention. Pencil in hand, notebook in front of her and a receiver adjusted to her ear, she took down every word that passed between employer and visitor. All callers were treated alike. When they left, unconscious that an unseen ear was playing eavesdropper to all that transpired vocally in the office, an irrefutable record of it for such future needs as occasion might warrant was in the possession of the financier.

This was accomplished without exciting the least suspicion on the part of the visitor. Concealed in the silver filigree of a clock that innocently stood upon the center of the financier's desk was a dictograph transmitter.

Fully five feet away from the financier and his visitor, yet every whisper—conversation was, generally in ordinary speaking tone—was clearly audible in the adjoining room!

The drama, starting thus auspiciously, moves to a climax that quickens and thrills as it progresses.

John Brown, banker and promoter, some weeks later dissents from a statement imputed to him by High Jinks, financier and capitalist. Conditions have changed since the visit of Mr. Brown. Then he was full of enthusiasm, verbose, perhaps indiscreet. Matters about which they talked have developed a new phase, assumed a turn altogether dissonant with his previous views. How will he explain? He can't explain. It's easier to lie out of it. One man's word is as good as another's, isn't it? There were only two present when the conversation took place. Why won't his word be accepted as readily as the word of Jinks? Of course it will. But—

Jinks laughs. "Call me a liar, will he? The old rat. Try to crawl into a hole and make a laughingstock of me in the street, will he? I'll just show him that he's not as smart as he thinks he is."

A button is pressed, and a smart young woman enters. "Miss Ethel, please bring in a transcript of Mr. Brown's conversation with me the other day."

The telltale book looks ominous enough to be a prison record. Jinks reads aloud from the book:

"Mr. Brown—You can count upon my support to the extent of $1,000,000 individually. Besides, I will also guarantee to provide $5,000,000 additional outside capital in thirty days and another $5,000,000 in sixty days. I think my offer is very fair, and I am ready to proceed with its fulfillment at once if you will accept it."

But why forecast that which shall soon be known to all men? Will a jury keyed up to the wonderful achievements of American genius credit the story of the girl and the notebook? Will they ask to be shown this wonderful little instrument that enables men so disposed to keep faithful and secret record in the exact vernacular employed of such conversations as take place in their office? Of this, if they so elect, they can have visual proof. Of its efficacy for the purpose described and for countless other purposes there is abundant evidence on hand.

For verily this is an age of universal espionage. Forsooth, even the federal government must needs be wary of the sophistries and caprices of its unstable sons who would impose upon it. What modern or ancient sage is it that has said it is easier to catch a hundred thieves than one liar? Lombroso, Nestor of criminologists, in one of his critical writings says that the penchant to deceive one's neighbor indicates an abnormality strikingly analogous to the psychic impulse that impels men to the pursuit of criminal adventure and the vicissitudes to which its disciples are heir.

Financiers of high and low estate who would have confidential relations with the secretary of the treasury nowadays must be circumspect of speech lest what they say become a back draft and envelop them in the wickedness of their own deception.

Men of guile seeking the indulgence and co-operation of the treasury in financial matters are now no longer secure in repudiating in public what they say there en camera. In like manner is the embargo upon those who would defile the god of truth maintained in the office of the assistant secretary of the treasury.

And as in the treasury so is it in the department of justice, presided over by the aggressive Wickersham, and in the office of the United States secret service, where the argus eyed Wilkie works out his plans for cutting short the activities of those who transgress against the laws of the nation.

Visitors pass in and out of these departments every day whose every word is subject to instant recall should occasion ever make its production necessary.

In the secret service bureau and in the department of justice much that is of great value to the government is surreptitiously garnered from callers without the fact obtruding itself upon them, so noiselessly is it done.

No one knows outside of Chief Wilkie and one or two of his trusted assistants where the transmitter of the useful little instrument is located. Some say it is concealed in the wall paper of the main reception room for witnesses, others that it is hidden behind one of the pictures on the wall. Wherever it is, it performs for the secret service of the United States a service that is regarded nowadays as indispensable.

The big building at 26 Broadway, New York city, which houses the most powerful corporation in the world—Standard Oil—has more ears than it has windows or doors—highly sensitized ears that do not offend the vision by making their presence felt as you stroll through the maze of offices, wherein most of the great financial deals that thrill the country are incubated and wrought for the glory of God and the enrichment of its promoters.

"When in doubt tell the truth."

How often have you seen this sign in the office of the corporation head and bank president?

Epigrams of this sort breathe the philosophy of yesterday. The philosophy of today enjoins you to tell the truth at all times, for the wanderlust of the liar is sure to enmesh him in its toils.

Standard Oil wants its clients to be frank with it. Once it puts its imprimatur upon a proposition it expects that the representations upon which its decision is made shall be lived up to. Horse traders, panhandlers and men of their ilk who try to work the thimblerigging shell game upon the financial world are sure to find their path strewn with thorns in the big building, for if there is one type which it eschews more than any other it is the brand of man that is forever vacillating and sidestepping when it comes time to step up to the chalk line and make good.

Most of the big deals in which the Standard Oil group is financially interested are cleared through the National City bank, in Wall street, which is known in the street as the Standard Oil bank. This institution has assets of $150,000,000 and is the strongest banking establishment on this continent.

Every department of the bank, which occupies the old United States custom house, covering an entire square block, is equipped with one of these eavesdropping machines ready for every emergency. Transactions involving hundreds of millions a year are disposed of in this institution. To err is human. Sometimes deals of great magnitude lead to sincere difference of opinion respecting conditions agreed upon by the parties thereto. Sometimes men—financial mountebanks who live by their wits, morally insolvent savants of the money mart—essay to wrest an unfair advantage from those with whom they are dealing. The bank acts as arbiter. Records rarely deflect the truth. Here they are scrupulously exact. Equities are conserved and justice prevails. Taking their cue from the Standard Oil, other corporations dominating worldwide fields of industrial energy, like the Westinghouse factories in Pittsburg and the Cramp shipbuilding yards in Philadelphia, have installed the instrument throughout their establishments as an everyday adjunct of their business. All have been inoculated.

Even many ordinary business men now use it to protect themselves from unscrupulous salesmen and other buccaneers that prey upon the unwary. It obviates the fuss and trouble of sending for your stenographer when you want her. A monitor to keep note in the silence of her room of the creamy, shallow pretense of men that trifle with the truth, Miss Ethel no longer needs to pirouette into her employer's office. Now he dictates his letters to her through the little instrument, seated at a desk in the undisturbed repose of his office.

Its adaptability to this detail of commercial life has long since been recognized by thousands of busy men who find it helps them dispose of their correspondence with expedition.

Governor Deneen of Illinois has it in his executive office at Springfield, as has Governor Eberhart of Minnesota in the state capitol at St. Paul.

Corporation agents and lobbyists who would court the future favor of the chief executives of these sovereign states will be heedful of their words, for undue license of speech in the privacy of an executive chamber when exposed to the withering light of day is sure to be its own undoing.

In the new $2,000,000 headquarters of the New York police department at Grand and Center streets this telltale instrument plays an important role in the everyday tragedies that are part of the life of the metropolis. Murderers, highwaymen, burglars and petty thieves cross the threshold of the ominous looking granite building every minute of the day and night and never dream that the walls about them are porous, like unto a sponge, through which filters that which is bidden and that which is unbidden, even unto the veriest little confidence that may pass between pals in trouble in the supposed retirement of their gloom ridden steel cages.

In the near future it is to be installed between the executive office in the White House and congress. President Taft then will be able to keep his eye on Uncle Joe and the bellicose insurgents and know when to put the squeeze upon them.

As a means of maintaining espionage upon animals the dictograph has been largely utilized of late in the thicket and jungle by scientific men in quest of authoritive information anent the lingo of beasts in their native lair.

Bwano Tumbo thought it was just bully. He didn't take it to Africa on his jungle trek, but W. W. Boyce of Chicago, who returned from there last month with wonderful tales of the uses to which he applied it, took two of them.

Boyce and members of his expedition used it in connection with their observation of the actions of the wild beasts when at large in their native heath. Two dictograph receivers were placed in the limb of a bush six feet above the ground in the heart of the jungle. Wires attached to them stretched away through the thick ground growth to a camp one mile distant. Beneath the receivers the carcass of a dead 300 pound antelope was placed as a bait to the predatory beasts that infest the section. Soon footsteps were heard, apparently in the distance. Gradually they came closer until it seemed as if they were right in front of the instruments. First on the scene were the jackals. Apparently there were two of them, and they soon began to quarrel over the provender. Their yells attracted other animals—larger ones apparently—they in turn drove the jackals away. For more than an hour the members of the party took turns listening to the strange intonations wafted to them over the wire.

Espionage upon opera singers, not of the offensive kind about which they are keenly sensitive, is a new phase of operatic management that has been attended with interesting developments during the past season at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York.

"Is Caruso in good voice tonight?" "How is Gadski singing that aria this evening?"

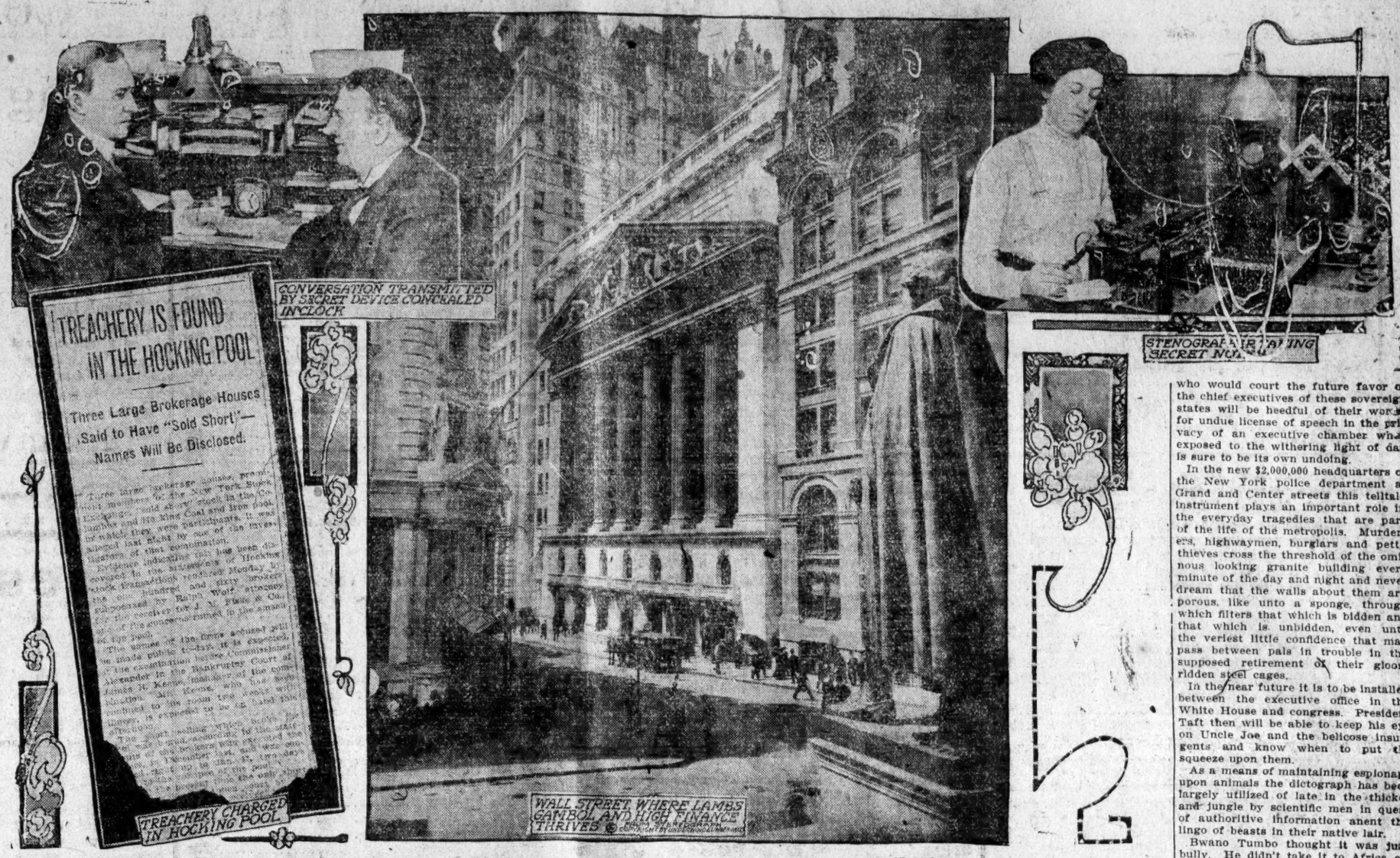
Gatti-Casazzi, musical director of the Metropolitan, is asked the question by Andreas Dippal, business manager, in his office on the Thirty-ninth street side of the big building.

Gatti-Casazzi looks surprised. A switch at the side of the business manager's desk is turned on. From a horn that pokes its nose from a corner of the room a stream of delicious music, pregnant with the golden notes of the world's greatest song birds, issues. Caruso is singing in "Pagliacci." Every voice in the richly furnished office is hushed. Manager and director stand in silence, eyes glued to the wall, ears attuned and nerves on edge, enchanted, spellbound.

"Bravo, Enrique!" shout both men as Caruso ends his solo with an eloquent peroration that lifts the audience in the big auditorium to its feet in a wild burst of enthusiasm.

In the financial district of New York it is now impossible to tell if the office you are visiting is or is not equipped with a dictograph. The fact that it is, old financiers say, has a tendency to enforce upon visitors a greater appreciation of the value of restricting their conversation to statements to which they can afterward subscribe.

If it makes apostles of the truth out of disciples of mammon prone to lie through a sense of fear that the truth will out, say the great gargoyles of the financial temple, the instrument will have accomplished a moral mission more complete than that achieved by many erstwhile preachers.


TREACHERY IS FOUND IN THE HOCKING POOL
Three Large Brokerage Houses Said to Have "Sold Short"—Names Will Be Disclosed.
TREACHERY CHARGED IN HOCKING POOL
CONVERSATION TRANSMITTED BY SECRET DEVICE CONCEALED IN CLOCK
WALL STREET WHERE LAMBS GAMBOL AND HIGH FINANCE THRIVES
STENOGRAPHER TAKING SECRET NOTE

THE SPIDER AND THE FLY—TRAPPING A FINANCIAL DECEIVER.

"THE COLONEL," Rough and Gentle Rider

"THE COLONEL" some day may be the title of a dramatic thriller for American youth.

If written according to the old time melodramatic requirements—now said to be pretty much out of date since the moving picture show descended upon the public 10,000 strong—the play will demand a stage floor built of extra stout planking. Across the boards must dash the rough rider steed of the colonel as it is supposed popularly to have dashed across the Cuban hills when Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt cavorted there with the horseless rough riders of '98. More ponderous, but of slower movement, the humpbacked camel of the Egyptian sands, ridden but recently by the colonel in the land of Cheops and the sphinx, will stalk across the stage with swaying strides. There must be khaki uniforms and pith helmets, hunting paraphernalia, lions, tigers, hippos, what not, in the stage "properties" of the spectacular production.

When President Roosevelt visited the Yazoo delta region in Mississippi some years ago for his famous bear hunt—famous chiefly because there was much hunting and mighty little bear meat—somebody in the party asked him:

"What shall we call you in camp, Mr. President?"

"Just call me colonel," said the president.

The negro bear hunter who was the real head of that expedition chuckled and declared "de cunnel was a pow'ful fine gemman."

Ever since his retirement from the presidency Mr. Roosevelt has been called by common and universal acceptance merely Colonel Roosevelt. He was "the colonel" to his associates in the Afric jungles. He is the colonel now in the dispatches from Europe.

Sale Starts July 5th.
Ends July 16th.

The C. W. Polvogt Company

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Bargains as Never Before Offered.

DEPARTMENT MANAGERS CLEAN-UP SALE

This sale by our department managers is to take the place of our annual inventory sale, which we hold every July. We have given all our department managers the privilege to make their own prices on the merchandise throughout their respective departments—prices that will clean up their stock before our annual inventory. We promise there will be nothing but bargains advertised for this event. It will be an old fashion bargain sale. Each advertisement written by the department manager.

Sale July 5th to 16th.

Respectfully,
THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY.

Our Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

This is your chance to buy ready-to-wear goods greatly reduced. Mrs. Mary Yopp, Manager.

$1.25 Ladies' Lingerie Waist, each 95c
$1.50 Ladies' Lingerie Waist, each $1.20
$2.98 Ladies Lingerie Waist, handsomely trimmed with lace and embroidery, Clear up sale ... $1.98
$3.50 Ladies Lingerie Waist, trimmed with lace and embroidery, each $2.48
Ladies' Lawn Dress, neat figure, this sale $1.48
Ladies Lawn Dress, neat figure, this sale $2.88
$3.00 Ladies' one-piece Linen Dress $1.98
$4.00 Ladies one-piece Linen Dress $2.98
Ladies' Linen Coat Suits, the latest styles, $6.00 value, Clean Up sale $3.98
Ladies' Linen Coat Suits, braided, $17.50 value for $13.50
$20.00 Linen Suits, this sale $16.75
One lot ladies' walking Skirts, value up to $7.00 .. $4.48

Many other items on sale in this department during our Clean Up sale.

To reduce stock before inventory, great clean-up reductions are made in our Silks and Dress Goods Department. Mr. A. L. Price, Manager.

Big reductions in black and colored Dress Goods, all 50c colored dress goods, clean-up sale, yard .. 43c
Special low prices on silks, your choice of our 85c Foulard Silk, for this clean-up sale, yard ... 59c
75c Foulard Silks, the yard 50c
36-inch Foulard Silks, clean-up sale 79c
27-inch 50c Tussah Silks, all shades, special for Clean-up sale, only, the yard 35c
36-inch black "warranted" Taffeta Chiffon finish, Clean-up sale price, per yard 92c
36-inch Auto-Pongee Silk, value $1.50, this sale ... $1.09
27-inch Japonika Silk, fancy and plain colors, Clean-up sale price, per yard 25c
$1.00 Messaline Silk in evening shades, the yard ... 50c
36-inch black and color Messaline, value $1.50, this sale, the yard $1.10

Stock in our Ladies' Underwear and Embroidery Department is always worth full value, but to be in unison with other departments, very low prices are put on everything in this department in charge of Miss Woodcock.

Muslin Underwear at special low prices.

$1.25 Ladies' Gowns, embroidery and lace trimmed 87c
$1.00 Ladies' Gowns, embroidery and lace trimmed 68c
$1.75 and $2.00 Gowns, embroidery and lace trimmed, this sale $1.39
$2.00 and $2.25 Gowns, embroidery and lace trimmed, this sale $1.69
$1.75 Ladies Underskirts, embroidery trimmed .. $1.39
$2.00 Ladies' Underskirts, embroidery trimmed .. $1.69
$3.00 Ladies Underskirts, embroidery trimmed .. $2.39
35c Ladies' Corset Cover, neatly trimmed 25c
50c Ladies' Corset Cover, neatly trimmed 39c
65c and 75c Ladies' Corset Covers, neatly trimmed 45c
$1.25 Ladies' Chemise, lace and embroidery trimmed, this sale 88c
5,000 yards Embroidery, Edge and Insertion, value up to 25c, the yard 8c

All of our embroidery flouncing at greatly reduced prices.

Great Reductions in Carpet Department

MR. E. W. FONVEILLE, Manager.

18c and 20c Creton 12 1-2c
15c Silkoline, all colors 9c
40c Fiber Matting, not laid, per yard 25c
35c China Matting, not laid, per yard 27c
30c China Matting, not laid, per yard 21c
75c Matting Rugs, size 3x6 feet, each 59c
$9.00 Grass Rugs, size 9x12 ..... $7.25
$18.00 Velvet Rugs, size 9x12 ..... $14.50
$25.00 Axminster Rugs, 9x12 ..... $19.75
$30.00 Axminster Rugs, 9x12 ..... $22.50

Small rugs all reduced in proportion.

$35.00 Smyrna Rugs, 9x12 ..... $27.50
$27.50 Smyrna Rugs, 9x12 ..... $21.50
$1.50 Axminster Carpet, per yard $1.19
$1.25 Velvet Carpet, in room, hall of stair $1.05
$1.00 Brussells Carpet, in room, hall or stair, yard .. 80c

The above prices on Carpets include making and laying. Buy now and have them laid in the Fall.

Attractive Features in the Millinery Dep't

For this occasion note the very attractive prices in force in our always attractive Millinery Department, in charge of Miss Lottie Haar.

One lot of Flowers, worth $1.50 and $1.25 a bunch, to be closed out during this Clean-up sale for only, a bunch 25c

All trimmed hats to be sold to clean up for one-half price.

$25.00 Trimmed Hats, Clean-up sale price $12.50
$20.00 Trimmed Hats, Clean-up sale price $10.00
$15.00 Trimmed Hats, Clean-up sale price $7.50
$10.00 Trimmed Hats, Clean-up sale price $5.00
$8.00 Trimmed Hats, Clean-up sale price $4.00
$5.00 Trimmed Hats, clean-up sale price $2.50

Every item in our Millinery Department will be greatly reduced during this great Clean-up sale. Come early.

Here Are Wash Goods in Splendid Array

Clean-up sale specials from our Wash Goods Department under Mr. Jno. Wannamaker.

32-inch Wm. Anderson Shirting Madras, 15c quality, this sale 12c
44-inch Col. Bordered Chambray, all colors, value 35c, this sale 19c
27-inch Col. Bordered Chambray, value 15c this sale 9c
Your choice of any of our 25c, 30c and 35c Wash Goods, all colors and very handsome patterns this sale, the yard 19c
12 1-2c colored Galatea, 40 pieces to select from, this sale, the yard 8 1-2c
25c Wm. Anderson Scotch Ginghams, the best yet, good the year round, for ladies' and children's dresses, the yard 19c
15c colored Linene, 36 inches wide, Managers' sale 11c
20c 36-inch French Crash, fast colors 14c
32-inch Wm. Anderson Zephyr, all fast colors, value 18c, Clean-up sale, the yard 13 1-2c
$6.00 Sole Leather Suit Case, with strap all around. Clean-up sale $4.87
$2.00 Matting Suit Case, Clean-up price $1.35

The Linen and White Goods Department

in charge of Mr. H. V. Jenkins.

10 yds 11c Bleaching for 75c—only 10 yds to one customer.
15c Persian Lawn—good quality 11c
44 inch French Lawn, 20c quality 12c
44 inch French Lawn, 25c quality 17c
40 inch Killarney Linen, worth 18c. This sale 12c
36 inch White Linen for suits and skirts 12c
32 inch Fancy Scotch Zephyr, value 20c ..... 19c yard.

SPECIAL PRICES ON BED AND TABLE LINEN.

16 2-3c. Good quality Pillow Cases 12 1-2c
25c Mohawk Pillow Cases 20c
30c Hemstiched Mohawk Pillow cases 24c
12 1-2c Turkish Towels 9c
25c Turkish Towels 20c
35c Large size Turkish Towels 27c
15c Huck Towels 11c
35c all Linen Huck Towels 25c
72x90 Sheets, good quality 65c value 48c
81x90 Mohawk sheets, sells for 90c, this sale 79c
90x90 Mohawk sheets, sells for $1.00, this sale 88c

BED SPREADS GREATLY REDUCED.

$1.25 full size Bed Spread. This sale 97c
All other spreads 15 per cent. off regular price.
Unheard of Values in Table Linen.
65c good quality Table Linen 48c
$1.00 Satin Damasks 72 inch wide 85c
$1.25 Satin Damask, 72 inch wide 79c
15 per cent off on all napkins.

Prices to close out stock are put on everything in our Gents' Furnishing Department, under Mr. C. Wessell.

We will offer our regular $1.20 Umbrella for ... 89c
Your pick of our $1.75 Umbrellas for $1.39
The latest novelty in Ladies' colored Umbrellas, 26-inch, in all colors, fancy and plain, value $5.00, this sale $2.97
20 per cent. reduction on any light Parasol, prices from ..... $1.00 to $5.00

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

This department is to be discontinued by us and the remaining stock must go during our Managers' Sale.

Gents' Scriven Drawers 50c
Gents' Elastic Seam Drawers 35c
Gents' Balbriggan 33c
Gents' 50c Negligee Shirts 35c
Gents' 50c Underwear 33c
Gents 15c 1-2 Hose 10c
Gents' 25c 1-2 Hose 20c
Gents' 50c 1-2 Hose 38c
Gents' 25c Neckwear 19c
Gents' 50c Neckwear 35c
Gents' All Linen 25c Handkerchiefs 20c
Gents' all Linen 20c Handkerchiefs 15c
Gents' Wash Neckties 7c

Great reductions will be made in the Corset Department for ten days. Stock must be reduced before inventory. Miss Fick in charge.

We will place on sale one lot W. B. and Kabo Corsets at greatly reduced prices. This is all good clean stock, but want to clean up before inventory. Prices range $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00, all must go at one price of $1.48
50c Corsets, during clean-up sale, each 25c
One assortment heavy Cluny Lace, per yard 7c
8c and 10c Valaee Lace, clean-up sale, 12 yards 25c
5,000 yards Linen Torchon Lace, value 10c ayard to clean up before inventory, per yard 4c
Nazareth Waist for children, 25c kind, sizes 2 to 12 years, Managers' sale, each 19c

Ribbons and Hosiery Greatly Reduced

Ribbon and Hosiery are seldom reduced, but will make big cuts for this 10-day sale. Miss Brock, Manager.

Good quality ladies' black and silk Hose, regular price $1.50 and $1.25, Managers' sale 89c
All Silk Hose, black only, per pair 59c
Good quality Silk Lisle Hose, black and colors, per pair 44c
35c Silk Lisle fancy Socks for children, Managers' sale, per pair 25c
Children's fancy Socks, good quality, per pair .. 12 1-2c
35c and 40c Ribbons, assorted colors, for this 10-day sale, 6 inches wide, per yard 23c
Ladies' linen embroidered Collars, all sizes, Managers' sale, each 10c
Ladies' Dutch Collars ..... 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c
35c Jabot, assorted styles, 35c kind, this sale 25c
Ladies' 25c linen Collars 21c

Full line of fancy Ribbons for beach wear.

Notions, Notions, Nothing but Notions

To reduce stock before taking inventory, sweeping reductions are on in our Notion Department in charge of Miss S. P. Boney.

Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, nice sheer lawn, our regular 15c quality, Managers' sale each 11c
10c Ladies' hemstitched plain lawn Handkerchiefs, Managers' sale, each 4c

Ladies' Hand Bags greatly reduced.

$1.25 Hand Bags, leather, Mofie lined 97c
$1.50 Hand Bags, leather, leather lined $1.22
$2.50 Hand Bags, leather, leather lined $1.97
Ladies' Wash Belts, good assortment to select from, 25c kind for 19c
Ladies Wash Belts, good assortment to select from, 50c kind 39c
Large assortment of Pictures, black and gilt frames, value 15c, Managers' sale 8c
25c size, Managers' sale price 15c

Full line Hudnut's Perfumery.

Values in the Fancy Goods Department

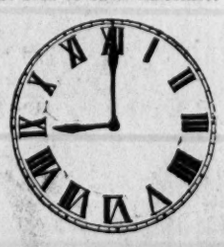
Having quite a stock of merchandise on hand great reductions will be made in Fancy Goods Department for ten days, Miss Bornemann, manager.

200 boxes double tourist Ruching, managers' sale per box 19c
25c Cord Ruching, six pieces to box, this sale, box .. 18c
Cord Ruching, three pieces to box, per box 12c
Large size hemstitched center Pieces and Scarfs, to clean up during this sale, each 22c
Hand-made Crochet Table Mats, all sizes from .. 10c up
Handsomely embroidered Scarfs and Table Covers, special for Managers' sale, each 50c
50c Drawn Work Scarfs 41c
One lot children's ribbed vests, low neck and no sleeves, to clean up, each 8c

Full line of bathing Suits, Caps and Shoes to select from, all prices.

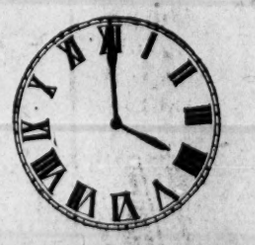
Hour Sales - Great Bargain Event

Tuesday, July 5th, for one hour, from 9 to 10 o'clock, we will sell $5.00 black and colored heavy Taffeta Silk Underskirts for $2.88
Only one sold to each customer.



Wednesday, July 6th, for one hour, from 9 to 10 o'clock, we will put on sale one lot of 75c and $1.00 Silks, light and dark colors, for Summer dresses, for one hour only, the yard 34c
Great bargains, every yard.

Thursday, July 7th, for one hour, from 4 to 5 o'clock—10c Zephyr Ginghams in plaid, checks and stripes, all fast color, the yard only 6c
15c colored Linene, 36-inches wide, yard .. 9c



Friday, July 8th, for one hour, from 4 to 5 o'clock—A regular $3.00 colored Linen one-piece Dress, nicely braided in white, natural, pink, blue and helio price for one hour $1.48

Saturday, July 9th, for one hour, from 11 to 12 o'clock—10c can Wilbert's Talcum Powder for 5c
Limit three to each customer.
25c 1-lb. can Wilbert's Talcum Powder, two cans to a customer, per can 12 1-2c

Monday, July 11th, for one hour, from 11 to 12 o'clock—A regular $2.00 Matting and Fiber Suit Case, the thing for the beach, one hour only 1.12
One to a customer.
All straw Grips for this hour only, exactly one-half price.

Tuesday, July 12th, for one hour, from 3 to 4 o'clock—Ladies $1.00 and $1.25 pure silk Hose in black and colors, for one hour only, per pair 69c
Limit two pair to each customer.

Wednesday, July 13th, for one hour, from 3 to 4 o'clock—Good quality 30x60-inch Smyrna Rugs, best bargain in Rugs ever offered, for this hour only 75c
Two to a customer.
Second floor, take elevator.

Thursday, July 14th, from 10 to 11 o'clock—We will place on sale our $2.98, $3.50 and $4.00 Ladies Lingerie Shirt Waists, exactly at half price. These waists are made of fine Mercerized Batiste, lace and embroidery trimmed. Two to a customer.

Friday, July 15th, from 10 to 11 o'clock—One lot Embroidery Flouncing, worth $2.00 and $2.50 a pard, this hour only, per yard $1.29
These prices are less than cost.

We will offer all Straw Grips greatly reduced.
$1.25 for 98c. $1.00 for 79c
.75 for 59c. .50 for 38c

Sale July 5th to 16th

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Everything a Bargain

This is the Traveling Season. 10% reduction on all Trunks. Prices from $3.00 to $75.00. All trunks marked free of charge.